THE WEATHER.

Fair and warmer Wednesd:y. Thursday fair.

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ONE SECTION

VOL. XCVII--NO. 144 WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 16, 1916 WHOLE NUMBER 39,505

GERMANS SMASH INTO BRITISH FRONT LINE TRENCHES AT YPRES

Majority of Defenders of 600 to 800 Yards of Front Reported Killed.

FIERCE BATTLE IN WEST

Considerable Renewal of Activity on Russian Front Around Dvinsk.

Italians Still Trying to Retake Lost Positions.

Switching their offensive from the Artois and Champagne regions in France to the Belgian sector around Ypres, held by the British, the Germans have smashed their way by an artillery bombardment and infantry attacks into a British front line trench over a distance of between 600 and 800 yards. Berlin gives the distance as 800 yards and the British official communication, in admitting the gain, asserts that it was on a front of about 600 yards.

Berlin says that a majority of the defenders of the trench were killed and that one officer and several dozens of soldiers were taken prisoners.

Situation Elsewhere

In the Artois region between Lens and Bethune, the crater of a mine blown up by the Germans was occupied by them, while the French guns have been busy shelling German organizations in the neighborhood of the road to Lille. The French also bombarded German positions north of Vic Sur Aisne and to the northeast of Soissons and in the Argonne expleded a mine and occupied the crater.

In Champagne, Berlin asserts, French infantry, attempts to regain lost positions north of Tahure were repulsed, as likewise was a similar attack in the Vosges, near Ober-Sept.

There has been considerable renewal of activity on the Russian front around Dvinsk, to the south of the Pripet river and along the upper and middle Stripa river, but no important changes have occurred.

The Italians are still using their guns and infantry in attempts to retake from the Austro-Hungarians the positions recently captured on Monte Rombon, but all attempts have been repulsed with heavy losses, according to Vienna. Both sides of Sisera, occupied by the Austrians, and and positions in the Seebach valley and on the Austrian front between the Fella valley and Viesh mountain also have been heavily bombarded by the Italians.

The Russians are still on the offensive against the Turks in the Caucasus region, but Constantinople reports their attacks have been halted by counter attacks. In Mesopotamia the situation around Kut El Amara and Felahie, where the British are operating against the Turks, is unchanged.

At the re-opening of the British parliament, both Premier Asquith and Secretary for War Kitchener made speeches in which they reviewed the situation and expressed confidence in ultimate victory for the Entente Allies.

Premier Asquith informed the house of commons that the government was taking stock of all its munitions, men, finance and industrial reserves, so as to be in a position to put forth its maximum strength. He intimated that another credit of large amount would be asked for at an early date and announced that a general conference of the Entente Allies is to be held in Paris at which all the strategical and political aspects of the war will be considered.

The German reply, accepting one of the two changes suggested by Secretary of State Lansing, with respect to the Lusitania controversy, but proposing a new wording for the other, has been forwarded to Washington.

Berlin Announcement.

Berlin, via London, Feb. 15.—British positions over a front of 800 yards near Ypres, Belgium, have been captured by the Germans, the war office announced today.

EDUCATION OF LATIN-AMERICAN WOMEN IS URGED BY BISHOP

In Address to Congress on Religious Work, at Panama.

Panama, Feb. 15.—The education of Latin-American women and the distribution among them of proper literature was declared by Bishop Kinsolving, of Bravil, at the session of the Congress on Religious Work in Latin-America tonight as the most important work the commissioners in Central and South America could undertake. The bishop's remarks came at the close of the discussion of the report of the committee on literature, which was delivered to the congress during the session.

The bishop declared that the greatest force for peace in Europe would come from the women of England, France and the Central Empires. When they rose in might their demands must be heeded. Should their demand for peace remain unheard, the bishop concluded, there would be a development of feminism such as otherwise never would have been seen.

MAY END CASE OF LUSITANIA TODAY

America's Latest Suggestion is Agreed to by Germany.

IN NEW NOTE RECEIVED

So It is Understood, Though Note Will Not be Presented to U. S. Officials Until Today by Ambassador Bernstorff.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Germany is understood to have agreed to the suggestion of the United States that she substitute the words "recognizes liability" for the words "assumes liability" in the tentative draft of the communication designed to settle the Lusitania case. The revised draft was received here late tonight from Berlin. It will be submitted to Secretary Lansing tomorrow by Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador.

Several other changes desired by the United States and described as being of minor importance also are said to have been made. In one instance, however, Germany is understood to have proposed a change in the language suggested by the American government.

From high Teutonic authority tonight came the statement that it was expected the Lusitania case would be finally settled to the satisfaction of the United States and Germany at the conference tomorrow between Secretary Lansing and Count von Bernstorff. American officials already have said the two governments were substantially in accord.

The ambassador is understood to be prepared to make the tentative communication a formal note setting forth the instructions which have been given him by the Berlin foreign office.

It was also stated that the one modification made in Berlin was not material and that German officials here did not consider that the State Department would object to the change.

Teutonic officials seemed most confident that in agreeing to the American request to substitute the word "recognizes" for the word "assumes" preceding the mention of liability of Germany to make reparation for injury to neutrals the Berlin foreign office has removed all cause of possible difficulty.

Germany is understood to have authorized Count von Bernstorff to state specifically in the communication that it is in answer to the last American note on the Lusitania and to direct attention to the assurances which have been given previously in connection with the Arabic case.

Insertion of these provisions was informally requested by Secretary Lan-

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SIMMONS AND OVERMAN GET MANY TELEGRAMS

Urging Them to Do All Possible for Lawrence Young.

They Will Probably Call at the White House in His Behalf—Lever Mentioned for Secretary of Agriculture.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Washington, Feb. 15.—Hundreds of telegrams poured in on Senators Simmons and Overman and members of Congress from the State today urging them to do all in their power to have General Lawrence W. Young, of Raleigh, appointed assistant secretary of war. They came from all sections of the State and each one loudly acclaimed the ability of the young officer to hold the place.

It has been intimated from the White House that Mr. Wilson does not care to receive any one who desires to make a recommendation for the vacant place in his Cabinet nor for the place as assistant secretary of war. It is said Mr. Wilson has let it be known that if he desires any information on this subject he will send for the person he has in mind, and look him over personally. Anyhow, the North Carolina senators and congressmen want to put the case of General Young before him and, unless an ultimatum is issued from the White House forbidding such action, the recommendations of General Young will be presented.

It is rumored tonight that Congressman Asburry Francis Lever, of South Carolina, is being considered as Secretary of Agriculture, should President Wilson select Secretary Houston as head of the War Department. Lever was offered the assistant secretaryship of the Agricultural Department when the now Assistant Carl Vrooman was named. He did not care for the assistant's place but would consider the Secretaryship if offered. Mr. Lever is chairman of the House committee on Agriculture and as such has had an intimate knowledge of the duties of Secretary Houston. P. R. A.

NOTED MEN CHICAGO CHEF TRIED TO POISON



More than 100 men prominent in Chicago and Illinois were guests at the dinner given in honor of Archbishop Mundelein, the new prelate of the Catholic church, in the University Club of Chicago, last week. When many guests were taken sick. It was discovered the assistant chef who had charge of the soup had fled. Poisons and chemicals were found in his room. Governor Dunne, former Governor Deneen, former Mayor Harrison, and Roger Sullivan were among the guests but their soup did not contain sufficient arsenic to affect them. Nor was the new archbishop affected.

NATIONAL ASYLUM FOR LEPERS URGED

More Than 500 of Them at Large in United States.

SO COMMITTEE IS TOLD

Physicians, Nurses and Others Testify Before Senate Health Committee Menace of Serious Possibilities, It is Declared.

Washington, Feb. 15.—More than 500 lepers at large in the United States constitute a menace of serious possibilities unless proper steps for segregation are taken, in the opinion of physicians, nurses and others who testified before the Senate Health committee today in support of a bill to establish a national leprosarium.

The witnesses, all of whom had made extensive personal researches on the subject, agreed that the 300 persons under treatment in the country's three state or municipal leper asylums include less than one-third of the total of those afflicted.

They declared that the disease was rapidly spreading, that the danger of a serious epidemic was real; and that segregation was the first demand in the campaign against it.

Inhuman Treatment.

It was the consensus of opinion among those who testified that about 50 lepers were at large in New York City, 80 in Chicago, and at least one or two in each of the large cities throughout the country. They declared in arguing for a national asylum that individual victims were treated in many instances with great inhumanity by local authorities interested chiefly in shifting the burden of care to some other community.

Dr. J. W. McKean, American superintendent in charge of the leper asylum at Chiengmai, Siam, said the history of the disease showed that only by forcible segregation could it be eradicated, and the lives of its victims made tolerable. An epidemic in Europe which killed thousands was ended finally, he said, by legislation forcing the victims into refuges. He added that segregation had been equally successful in Hawaii and the Philippines.

The witnesses agreed that while a new treatment in which chaulmoogra oil is used, has proved successful in eliminating the symptoms in nearly all cases, so that the victims appeared practically cured, there always was a danger of recrudescence.

"The disease has a terrible recrudescence," said Dr. McKean, "and we never know what day an epidemic will begin."

Greater Menace Than Assumed.

Frederick Hoffman, an insurance statistician, who said he had studied the disease in most of the leper colonies in the world, declared leprosy was a much greater menace to public health than commonly assumed.

There are one or more cases in each of 18 states," he said, "and the cases of inhuman, brutal treatment of lepers are an indictment of the Nation's humanity." He added that of the three institutions for segregation and treatment of leprosy in the United States, state homes in Louisiana and Massa-

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CANADA IS ASKED FOR $250,000,000

To Meet Needs of the Dominion's Military Forces.

BY MINISTER OF FINANCE

Addressing House of Commons, Sir Thomas White Reviews the Conditions of Dominion With Respect to the War.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 15.—Sanction for an additional war appropriation of $250,000,000 and other measures for raising money for the needs of the Dominion's military forces will be asked by the Canadian government at the present session of parliament. These financial necessities were announced before the House of Commons today by Sir Thomas White, minister of finance, in his annual budget speech.

Already the government has borrowed $150,000,000 to meet war expenditures, but these, said Sir Thomas, "have been mounting rapidly to enormous figures."

From the beginning of the war to January last Canada's war expenditures for 150,000 troops had been $158,000,000, said the minster, and now, with 250,000 more men enlisted and 500,000 the total authorized, the prime minster would ask $250,000,000 for operations during the coming year.

More May be Required.

It was possible, he added, that more than $250,000,000 would be required, should the enlisted force approach its full authorized strength.

The finance minister said that although the special taxes applied by the

(Continued on Page Two.)

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE:

Met at noon.

Resolution introduced to declare the new order of the German admiralty contrary to America's foreign policy.

Tillman bill for government-owned armor plate factories was taken up.

Hearing on confirmation of Louis D. Brandeis for Supreme Court was resumed.

Considered nominations in executive session.

Adjourned at 4:58 p. m. to noon Wednesday.

HOUSE:

Met at noon.

General debate on postoffice appropriation was resumed.

Rear Admiral Grant testified before naval affairs committee.

Judiciary committee voted to take up prohibition amendments at this session, but postponed woman suffrage amendments until next December.

Voted 257 to 84 to increase the cost limit of the Lincoln memorial in this city by $594,000, making the total $2,594,000.

Sent urgent deficiency appropriation bill back to conference.

General debate on postoffice appropriation bill resumed.

Democratic caucus on repeal of free sugar clause of tariff law called for Thursday.

Adjourned at 5:20 p. m. to noon Wednesday.

RIGHT OF ENTENTE ALLIES CONCEDED

To Arm Merchant Ships for Defensive Purposes Only.

U. S. OFFICIAL ATTITUDE

United States Cannot Approve Intention of Teutonic Powers to Torpedo Such Ships Without Warning, It Is Understood.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The United States, it was said by high authority at the State Department today, concedes that the Entente Allies are within their right under prevailing international law in arming merchant ships for defensive purposes, no matter what conditions exist on the seas. Consequently, it is admitted that should the Allies decline to adopt the American suggestion to disarm merchantmen, founded primarily upon a desire to save the lives of innocent non-combatants, this government cannot announce its approval of the intentions of the Teutonic Powers to torpedo without warning after February 29 all armed vessels, although various high officials are convinced that the position of Germany and Austria is justified.

State Department officials now are engaged in trying to determine just what will happen when the commanders of German and Austrian submarines begin to put their new instructions into effect. It is said, too, that the United States in the near future may make some inquiries as to how the Central Powers intend to determine whether merchantmen encountered by their submarines are armed.

In response to inquiries regarding this aspect, it was said tonight y high Teutonic authority that the German and Austrian governments would under no consideration disregard the assurances which have been given to the United States in regard to the conduct of submarine warfare. Attention was called particularly to the fact that the German government had assured the United States that liners would not be attacked without being warned. These assurances, it was said, had not been and would not be repudiated and for that reason liners in service between the United States and Western Europe would not be attacked without warning, even if they have defensive armament aboard.

Teutonic officials were inclined to believe that such an issue would not arise, as Great Britain has agreed that its ships entering American waters shall not be armed. In both diplomatic and official circles doubt even was expressed that the new policy would, in the slightest way, effect conditions in the Atlantic, although it was admitted that, should the Italian government persist in arming its merchantmen, difficulty might arise in the Mediterranean. State Department officials recognize that the action of the German and Austrian governments is a development of the recent American suggestions. The department, however, does not feel obligated to take any action in regard to the broad questions involved at least until it has received replies to its own memorandum to the Entente Allies regarding the disarming of merchantmen.

The State Department repeatedly has

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NEEDS 183 U-BOATS TO CARRY OUT PLAN OUTLINED BY CHIEF

Rear Admiral Frank Lays the Fleet and Coast Defense Plan Before Committee.

ONLY 27 NOW IN ORDER

Would Work Part Out of Shore Bases, Part With the Fleets.

Washington, Feb. 15.—A plan for fleet and coast defense submarine operations in the Atlantic and Pacific calling for 183 submersibles of all types, was outlined to the House naval committee today by Rear Admiral Frank, the navy's chief of submarines. Such a force is necessary to insure adequate protection, the admiral said, and approximately the number of boats needed are provided for in the administration's five year building programme.

At present, the committee was told, the United States has just 27 submarines ready for war service. Ten other boats are laid up for repairs or overhauling and could not be made ready for duty in less than six months. Now under construction or authorized are 35 submarines, including three big craft of the fleet cruising type.

Admiral Grant's plan contemplates 30 divisions of six submersibles each, three divisions to cruise with the Atlantic fleet and two with the Pacific fleet and the remainder to work out of shore bases distributed along the coasts. For the Atlantic coast, he proposed the establishment of bases at New London, Philadelphia and Norfolk, while for the Pacific he thought stations at San Diego, San Francisco and the Columbia river would not be too far apart.

The admiral reiterated his belief that no boats of less than 750 or 800 tons surface displacement should be built in the future. The most efficient German U-boat, he said, were of that size. He urged also that no additional fleet submarines of the 1,200-ton type be built until the Schley, the first of these, has been tried out.

Is Quizzed at Length

Representative Roberts, of Massachusetts, carried the admiral through a long line of questions to establish his opinion of the American built boats, approximating the navy H class, now in the British service. Admiral Grant said the fact that these boats had been able to cross the Atlantic under their own steam did not influence him to chance his mind as to the size future American submarine should be. The task of submerging a longer boat, such as the 800-ton craft, was a delicate one, he admitted, and more complicated than handling the H boats, but the advantage of the larger craft more than outweighted this in his mind.

Representative Stevens, of California,

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ANOTHER FATAL WRECK ON MAIN LINE OF S. A. L.

Florida Limited Crashes Into Rear End of Freight Train.

Accident at Franklinton, N. C., Results in Death of Negro Fireman and Injury to Two White Men—Cause Not Determined.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 15.—One man was killed and two others painfully injured early today when the Seaboard Air Line railroad's Florida Limited, north bound, crashed into the rear end of a freight train at Franklinton, N. C., thirty miles north of here. None of the passengers on the limited was injured.

Jim Holloway, the negro fireman on the limited, lost his life and H. J. Wells, the engineer, and Frank L. Stockwell, road foreman of engines, both of Raleigh, were scalded and bruised.

The engine and three cars of the limited were derailed and several cars of the freight demolished. Railroad officials are investigating to determine the cause of the accident.

THE JOINT CONFERENCE MAY ADJOURN WITH NO AGREEMENT

Between Coal Miners and Operators in Four States.

Mobile, Ala., Feb. 15. — Operators and miners of the central competitive bituminous coal fields, who are here to arrange a new wage scale for Western Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, were generally of the opinion tonight that the present joint conference will adjourn this week without an agreement, but with an understanding that negotiations will be continued at some other city, after the preliminaries of the anthracite conference which begins in New York next week are out of the way.

PARLIAMENT OPENS WITHOUT POMP OF ROYAL PROCESSION

Asquith and Kitchener Review Present Status of the Nation's Affairs.

KING GEORGE IS ABSENT

General Conference of the Allies in Paris Announced by the Prime Minister.

GENERAL CONFERENCE OF ALLIES IS ANNOUNCED

London, Feb. 15.—A general conference of the Allies in Paris to consider the strategical aspects of the war is to be held. Announcement to this effect was made in the house of commons today by Premier Asquith.

London, Feb. 15. — There was little that was spectacular or sensational about the opening day of the new session of the new British Parliament. The Parliament started on its business with a sober air befitting the serious business which it is to accomplish in the next few weeks.

The prime minister, Mr. Asquith, in the House of Commons, and the secretary for war, Earl Kitchener, in the House of Lords, reviewed the present status of the nation's affairs. Mr. Asquith appealed for National economy; Earl Kitchener closed with an expression of the hope that the new system of army enlistments would yield the required number of men to carry the war to a decisive conclusion.

The speech of the prime minister, grave in tone, but confident in character, created a deep impression on the House.

Further Taxation Intimated.

His concluding allusion to the economic strain of the war was accepted as an intimation that at an early date further taxation of a far-reaching character will be imposed, as well as a comprehensive scheme for the restrictions of imports. The latter was initiated a few hours later by the publication of a royal proclamation, putting into effect on March 1 the prohibition of the import of paper, paper pulp, periodicals, tobacco, furniture woods and stone.

Next week, when Premier Asquith moves a fresh vote of credit, he will speak at length on the financial aspect of the war.

The vote of credit, which probably will be moved Tuesday or Wednesday, is expected to be the largest yet proposed, amounting to perhaps 500,000,000 pounds sterling.

Earl Kitchener's speech in the House of Lords was a review of the war operations from the point which his last previous speech to the lords left off. He paid tribute to the work of the various allies, emphasizing particularly that of the Italians. His description of the attempt of the ally to go to the relief of Serbia included the statement:

"We sent troops to Saloniki, on invitation of the Greek premier, to enable Greece to assist her ally under the convention which existed."

Gallipoli Withdrawal.

Touching on the Gallipoli withdrawal, Lord Kitchener declared: "Although when I was on the spot I formed the opinion that the withdrawal ought to be accomplished with less loss than was originally anticipated, the actual execution of the plan exceeded my most sanguine expectations."

In closing, Earl Kitchener turned his attention to the new army which is about to be raised under the compulsion law. He expressed some apprehension that the widespread exemption allowed through various alleged indispensable trades and professions might unduly diminish the number of soldiers brought in under the new scheme, and urged employers to redouble their efforts to release men of fighting age.

In the House of Commons, Premier Asquith's speech was followed by usual brief statements from members of the various parties. George James Wardle, labor member for Stockport, said the labor party was behind the government. "But," he added, "it calls for equal sacrifices from all, and that the war shall be pursued with all possible energy."

Sir Mark Sykes, Unionist, urged that there should be no "muddling" and recommended that the cabinet's war committee be reduced to four members for the firmer and prompter dispatch of war business.

Harold T. Cawley, Liberal, said that his party desired nothing from the government except the more vigorous conduct of the war.

The session of parliament tomorrow will be devoted entirely to a discussion of the air defense of England, this being brought upon William Joynson-Hicks' amendment to the throne address, urging "the desirability of placing the air services of the country in a firmer and stronger basis."

No Royal Procession.

Shorn for the first time since the death of Queen Victoria of the pomp of a royal procession, the new parliamentary session was opened today. Though important matters concerning Great Britain's conduct of her campaigns are to be brought up immediately, there was little sign in the ap-

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WILSON'S FOREIGN POLICY ATTACKED

Root Sounds Keynote of Republican National Campaign.

NEW YORK CONVENTION

As Temporary Chairman, Former Senator Denounces the President's Policy as One of Making Threats, Not Made Good.

New York, Feb. 15.—In a speech criticising the Wilson adminstration, especially in respect to its foreign policy, former United States Senator Elihu Root, as temporary chairman of the Republican state convention, sounded here tonight what was regarded as the key-note of the Republican National campaign. He was introduced by Frederick C. Tanner, chairman of the state committee, and was greeted with an ovation which lasted two and a half minutes.

Every seat in the convention hall and all standing room was occupied long before the convention opened. The boxes were almost entirely reserved for women, one being filled with suffrage leaders.

The first part of Mr. Root's speech, which was devoted to a consideration of the tariff and economic conditions, was received in comparative silence. When he opened an attack on President Wilson's Mexican policy he was repeatedly interrupted with applause, however.

The first prolonged outburst of cheers came when Mr. Root, turning to European affairs, denounced the President's policy as one of making threats and failing to make them good.

In the prepared speech that Mr. Root sent out in advance, he referred to Theodore Roosevelt as one of the men who had believed it the duty of the American government to protest at the violation of Belgium's neutrality by Germany. This reference was omitted tonight in the actual speech. The temporary chairman himself denounced, however, the failure of the United States government to protest against the invasion of Belgium.

"If the public opinion of the world," he said, "was to remain silent on that—neutral upon that—then all talk about peace and justice and international law and the rights of man, the progress of humanity and the spread of liberty, is idle patter—mere weak sentimentality."

At the conclusion of Mr. Root's speech, committees on resolutions and credentials, and delegates to the National convention were named and the convention adjourned until 11 o'clock tomorrow morning.

AMERICAN SECURITIES SEIZED BY BRITISH WITH OTHER MAIL

In Transmission from Germans to American Bankers and Others.

New York, Feb. 15.—American securities consigned to bankers and banking houses in the United States were declared in financial circles today to be included in the large amount of mail seized by the British government from the steamers Noordam and Rotterdam, of the Holland-America Line, in British waters several weeks ago. The securities forwarded from Amsterdam and other cities in Holland are said to represent in part the offerings of German institutions and individuals compelled to sell through Dutch bankers because of pressinfi financial requifements. It was said by bankers that a large part of these securities, now in British hands, have been re-sold in the American market subject to delivery and that heavy losses may result.

The British government, it is reported, has been subjecting to a severe scratiny American securities bearing German stamps which came into their possession. Dutch bankers have been buying or acting as brokers for German interests in the sale of American securities in this country for several months. Purchases have been made in the United States apparently without thought of possible seizure or confiscation by the British.

Aid of the State Department probably will be sought, it was said today, in an effort to induce Great Britain to release the securities declared to be valued at many millions of dollars.

50,000 BAGS SUGAR BURNED.

In Hold of Vessel at Pier in Philadelphia Last Night.

Philadelphia, Feb. 15.—Fifty thousand bags of sugar, valued at $130,000, were destroyed by fire in the hold of the steamer Dalton lying at a Delaware river pier here tonight. The vessel which was considerably damaged by the flames had been chartered by the British government to convey the sugar to West Hartlepool, England, and was to sail tomorrow. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

SEARCH FOR SUSPECTED ANARCHISTS CONTINUES

Jean Crones Hunted in More Than Score of Cities.

Many Fantastic Reports Brought to Police; One That Crones Had Been Killed for Bungling the Death Job.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—There was no abatement today in the police search for persons who were suspected of having a share in what was termed a nation-wide anarchistic conspiracy against established sovereignty, which came to light with the discovery that guests at the banquet here last week in honor of Archbishop Mundelein were the victims of a plot to poison them.

Jean Crones, the much sought assistant chef who is accused of putting the poison in the banquet soup, was searched for in more than a score of cities. John Allegrini, his friend, was formally charged with conspiracy to murder and attempted murder.

The police announced that they had proof that Crones and Allegrini were close friends and that they had had many secret meetings before the poison banquet.

Many fantastic reports were brought to the police, among them being a theory that Crones, having failed to cause the death of the dinner guests as he had planned, had killed himself or had been executed at the command of powerful agents who had entrusted to him the execution of their designs.

Clews from Piqua, Ohio; Nashville, Tenn.; St. Paul, and other cities were investigated and in several cities suspects were detained.

On receipt of a telegram from the Milwaukee chief of police that Bonino Marco, believed to be a friend of Allegrini and taken in custody there, had been found to have been working steadily in Milwaukee and was working there at the time of the banquet, Captain Hunt telegraphed to the Milwaukee chief to release the man.

Doubt of the existence of an anarchistic plan was expressed by Herman Schuettler, assistant chief of police, who said that no connection had been clearly shown between Cones and such an organization.

CANADA IS ASKED FOR $250,000,000.00

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last budget had been expected to yield a revenue this year, which ends March 31, of $150,000,000, it was evident now that it would yield $170,000,000, economies having cut down expenditures except those for war. With this estimated revenue of $170,000,000 and expenditure on ordinary account of but $125,000,000, with the $45,000,000 borrowed in New York taking care of capital expenditures on public works, "it has been possible," he said, "for the government to devote its entire surplus, estimated at $45,000,000, in payment of the principal of our war expenditure."

"By the end of the year," he continued, "the next national debt will stand at about $580,000,000, an increase of $161,000,000 during the year."

Continued Economy Promised.

Mr. White promised that the government would continue to economize not only would there be no construction of new works undertaken but "should financial exigency require, we shall not flesitate to terminate contracts and leave works in an unfinished condition." Among the great works which Canada is carrying on at the present time are the Quebec bridge, the enlargement of the Welland canal, the Hudson Bay railway and the terminals for it at Port Nelson and great harbor works at Halifax, St. John, Quebec, Toronto, Fort William, Victoria and Vancouver.

Turning to the economic situation, Sir Thomas alluded to the harvest as "the greatest in the history of the Dominion," and emphasized that there had been a revival in business conditions, and that a great change had taken place in the Canadian trade balance, a favorable balance of $200,000,000 being promised for the fiscal year. The aggregate trade would total $1,200,000,000, the largest in the history of Canada.

DR. FAULKNER APPEALS FOR UNION OF METHODIST BRANCHES

Minor Differences Separate Northern and Southern Branches.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Only minor differences separate the Northern and Southern branches of the Methodist church, asserted Dr. John A. Faulkner, of Depauw University, in an appeal today at a meeting of Methodist bishops, college heads, ministers and laymen of the six branches of the church, at Evanston, Ill., for church unity.

Dr. Faulkner declared there never had been any real doctrinal differences or clashes on church politics, but that the split had come in the ante-bellum days when the slavery issue and states' rights shattered friendships.

The conference, which was designed to give impetus to the movement for church unity is expected to last through Thursday. Representatives of a membership of more than 8,000,000 persons are attending.

HE KNOWS NOTHING AGAINST BRANDEIS

Mellen Asks to be Excused from Giving Testimony.

TWO OTHERS ARE HEARD

President of United Shoe Machinery Company and a Boston Lawyer Charge Him With "Unprofessional Conduct."

Washington, Feb. 15. — Two witnesses charged Louis D. Brandeis with unprofessional conduct today before the Judiciary sub-committeee of the Senate, which is investigating his fitness for confirmation as a justice of the Supreme Court of the United States. They were Sidney W. Winslow, president of the United Shoe Machinery Company, and Hollis R. Bailey, a Boston lawyer. The latter gave it as his opinion that the bar of Massachusetts regarded Mr. Brandeis as an "able lawyer but not entirely trustworthy."

Senator Walsh surprised the sub-committee when today's hearing opened by reading telegrams from Charles S. Mellen, former president of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad, declaring that he knew nothing against Mr. Brandeis about which he could testify under oath and asking to be excused from appearing before the committee. Mr. Mellen had been asked to appear in connection with charges made by C. W. Barron, of the Wall Street Journal, that Mr. Brandeis had at one time been employed to wreck the New York & New England railroad, which later became a part of the New Haven system.

"I am not at all unfriendly to Mr. Brandeis, and I know nothing about his career except hearsay," said Mr. Mellen in his telegram. Republican members think he should be called, but the sub-committee decided to let the question remain open until the investigation had further progressed.

Mr. Winslow told the committee that Mr. Brandeis was guilty of unprofessional conduct and "conduct not becoming an honorable man," because, after severing his connection with the United Shoe Machinery Company, he at the instance of new clients, attacked as "illegal and criminal, the very acts and system of business which he assisted to create, and which he advised were legal."

A mass of data bearing upon the charge was submitted by the witness.

Mr. Bailey charged Mr. Brandeis with unprofessional conduct in connection with the estate of Samuel D. Warren, Sr., a paper manufacturer of Boston, alleging that he acted as counsel for members of the Warren family, who were respectively lessees and lessors of property involved in the estate to the advantage of lessors. It was brought out that litigation precipitated over the matter eventually was completed and settled out of court.

The committee did not conclude with Mr. Winslow and he will appear again tomorrow, to submit to cross-examination.

NATIONAL ASYLUM FOR LEPERS URGED

(Continued From Page One.)

chusetts and an asylum at San Francisco, the latter had proved especially efficient.

"Absolute isolation is the cruelest possible treatment," said Mr. Hoffman, "and in almost all cases, the leper is glad to seek the society of his kind in refugees where at present he can receive treatment and at the worst can live and die in quiet and comfort."

William M. Danner, secretary of the American sanctuary of the mission Pueblo, which has sent leper nurses throughout the world, also emphasized the recrudescent symptoms of the disease as one of its most dread features.

"Every student of leprosy knows that nearly every one who has testified here may develop the disease," he said. "I may have it. Senator Smoot, who told this morning of sleeping in leper's huts, may have it. Any of these men who have worked with the lepers may develop it any day. But for this feature, we would call the chalmoogra oil treatment a cure."

Dr. Isadore Dyer, in charge of the refugee in Louisiana, Dr. Howard Fox, of New York, and Dr. John S. Fulton, of the Maryland board of health, were among others who testified.

Washington, Feb. 15. — Speaker Clark and other Southern members of Congress joined today in eulogizing Abraham Lincoln and in urging the House to concur in a Senate proposal to add $594,000 to the $2,000,000 already appropriated for the Lincoln memorial structure now being built here.

REFUGEES FROM FLOOD DISTRICT HAULED OUT

Train of 25 Coaches Arrives at Vidalia, La.

Government, Red Cross and Local Relief Committees Striving to Meet Situation Caused by the Breaks in Levees.

Natchez, Miss., Feb. 15.—The first relief train of 25 coaches bearing refugees from the flooded districts in Tensas, Concordia, Catahoula, Franklin and Madison parishes, Louisiana, arrived tonight at Vidalia, across the river from here.

A refugee camp is being established where government, Red Cross and local relief committees are striving to meet the situation resulting from two breaks which occurred early today in the Mississippi river levee at Limerick plantation on the Louisiana side, about six miles from Newellton. Plans are being made to give succor to several thousand persons during the next few days.

The majority of refugees arriving at Vidalia tonight are destitute negroes. Other relief trains are expected tonight and Wednesday providing the tracks can be kept above water. No loss of life is reported.

Trains are running from McGehee to the north of Ferriday, taking refugees out at that end. A relief train will leave Vidalia in the morning for the Black river section which is in the path of the flood waters.

Newellton, the first town in the direct path of the flood, is deserted and all portions under water.

The flooded district, it is estimated, will include 1,500 square miles. The larger break in the levee near Newellton has reached a width of 200 yards and is growing hourly.

RIGHT OF ENTENTE ALLIES CONCEDED

(Continued From Page One.)

allowed it to become known, as it did again today, that it had no intention of changing the law in the subject of arming merchant ships on its own account and that such a move could be made only with the consent of all the powers affected. But the United States, in consideration of the changed conditions of naval warfare, can amend its instructions to the port authorities. It might, it was suggested, revise its instructions so as to permit merchant ships to clear with guns of a calibre useful solely for defensive purposes and yet not large enough to be effective against submarines at a distance from which warning safely could be given.

Under the existing regulations merchant ships may carry guns mounted on the stern of a calibre up to six inches. It was suggested that the rules might be so amended as to reduce the calibre to, for instnace, 2 inches.

The entire matter, as the State Department now views it, turns about the question of what constitutes defensive armament. It is admitted that the line between where defensive power ceases and offensive power begins is dimcult to draw and anuthorities on international la win the department say the question is one which surely would have to be considered by international conference at the conclusion of the war.

"It was with these questions in mind," said a high official, "that the United States attempted to secure a temporary agreement in the nature of a modus vivendi with the sole purpose of saving life if that could be done. It was purely a humanitarian impulse on the part of this government that led to the proposal to the Entente Allies to reduce the chances of loss of innocent lives by abstaining from arming their merchant ships eevnt though they admittedly have a right to do so under international law."

This same official strongly indicated that the department virtually had decided it would not during the course of the war deny armed merchant ships of the Entente Allies access to American ports and that its efforts would be confined to revising instructions to port authorities with a view of making sure that such ships are not offensively armed.

Officials also indicated that they would consider separately the case of each armed ship coming into American waters and that the action taken would depend upon the facts. The same course, it was said, will be pursued in the case of ships that are attacked or engaged under the new German instructions.

High officials were not prepared today to pass upon the question as to how far armed merchant vessels would be justified in resisting capture. They said that to consider that merchant ships could not resist at all might lead to the absurd conclusion that a fifty foot motor boat, armed with a one-pounder gun, could capture the biggest liner without risk to itself. From German quarters tonight came the statement that the German government never had expected that the Entente Allies would accept the suggestions made by the United States as they appeared to uphold the right to sink ships which cannot be taken into port.

AMERICAN BODY FOUND ON THE MEXICAN SIDE

Hides Sold by Carranza Men Bear American Brands.

State Department Sends to White House Voluminous Documents Bearing on Mexican Situation During Revolutionary Period

Brownsville, Texas, Feb. 15.—Mexican military authorities at Matamoros tonight, reported the finding of the body of an unidentified American on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande near Reynosa. Reports from Reynosa stated that the man evidently had been dead several weeks and the condition of the body would make identification difficult.

Hides Bear American Brands.

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 15.—Two carloads of hides valued at $10,000 which were sold by Carranza authorities to leather dealers of New York were found on inspection today by United States customs officials to contain more than 80 per cent. of brands belonging to American cattlemen. These cattlemen reported they had had no part in the sale.

Andreas G. Garcia, Mexican consul here said the hides had been sold by General Luis Herrera, Carranza military chief, at Chihuahua City. The cattle, he added, had been surrounded with other property held by Villa adherents. Garcia declared the hides were part of the spoils of war.

Mass of Material For Senate.

Washington, Feb. 15.—The voluminous mass o freports, dispatches and other material on the Mexican situation collected by the State Department during the last three years of revolution was sent to the White House today to be transmitted to the Senate in accordance with the resolution of Senator Fall. The resolutions committee is delaying action on the nomination of Henry Prather Fletcher as ambassador to Mexico City until it gets the documents.

NEEDS 183 U-BOATS TO CARRY OUT PLAN OUTLINED BY CHIEF

(Continued From Page One.)

asked if Admiral Grant thought the Pacific coast was adequately defended?

"Isn't it true that there are but three submarines to defend the whole Pacific coast?" he asked.

"That is true," Admiral Grant said.

"How many do you think that there should be in order to fully defend it?"

Forty-eight."

"Do you think it would be adequately defended if the proposed submarine bases were established as far apart as San Diego and San Francisco and the Columbia river?"

"I do."

More on Atlantic Side.

"Then why is it necessary in your opinion to have more bases proportionately on the Atlantic coast?"

"Because I think our strategic enemy would be met in the Atlantic. There is a very material difference between the two coasts."

Admiral Grant pointed out that with three effective, mobile submarines on the Pacific coast and four more at Honolulu, there were more of the available force engaged in that part than protecting the Atlantic, where, he said, only five of these mobile boats were stationed.

Representative Stevens said he had reference to the whole question of naval protection, battleships, cruisers, destroyers and other craft as well as submarines. The admiral replied that he could not discuss questions of naval policy in that regard, as other officers in the department had charge of such matters.

The illustrate the difficulties of submerging quickly a boat 315 feet long, such as the proposed 25-knot steam submarines, Admiral Grant said that if it was attempted to send them down at an angle of 30 degrees the bows would be 150 feet below the surface while the stern was still on top. Of course, he added, they would never be sent down except at an angle of a very few degrees and would submerge virtually on an even keel. An error in case of pressing emergency, however, he pointed out, might send her down so her bows would be crushed by the pressure of the water before her stern was out of sight.

Opens Bids Today for Two.

Bids for the construction of two 1,500-ton sea-going submarines, the largest ever designed by the Navy Department, will be opened tomorrow. Specifications for the boats provide that they must have a minimum surface speed of 20 knots and a possible speed of 25; that they shall not exceed a cost of $1,500,000 each and may be either steam or oil propelled. It is understood, however, that the department has decided to accep bids foir 20-knot boats, not insisting on more speed, and has abandoned the idea of steam propulsion.

Recent reports from France regarding experiments with steam propelled submarines show that they have not been altogether successful. Difficulty of rapid submersion of the steam driven vessels, of providing necessary equipment for dissipating the gases and fumes thrown off by the engines, and of making the vessels habitable when submerged, have influenced American naval experts against experimenting with vessels of a similar design.

In view of the divergence of opinion as to what type of submarine is best suited to the needs of the United States, Secretary Daniels has decided that the further construction of larger vessels shall depend principally uopn the result of the experiments of those to be bid for tomorrow, and of the Schley, a 1,200-ton vessel, which now is building. Until the results of these are known, it is expected that the department will not design submarines of more than 800 tons.

MEETING HELD UP UNTIL BRITISH FLAG IS BROUGHT

American and Canadian Painters and Decorators Meet in Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 15. — The opening proceedings of the annual convention of the International Association of Master House Painters and Decorators of the United States and Canada, which began here today, was halted for 30 minutes because no British flag bearing the coat of arms of Canada was displayed in the decorative scheme of the hall, where the meeting is being held.

A. K. McKenzies, of Hamilton, Ont., who is president of the association, and who formally opened the convention, was among those who protested. The Canadians noticed that there were two American flags draped above the speaker's head. Between them was the United States shield, with an insanrt of the Canadian coat of arms. The Canadians immediately demanded that the British flag, bearing the Canadian shield also be displayed and announce that they would not consider any business until this was done.

A committee to find a British flag was appointed, and, after visiting many stores, the committee found such a flag in a regalia establishment. This was taken to the hall and placed among the decorations. Then peace reigned, and the convention begain its work.

PARLIAMENT OPENS WITHOUT POMP OF ROYAL PROCESSION

(Continued From Page One.)

proaches to Westminster of public interest in the proceedings.

But for the presence of a number of ladies listening to the King's speech, the upper chamber would have had a bare aspect, as there were not 20 peers present when the five commissioners, whose duty it was to open the Parliament in the absence of King George, took their places on the wool sack.

After reading the king's speech, the proceedings adjourned until 4 o'clock. The speech from the throne was read in the House of Commons when it reassembled. The passage in which Great Britain's foe was described as mistaking force for right and expediency for honor, was loudly cheered.

Ian McPherson made the address in reply to the speech from the throne. He said the first thought must be one of thankfulness that the king, the center of the imperial unity, should now have recovered from the mishap he sustained when with his troops at the front, where the hearts and hopes of so many of his subjects were.

Throne's Duties Onerous.

He dwelt on the onerous nature of the duties of the throne at present, but said that nevertheless no duty had been left unperformed by the king or his royal household; no effort had been spared to bring the word of cheer to the brave soldier who lay wounded; no distance had been too great for the king to visit and encourage the men whose day of departure for the struggle was at hand.

The speaker emphasized the unity of parliament, and said that the king's speech was the embodiment of the determination of a determined people. He paid warm tribute to the work of the navy, and emphasized the fact that "6,000,000 men of their own accord" had rallied to the colors to make the supreme sacrifice, and that "a million or more" older men were training because their one crime, that of age, had made them ineligible for the army.

Laying stress upon the empire's spirit and the love of principles, as he phrased it, upon which the empire was founded, Mr. McPherson referred appreciably to the appointment of General Jan Christian Smuts to the supreme command of the forces for the campaign in German East Africa. Concluding, he said there could be no inconclusive peace, declaring that the security of the future was the unalterable answer to the immeasurable sacrifice of life and money which Great Britain was prepared to make.

Wants Complete Blockade.

Francis S. Jackson, the famous cricketer, seconded the address, dwelling upon the unity of the empire and the great sacrifices of its dominions. He deprecated the policy of reprisals for Zeppelin raids, saying that Great Britain could not "play a dirty game" successfully. He hoped, however, that she would use all the powers she possesses and that a complete and efficient blockade would be established.

WINSTON-SALEM MAN SAVED FROM DEATH

J. E. Erwin Says Wonderful Remedy Brought Him Astonishing Relief.

J. E. Erwin of Winston-Salem, N. C., was for a long time the victim of serious disorders of the stomach. He tried all kinds of treatment and had many doctors.

One day he took a dose of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy and was astonished at the results. The help he sought had come. He wrote:

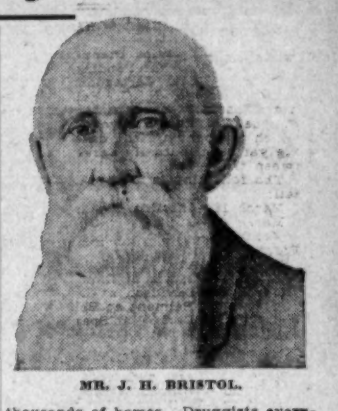
"I am satisfied through personal use of the life-saving powers of your Wonderful Remedy. You have saved my life. I could have lived but a few weeks more had it not been for your remedy. I am inclosing a list of friend sufferers who ought to have some of your remedy."

Mayr's Wonderful Remedy gives permanent results for stomach, liver and intestinal ailments. Eat as much and whatever you like. No more distress after eating, pressure of gas in the stomach and around the heart. Get one bottle of your druggist now and try it on an absolute guarantee—if not satisfactory money will be returned.

For sale by Rob't R. Bellamy and all other reliable druggists.

Healthy Old Age Brings Happiness

Simple Remedy Promotes Health by Overcoming Tendency to Constipation.



MR. J. H. BRISTOL.

Advancing years impair the action of the vital organs. Old age should be the period of greatest happiness, but good health is necessary. Constipation should not be tolerated—it is often the direct cause of ill health.

Headache, belching, biliousness, bloat, drowsiness after eating and other symptoms of constipation can be readily relieved by the use of a simple laxative compound sold in drug stores under the name of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. Mr. J. H. Bristol, 1412 Geddes Ave., Ann Arbor, Mich., who is 82 years old, says "Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is the best remedy I ever used for constipation and I always have a bottle of it in the house to use when I feel the need of it; it never disappoints."

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is a mild laxative preparation, positive in its effect, acting easily and naturally, without griping or other pain or discomfort. For over a quarter of a century it has been the standard household remedy in thousands of homes. Druggists everywhere sell it for fifty cents a bottle. A trial bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin can be obtained, free of charge, by writing to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 454 Washington St., Monticello, Illinois.

Eating Asparagus.

Mr. G. K. Chesterton does not like the modern way of eating asparagus. "Excluding cannibalism," he writes, "and the habit of eating sand (about which I can offer no opinion), there is really nothing one can eat which is less fit to be eaten with the fingers than asparagus. It is long; it is greasy; it is loose and liable to every sort of soft yet sudden catastrophe; it is always eaten with some sort of oily sauce, and its nice conduct would involve the powers of a professional juggler, combined with some practice in climbing the greasy pole. Most things could easily be eaten with one's fingers. Only this one tiresome, toppling vegetable I eat between my finger and thumb. I should be better off as a giraffe eating the top of a palm tree. It doesn't want any holding up."—London Chronicle.

A Message To Thin Weak Scrawny Folks

An Easy Way to Gain 10 to 30 Pounds of Solid, Healthy, Permanent Flesh.

Thin, nervous, undeveloped men and women everywhere are heard to say: "I can't understand why I do not get fat. I eat plenty of good nourishing food." The reason is just this: You cannot get fat, no matter how much you eat, unless your digestive organs assimilate the fat-making elements of your food instead of passing them out through the body as waste.

What is needed is a means of gently urging the assimilative functions of the stomach and intestines to absorb the oils and fats and hand them over to the blood, where they may reach the starved, shrunken, run-down tissues and build them up. The thin person's body is like a dry sponge—eager and hungry for the fatty materials of which it is being deprived by the failure of the alimentary canal to take them from the food. A splendid way of working to overcome this sinful waste of flesh building elements and to stop the leakage of fats is to try Sargol, the famous flesh building agent that has been so widely sold in America in recent years. Take a little Sargol tablet with every meal and see if your cheeks don't quickly fill out and rolls of firm, healthy flesh form over your body, covering each bony angle and projecting point. All good druggists have Sargol or can get it from their wholesaler, and will refund your money if you are not satisfied with the gain in weight it produces as stated on the guarantee in each large package. It is inexpensive, easy to take and highly efficient.

NOTE:—Sargol is recommended only as a flesh builder and while excellent results in cases of nervous indigestion, etc., have been reported, care should be taken about using it unless a gain of weight is desired.

AN OLD REGEIP TO DARKEN HAIR

Common Garden Sage and Sulphur Makes Streaked, Faded or Gray Hair Dark and Glossy at Once.

Almost everyone knows that Sage Tea and Sulphur, properly compounded, brings back the natural color and lustre to the hair when faded, streaked or gray; also ends dandruff, itching scalp and stops falling hair. Years ago the only way to get this mixture was to make it at home, which is mussy and troublesome.

Nowadays we simply ask at any drug store for "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Compound." You will get a large bottle for about 50 cents. Everybody uses this old, famous recipe, because no one can possibly tell that ou darkened your hair, as it does it so naturally and evenly. You dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two your hair becomes beautifully dark, thick and glossy and you look years yunger.

Cash Refunding Week

We will give 10 CENTS IN CASH from Every Dollar bought from us during REFUNDING WEEK, Beginning Saturday, Feb. 19, and Ending Saturday, Feb. 26.

Spectacles or Eyeglasses

Correctly Fitted to Your Ey... $1.00 and Up. Come to us and ...

EYES TESTED F...

Dr. Vin...

MASONIC TE...

Officers of National Chamber of Commerce



Bottom row, left to right—R. G. Rhett, of Charleston, S. C.; A. B. Farquhar, York, Pa.; John H. Fahey, Boston, president of the Chamber; L. S. Gillette, Minneapolis, Minn.; J. H. Defrees, Chicago; John Joy Edson, Washington; Wm. H. Stevenson, Pittsburgh. Top row—D. A. Skinner, Washington; Elliot H. Goodwin, secretary of the Chamber, Washington; H. L. Ferguson, Newport News, Va.; W. M. McCormick, Baltimore, Md.; A. I. Esberg, San Francisco, Cal.; R. T. Cuningham, Fairmont, W. Va.; Wm. Butterworth, Moline, Ill.; Frederick E. Boothby, Portland, Me.

The meeting of the National Chamber of Commerce in Washington has been one of the most important business gatherings held in many years. This photograph shows the officers, who hail from many different sections of the country.

SPORTS

ELON BASEBALL SCHEDULE.

Twenty-Four Games Planned, Two or Three Yet Pending.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Elon College, N. C., Feb. 15.—The Elon baseball schedule for this year includes 24 games, two or three of which are pending, the dates not having yet been mutually agreed upon between the teams.

The following is the schedule in detail:

March 18—Carolina at Chapel Hill.
March 21—Guilford at Guilford.
March 24.—Wake Forest at Wake Forest.
March 25—A. & M. at Raleigh.
March 28—Lenoir at Elon.
March 29—Davidson at Davidson.
March 30—Belmont at Belmont.
March 31—Wofford at Spartanburg.
April 1—Furman at Greenville.
April 6 and 7—William and Mary at Elon.
April 11—Eastern College at Elon.
April 12.—Wofford at Elon.
April 17.—V. C. C. at Lynchburg, Va.
April 18—Roanoke at Salem, Va.
April 19 and 20—V. P. I. at Blacksburg, Va.
April 21—Open.
April 22—V. M. I. at Lexington, Va.
April 24—Easter Monday, open.
April 25—Davidson at Elon.
April 28—Guilford at Elon.
May 1—U. S. C. at Elon.
May 6—Guilford at Gibsonville.
Wake Forest and A. & M. pending.

SUIT FOR $55,555 BROUGHT AGAINST CHARLES P. TAFT.

Charles Schamlstig Claims Defendant Owes Him That Amount.

Cincinnati, Feb. 15. —Charles Schamlstig, who acted as agent for Charles P. Taft in the final negotiations for the sale of the Chicago National League club to Charles Weeghman, of Chicago, filed suit today in common pleas court against Taft for $55,555 which he claimed is due him for stock which he owned in the club.

In his petition Schamlstig alleges he owned 100 shares of the stock of the Chicago club and that he turned it over to Taft. He says Taft later sold it to Weeghman together with 800 shares.

Schamlstig further alleges that Taft received $500,000 for the 900 shares and that he refused to turn over $55,555 which Schamlstig says was received for his 100 shares. Schamlstig was formerly employed in Taft's office here.

SALE OF CLEVELAND AMERICANS

Is Practically Completed According to Statement by Johnson.

Chicvago, Feb. 15.—The sale of the Cleveland American League club to new owners has been practically completed, according to a statement made tonight by President B. B. Johnson, of the league, who declined to confirm or deny various rumors that Charles W. Murphy, former Cub owner, was to be one of the stockholders or that Chicago capital was interested. The formal announcement probably will be made in Cleveland. The change in ownership is likely to involve no change in management, according to Mr. Johnson.

TICKETS NOW ON SALE FOR MATCH FRIDAY NIGHT

Ladies Will be Charged Admission This Time—Bout Begins at 8:15.

Tickets for the Hanson-Hartley wrestling match, to be held at Woolvin Hall Friday night, went on sale at Warren's Cigar Store yesterday, and seats are being reserved very fast. All indications are that the match will be witnessed by the largest crowd to turn out for a wrestling match here, and in view of the fact that the hall will in all probability be crowded to its capacity, ladies will not be admitted free, as has been the custom when accompanied by an escort, but will be charged admission.

The match Friday night will begin promptly at 8:15 o'clock, and there will be no preliminaries. It has been the custom to start the matches at 8:30, the preliminaries going on first, and then the main bout, which, because of the preliminaries, usually did not begin until 9 o'clock. When the match went for some time, this caused suburbanites considerable inconvenience, and as many fans from the suburbs are counting on seeing the match Friday night, it has been decided to eliminate the preliminaries and to start the main bout promptly at 8:15 o'clock.

Hanson and Hartley are both in splendid condition, and both are within a few pounds of the weight they will have to make Friday night—148—so they are not doing any extremely hard training, but merely working enough to keep them in form and to reduce their weight gradually.

It is said in sporting circles that considerable money is offered on either man, with no odds asked, and judging from this the local fans are divided in their opinion as to which man will win.

J. FRANKLIN BAKER JOINS THE YANKEES.



New York, Feb. 15.—John Franklin Baker, former star third baseman of the Philadelphia American League baseball team, has been bought by the New York Americans, according to announcement made by Manager William E. Donovan, of the Yankees, tonight. The price was not made public.

TRINITY DEFEATS DAVIDSON IN SNAPPY GAME IN DURHAM

Methodists Gain Lead in Outset, Never to be Overcome by Presbyterians

(Special Star Telegram).

Durham, N. C., Feb. 15.—In one of the snappiest games of the season, Trinity defeated Davidson here tonight, 38 to 22. Trinity gained at the outset a lead which was never lost. The first half ended with the score standing 20 to 7 in favor of Trinity, but Davidson showed better form in the second period.

Martin led the scoring for Trinity with four field foals and four foul goals. Ferrell and Anderson showed fair form in passing and scored four and five goals, respectively.

Bunting was strong on the jump and pocketed the ball three times. Reese was the star of the Davidson quintet, getting four field goals and four foul goals. Wood was particularly effective in passing and scored three field goals.

Line-up:

Trinity	Position	Davidson
Ferrell	RF	King
Anderson	LF	Wood
Bunting	C	Hengefeldt
Lilley	DG	Reece, (Capt).
Martin, (Capt).	LG	Younger

Subs: Walker for Younger, Patton for Lilley; goals, Trinity, Ferrell four, Anderson 5, Bunting 3, Lilley 1, Martin 4; Davidson, King 1, Wood 3, Hengefeldt 1, Reece four goals, Martin 4 out of 11. Reese 4 out of 6. Referee Holcombe, Durham Y. M. C. A.. Time of halves 20 minutes.

TO BE PLAYED IN NEW YORK.

Next Year's Army-Navy Football Game and Probably Those Following.

Philadelphia, Feb. 15.—Next year's Army-Navy football game and perhaps all future contests between these two elevens will be played in New York City, according to an announcement made here tonight by Dr. J. William White, chairman of the University of Pennsylvania committee on the Army and Navy football games.

New York, Feb. 15. — Alberto Coda Camillo, who is said to have admitted he is acquainted with Jean Crones, the Chicago chef who helped prepare the banquet at which Archbishop Mundelein and many other priests were poisoned, was arrested at his home here tonight on the charge of having a loaded revolver in his possession. Detectives declared they found a large quantity of anarchistic literature in his room.

REFEREE FOR THE $2,333 A MINUTE FIGHT.



Charley White in Two Poses in the Ring.

These photographs showed Charley White, referee for the Willard-Moran ten round bout, promoted by Tex Rickard, in action in the ring. One picture shows his usual attitude when watching the fighters and the other shows him counting out the man who has gone down. In his long career White has counted out many, but he never before had an opportunity to count out a man who was fighting in a contest which cost the promoter $2,333 a minute, as this one will. The men will battle 30 minutes—or less if one is knocked out—for $70,000.

Willard-Moran Bout is Again Postponed

MARCH 25 IS NEW DATE SET, IN ORDER THAT WILLARD MAY FURTHER CONDITION AFTER RECENT ILLNESS, IT IS SAID.

Chicago, Feb. 15.—David Lewinsohn, Chicago representative of the promoters of the Willard-Moran boxing match, stated tonight that it had been tentatively postponed until Saturday, March 25.

Willard is said to have refused flatly to fight on March 8, the date originally set. Willard, he admitted, owing to recent illness from a cold, needs more time for conditioning.

"I suggested the new date in a telephone conversation with Texas Rickard at New York today," said Mr. Lewinsohn. "Tom Jones, Willard's manager, was with Rickard while he talked, and neither objected to this date.

"However, the fate of the combat will be settled in Chicago tomorrow at 1 o'clock. Jones will be here and we will thresh it out with Willard."



Watch your step!

It's easy to change the shape and color of unsalable brands to imitate the Prince Albert tidy red tin, *but it is impossible* to imitate the flavor of Prince Albert tobacco! The patented process protects that!

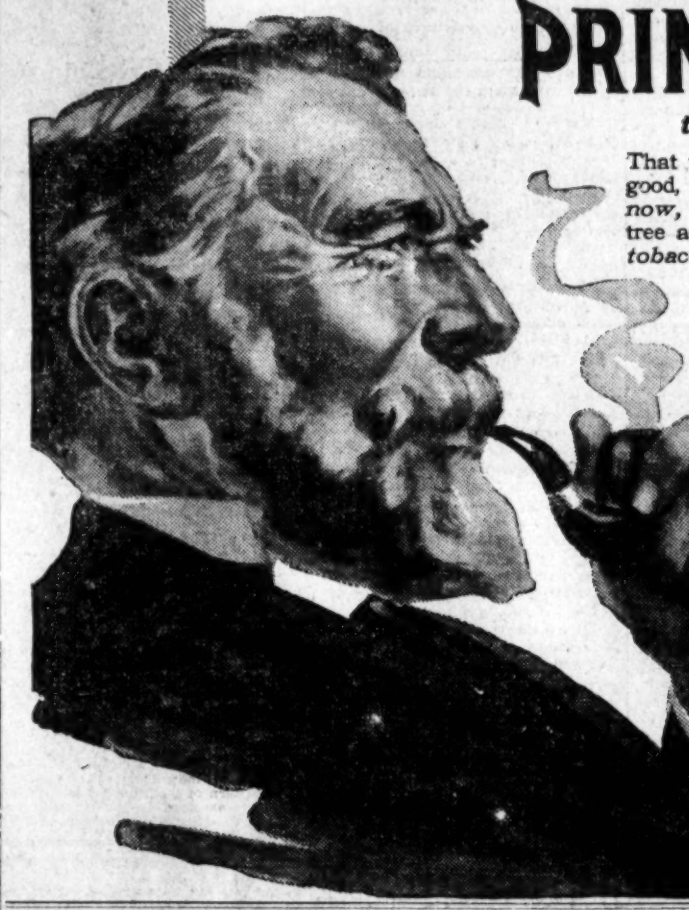
Prince Albert is so friendly and so all-fired-good

that it just makes a man sorry-like that he didn't get onto this pipe thing and cigarette rolling stunt a-while-ago. He counts it lost time quick as the joy'us goodness of this P. A. tobacco gets firm set into his happiness division. The patented process fixes that—and *cuts out* bite and parch!

Men, it's so easy to get on the right track for straight-ahead-action—*and the ride only stands you 5c or 10c*—that it sure is due you, due your tongue, due your contentment-container to know how much you'll like

PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke



That tobacco appetite of yours, when it gets-going-good, is as fierce as a baby's cry for milk! *Right now,* while you feel it digging in, do that little old tree act—*leave for the nearest store that sells tobacco!* And get yours!

Because Prince Albert, jammed into a jimmy pipe or rolled into a makin's cigarette, taxes the joy-speed-limit! And you'll get the listen of what that means the minute you put some P. A. next to a match! You'll get flavor and aroma and coolness that will set-to-rest-for-all-time any *odd* notions you ever concocted about pipe-pleasure and makin's pleasure!

All over the U. S.—and in every civilized country in the world—you'll find P. A. cheerily awaiting your howdy-do in toppy red bags, 5c; tidy red tins, 10c; handsome pound and half-pound tin humidors—and—in that corking-fine crystal-glass humidor with sponge-moistener top that not only keeps the tobacco in such clever trim, but is such a nifty thing to have about!

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

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"LITTLE MOTHER" COMING

She Visits Fayetteville; Wilmington Next—Cumberland Republicans Active.

(By Asa Biggs.)

Fayetteville, N. C., Feb. 15. — Mrs. L. H. Baker, known among the prisoners of the South as the "Little Mother," is in Fayetteville for a few days. Arrangements have been made to have her address the prisoners in the local jail and she will probably do it tomorrow.

The Star correspondent talked with her today. She is a small woman, apparently 35 years old, and has devoted the last fifteen years of her life to work among the prisioners in the South. She is a member of the National Prisoners' Aid Society.

She was standing on the street today. Two little orphan boys held one of her hands, while in the other hand she held a little orphan baby boy—given to her by the police in Charlotte—and she said she was going to raise it for her own. She has just established a home for orphans at Loray, N. C. near Gastonia. There are 15 orphans in the home there, she said.

"One of these little boys bears the name of Paul. The other is named Silas," she said.

"Do you suppose they will ever get in jail?" she was asked.

"Well, if they get in jail on the same charge that Paul did, I shall not worry," she replied.

Mrs. Baker has held service with Mrs. Ida Ball Warren, now awaiting execution in Raleigh.

"Mrs. Warren first told me she was not ready to die, but later, when I saw her again, she said she was ready to meet God," Mrs. Baker said.

Mrs. Baker's home, which she has recently established, is kept up by public subscription. She does not beg for anything, but does not refuse anything any one may offer. She said that she was opposed to capital punishment. She declared that those who commit crime ought to be kept in prison.

"That is a greater punishment than death," she said.

While here, Mrs. Baker has collected a goodly sum of money for the home at Loray. She will leave tomorrow, she said, for Wilmington, and will then go to Raleigh.

No Incinerator.

The board of audit and finance of the city yesterday turned down the proposition to purchase an incinerator for Fayetteville. The action of the board in turning down this proposition, which had been approved by the board of aldermen in a special meeting two weeks ago, came as a great surprise, as it had been liberally forecasted that the incinerator would be purchased.

The purchase of an incinerator had been highly recommended by local health authorities, and by the chamber of commerce. The proposition will, in all probability, go back to the board of aldermen for another vote. It is not probable that the incinerator plant will be purchased soon, the Star correspondent was informed this morning.

As the last episode in their series of troubles, the Show Girl Comedy Company, two of its members were re-arrested on a civil charge yesterday afternoon, following their acquittal in Recorder's Court yesterday morning on a charge of attempting to beat their board bill. Bail was fixed at $50 each, and the case will probably be tried tomorrow morning.

Wilmington-Fayetteville Highway.

The chamber of commerce has received a letter from the Wilmington-Fayetteville Highway Association, asking that the body get busy soliciting subscriptions, so that the work on the highway may be pushed forward. It is to be noted that the motto adopted by the association is "Fayetteville to the Sea," and it is generally concluded here that it means to Wilmington.

Sheriff McGeachy's office in the court house has just been given a thorough cleaning out, repainting and cleaning up. The sheriff was recently married, and a number of his intimate friends are hinting that that is the reason his office is getting cleaned up.

Republicans Getting Busy.

The Republicans are not going to let the Democrats steal a march on them in this section, it is evident. Appeals to the Republicans to unite forces and "get rid of the bosses" are being sent out.

Attention is called to the constantly repeated Republican statement that taxes are too high.

TRINITY COLLEGE NOTES

Dr. Glasson Honored—Campus Club Entertains—Librarian Reports.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Trinity College, N. C., Feb. 15.—Dr. William H. Glasson, of the department of economics, has recently been notified that he has been appointed on the executive committee of the American Economics Association, with headquarters in Washington, D. C. The term of the office is three years. The other members of the committee are officers of the association.

The governing board of The Chanticleer, the college annual, at a recent meeting, decided to dedicate the volume this year to Professor William H. Pegram, head of the department of chemistry, and Trinity's most beloved and respected citizen. Professor Pegram has been connected with the college since his graduation in 1873 and in years and also in service is the oldest member of the college faculty. This action of the publication is a fitting recognition of the esteem in which he is held by the entire community.

The Campus Club, an organization of the women of the campus, entertained in honor of the freshman and junior classes of the college last Friday afternoon, from 4 to 5:30, in the parlors of the East Duke Building, and the reception was largely attended. This organization has done much during the past two years to encourage the social activities of the community.

The Classical Club, an organization of the students and faculty in Greek and Latin, held an instructive and interesting meeting Friday night when Mr. Homer LeGrande, of the junior class, read a paper which was afterwards discussed by the members of the club.

The report of Librarian J. P. Breedlove, of the college library, to the committee on publications, for the year ending February 1, 1916, shows that 7,164 cards have been made and filed in the library catalogues, and that 3,353 continuations and additional copies of books have been entered on the catalogue cards. The total number of books catalogued and shelved during the year were 5,144, and the total number of accessions to the library for the annual period ending February 1, 1916, were 1,696. The library now contains about 50,000 bound volumes.

Dr. E. W. Knight went to Burgaw Friday night where Saturday morning he addressed the teachers of Pender county in their monthly meeting.

To strengthen the teaching service of the high schools of Durham county and to adjust the work of the schools more effectively to the needs of the county are the purposes of a recently perfected plan inaugurated by the department of education of the college. The high schools of the county are now being inspected with a view to assisting the teachers in the planning and teaching of the high school subjects. For several years Professor E. C. Brooks has directed the professional training of the teachers in the county, but attention has been largely confined to those in the grammar and primary grades. The recent plans of the work completes the scheme for training all the teachers of the county in a specific manner. The high school work is under the direction of Professor Brooks and Dr. E. W. Knight, and the work of the grammar and primary grades is supervised by Professor Brooks, who is assisted by Mrs. J. A. Robinson, primary supervisor of the Durham city schools.

President W. P. Few went to Greensboro Friday where he attended sessions of the convention of the Laymen's Missionary Movement.

At a meeting of the Science Club Monday evening in Crowell Science Hall, Professor M. A. Smith, Jr., discussed the principle of wireless telephony.

The regular weekly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. on Wednesday evening was conducted by the students.

—The coast guard cutter Seminole, which had been in port since Sunday afternoon, left yesterday for one of her regular cruises up the North Carolina coast.

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THE MORNING STAR

Published by the WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC., Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside in county at $5 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.00 for three months, or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months. THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 51

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, FEB. 16, 1916

TOP O' THE MORNING

Without books, God is silent.
—THOS. V. BARTHOLIN.

Some's too proud to fight and some's too poor to fight and some's too rich to fight.

If we only had some way of canning some of this coldness for July and August distribution!

Our "many friends" have never been known to put any unnecessary ideas in our coco about running for several kinds of offices.

The politicians are limbering up, but some of the little scouts who don't know the lines are being chased back to their trenches.

Winter's backbone has bumped its last bump. At the same time you can't cut loose from the coal and wood man till after the March and April cool spells.

We've known all along that whatever the preparedness idea of Congress is, that is what the country has to put up with till the people's representatives get a different point of view.

When a fellow scuffles along with rheumatism for about ten days and is advised to carry a peeled Murphy in his pocket, he is almost willing to believe what the root doctress says.

Wouldn't it be funny if some indignant mollycoddle would wade into the chief detractor of the mollycoddles? It really is no fault of a mollycoddle's that he is one, so what's the use of putting the blame on him?

Somebody is urging all the pretty girls to wear veils so they won't attract all the attention. We don't want to see any such custom adopted in Wilmington, for most every girl here would have to wear a veil.

Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Squaw is now one of the old men of the Sioux Indians out West. He is a very old Indian and says he has been rewarded with long life because he was wise enough to listen to his squaw. Married men, please paste this in your hats.

Plant watermelons and cantaloupes just as soon as it is time. Last year we referred on several occasions to the peculiar sacharinity of the granulated watermelon product of Brunswick county, but everybody over there was so busy nobody took time to take a hint.

The meek may inherit the earth but the territorial aggrandizationists get the earth. They set up lords proprietors and colonial governors to make the meek come across with what they get out of the earth. The old fashioned lord proprietor was generally the chief grafter of the territory allotted to him for exploitation.

Secretary Daniels doesn't bother about calling some of his detractors infamous liars but it is probably because he hates to let them know he notices little weazen-faced imps whose motive is prejudice and not patriotism. Half of them don't know what they are talking about and lots of folks who listen to them don't know any more than the buttinskies know.

Next Tuesday is Washington's birthday. It reminds us that all of us know who Washington was, but he had many detractors who are not even known as the flotsam of tradition. A hundred years from now nobody will ever hear of the detractors of several of the presidents of the United States. That is one reason we never take much stock in a common, ordinary detractor of a government official.

The canning industry is getting to be a big thing in Florida. Probably the Floridians now realize that the maximum of profit in production is to save it all instead of letting from 25 to 50 per cent of it go to waste. A new economic system will save millions of dollars for the South. We have to take care of many industries by establishing others that are corelated.

THE DYESTUFFS FAMINE.

From some sources comes information every now and then that rapid progress is being made in this country in the establishment of chemical industries which can be depended on to relieve the dyestuff situation and ultimately make this country independent of foreign dyes. Then come contrary statements from other sources that no considerable dye industry will be built up in this country, owing to the fact that capitalists will be slow about investing money in such an industry unless there is a guarantee that they will be protected from the foreign dye interests after the war.

First, we are told that capital is being invested by the millions in American dye works, and then we are told that capital for such an industry cannot be interested for fear that as soon as the European war is over the German dye manufacturers will put the new American dye industry out of business. Probably all this is part of a programme to induce Congress to put a prohibitive tariff on imported dyes so as to build up an American infant dye industry. It is easy to see that the trend is towards protection, else the textile industries of this country will have to rely on foreign dyes that are hard to get at this time.

Yet, again, the reliable New York Journal of Commerce on Monday reports that inquiry among the large silk dyeing establishments and other interests involved in the dye situation has developed the fact that "unless additional supplies of colors are obtained from Germany or some other source, the shortage, about which so much has been written and said, will become a real famine within a few months." That was what was said last year at this time, but even so the dye famine does not seem to have reached the crisis as yet. This is said of the outlook, as The Journal of Commerce gets it:

"Estimates of the amount of dyes now obtainable in American markets vary from a few thousand pounds to a few tons, but without exception these colors are so diluted and adulterated that they have become virtually useless, it is said. A large part of these colors have been bought in China, where even in normal times only diluted dyes are sold, while the remainder have been adulterated by the speculators into whose hands they have fallen. Besides being of poor quality and for that reason undesirable, these dyes are held at prices ranging about $5 a pound, which is prohibitive."

The dye famine really is getting to be puzzling, but some Republican politicians are working it for all it is worth against the Democratic administration, as if the administration has anything to do with a situation developed by war. With about 50 years of Republican protection, they did not build up an American dye industry, so it is quite a ridiculous idea that they should be endeavoring to make a political issue of it. The dye shortage seems to be about as much of a political question as it is an economic one.

WILMINGTON DOES NOT REALIZE HER ADVANTAGES.

A gentleman who has looked over the various sections of this country with a view to comparing their resources, advantages and opportunities, says he fully concurs with The Star in its claim that the Cape Fear section has them all beaten. He says he took the trouble to scrutinize and analyze some of The Star's claims and that he started in as if he were from Missouri but landed right in tidal Carolina where the goods are actually on display, according to The Star's assertions.

He says there are fine opportunities in other parts of the country, but the same opportunities are finer in Eastern North Carolina than they are anywhere else. He says he was forcibly struck with a brief article in The Star recently emphasizing the transportation facilities of this section, and he had to admit that in facilities and nearness to the big markets, investigation shows conclusively that this section actually has no equal. On several occasions he noticed The Star's claims as to the advantages here for the canning industry and he took the trouble to visit the canning centers in several parts of the country. His investigation leads him to say that, while the active cannaing factory period lasts from three to four months in most sections, in and around Wilmington the canning season has at least seven months run ahead of it on various lines.

"I am forced to believe in Wilmington and this section," he said, "and if your people would make a systematic study of the territorial resources and the local advantages, opportunities and facilities, their boosting will have practical results. Wilmington does not realize her advantages as they compare in such an enviable way with those of other sections."

IS THERE A CORNER ON OIL?

On the New York market this week it is reported there will be another rise of a cent per gallon on gasoline within the next few weeks. This would seem queer in view of the tremendous increase of petroleum production during the past six months, especially in the Oklahoma and Kansas oil fields. It is stated on reliable authority that 115,000,000 barrels of crue oil are held in warehouses in Oklahoma and Kansas and that the price has kept on soaring till the holders have a profit of $100,000,000 in their warehoused stocks.

Is there a corner on oil? It is said the pipe line companies are the main holders of the 115,000,000 barrels of crude oil held off the market in Oklahoma and Kansas. A special correspondent of the Manufacturers' Record says most of this huge reserve of petroleum was produced in Oklahoma, where the oil wells are still in the gusher period of development. In this one Southern state alone in 1915, it is stated that 115,000,000 barrels of crude oil was produced, compared with 4,000,000 barrels in Kansas. At one time the price of oil tumbled from $1.05 to 40 cents a barrel, but the companies rushed it into storage tanks. Crude began to advance last August and it has soared till the price is now $1.30 a barrel, an increase of 90 cents a barrel since it was stored.

That shows the advantage of storage in order to prevent economic loss to producers, but the automobile owners view with alarm the great increase in the price of gasoline. Where there is such immense petroleum production, gasoline consumers are at a loss to know why a huge burden is put upon them. A note in "Commerce Reports" accounts for it by stating that the amount of gasoline produced has not kept pace with the tremendous increase in the number of automobiles in use. Gasoline users are told that they need not expect any lower prices for at least several months.

At the same time, suppose the price of petroleum would take a tumble of 50 cents a barrel! It would mean the loss of nearly all that huge profit that is counted on the warehoused oil. Oil men say, however, they do not fear a collapse.

OF COURSE, THE PRESIDENT IS A CANDIDATE.

In a very unpretentious way President Wilson has let it be known that he is willing to be a Democratic candidate for President in this campaign, although he is "entirely unwilling to enter into any contest" to secure the nomination.

The President made this known to the secretary of state of Ohio, where the President's friends want to place his name on the ticket for the preferential nominating primary. In Ohio the law requires that candidates on or before February 25 notify the secretary of state as to their consent, as delegates to the national conventions cannot be chosen without the consent of their presidential favorite.

We don't know of any demand in any state for any other Democratic candidate than the President. In a number of states his friends already have taken steps to place his name on the ballots to be cast in the primaries, according to the various state laws. We really do not see why there should be any other candidate before the primaries or before the national convention, for President Wilson is so clearly the logical and only possible candidate, that it would be folly for any Democrat to oppose him for the nomination. There is a popular demand for President Wilson and there is no such demand anywhere for any other presumably eligible Democrat.

FOR INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT.

It is pleasing to know that the committee which has in charge the promotion of the plans for an industrial community in the Wilmington vicinity met a most responsive audience last night in its appearance before the city council for a detailed discussion of the ways and means of putting the proposition on a definite basis.

It is understood that there are certain limitations that must be overcome before final action can be taken on the part of the city, but these obstacles are thought to be not insurmountable, and the public may trust council and its legal advisers to do what they can to put the whole matter on a result-producing platform as speedily as possible.

Anyhow, who wants to be regarded as a jam fed fellow? Tommy Adkins is giving them to understand that the jam idea is being carried too far. Tommy wants something to eat most of the time and jam only now and then. During the Spanish-American war some bean faddist worked off white beans on Uncle Sam's boys till they hated to hear the word bean.

"Biggest Boom in 'War Baby' Stock Since 1900". It's curious how American people follow one idea like a flock of sheep and never think of a limit till they are up against a collapse. Those who are selling the "War Babies" are not the ones who will be the losers when the normal days come again.

HINES TELLS ABOUT MEETING

Says Engagement With President Was Only Unfortunate Error.

(Rocky Mount Telegram).

Editor Evening Telegram: Reaching Rocky Mount today I see an article in your paper and other State papers saying that Gov. Daughtridge and myself failed to keep an appointment with the President. The facts are these: Gov. Daughtridge and myself went to Washington as delegates from the Rocky Mount Chamber of Commerce to a meeting of the National Chamber of Commerce. I reached Washington the day before Gov. Daughtridge did. I called on Congressman Pou and talked with him about getting the President to stop in Rocky Mount as is scheduled Southern trip. Mr. Pou stated that if the trip was made the President would stop in the 4th district. I knew that Mr. Pou could not get us a particular place so I told him that Gov. Daughtridge would reach Washington that night and asked if he could arrange for the Governo. and myself to meet the President to invite him to Rocky Mount and suggest to him the advantages of securing the next hearing at this place. Mr. Pou said that he would arrange the matter and advise me of the time. That night I received a letter from him stating The interview had been arranged for 10:55 the next morning. I went to the Chamber of Commerce next morning at its opening to find the Governor to advise him of the arrangement. But not finding him I waited as long as I could and went to keep the appointment. I was at the White House ten minutes before the time appointed for the interview with the President and learned that Mr. Pou had been there and gone. I knew of course that there had been a misunderstanding. Upon seeing Mr. Pou I learned that the time set was 9:55 and that he had dictated a letter to me for that hour but an error had been made in the writing of the time. It was one of those unfortunate errors that so often happen.

J. W. HINES.

CURRENT COMMENT

The Wilmington Star says: "Some fellow surely has inordinate nerve and galling shamelessness enough to write a book entitled The Autobiography of a Natural Born Liar. That is the limit in American litracher." Wonder if he got two dollars a word for that book? —Jacksonville Times-Union.

Our Republican friends, the armor plate manufacturers and the Gary diners are going to find that it is not as easy to purchase the next presidential election as it was in the days of Mark Hanna. The people are becoming too intelligent, they are reading the newspapers now more than ever before, and they are able to learn what sort of a crowd they are lining up with when they go to the ballot box.—Winston-Salem Journal.

The Standard would like to see the next legislature pass a law prohibiting any kind of newspaper contests in this State. They are a failure, both to the newspaper and those entering the contest. The conservative and influential newspapers of the State like the Times-Union, Tampa Tribune and Tampa Times never conduct contests of this kind. They get the business and the subscribers upon the merits of the paper, which is the right way to get business.—Macclenny (Fla.) Standard.

J. G. L. White, deputy state cotton warehouse commissioner, of Columbia, was in Darlington yesterday, at which time he completed the necessary arrangements for taking over the Farmers' Storage warehouse, of this city, in the state warehouse system. In addition to many other advantages, this means a reduction of about one-half in insurance rates and enables the holders of certificates on cotton stored in such warehouses to borrow money at very low interest rates. Mr. White states that there are now 151 straight warehouses in the system—practically all the better warehouses of the state. There are five in Darlington county—Darlington (S. C.) Press.

We have hardly though it necessary to write a line in defense of Governor Locke Craig concerning the publication that some one had said that Senator Simmons had directed him to end the wrangling at the Soldiers' Home, that it was hurting the Democratic party, the implication in the matter being of course that Governor Craig had no thought or initiative of his own, that when he did things it was on orders from Senator Simmons. Of course people with reason and sense know that there is nothing of this kind, for Locke Craig is a man who thinks for himself, a man who takes a stand for himself. He is not the kind of man who is found trimming his sails for popular approval or swimming with the tide, but after deciding what is the right thing to do he proceeds to do it. Feeling this we did not deem it necessary to say a word about the matter, but newspaper comment continuing we desire to have a say in the matter. Without any purpose to reflect upon any correspondent knowing that people of all shades of opinion talk with them, we take from the Hickory Record the following: "Whenever anything comes up in Raleigh over which there is a chance for a wrangle some industrious newspaper correspondent is quick to remark that Senator Simmons suggested something to Governor Craig, as if the chief executive did not possess a will of his own. This is gratuitous insult to a high-minded and high-spirited man, but we see no way of preventing it. Governor Craig might ask Senator Simmons' advice—we have known him to seek advice from several sources—but it has been our observation that Locke Craig acts on his own responsibility. But everybody does not know this, and consequently the correspondent can do a deal of harm." Editor Farabee while doing newspaper work in the city of Raleigh was like other Raleigh newspaper reporters, in a position to learn much of Governor Craig. His opinion is like that of the rest of us, that Locke Craig is a high-minded gentleman who does thinking under his own hat, who wears no man's collar but his own, and who decides matters on theirs merits as they appeal to him. —Raleigh News and Observer.

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The Old Standard Grove's Tasteless chill Tonic is equally valuable as a Genera. Tonic because it contains the well known tonic properties of QUININE and IRON. 50c.

Stylish Spring Suits

These are Typical Suit Values that are only made possible by Our Modern Merchandising Methods. To fully appreciate these values, you must see the garments.

American Woolen Poplin, Gaberdine Serges and a Wonderful Range of Fancy Weaves in the Popular Spring Fabrics.

$25.00 Suits, Special at $19.00

$22.50 Suits, Special at $17.50

$19.00 Suits, Special at $12.50

Few Special Suits to close out at the marvelous price of .. .. $ 5.00

Silk Poplin Dresses at .. .. $ 6.50
(The most remarkable values on the market today. Sixe 36 to 44. Blue, Black, Green, Old Rose.)

Silk Poplin Dresses, at .. .. $ 4.95
(Splendid values; good range colors.)

Silk Waists at .. .. $ 1.98
(White or Black Silk, plain tailored, the beauty and quality of this material is found only in Waists at double this price.)

Plain and Colored Waists at 50c
(Big range patterns; also Plain White and some embroidered fronts; large collar effects.)

New Spring Wash Goods Are on Display.
The showing is wonderfully attractive. Showing the New Marquisettes, Voiles, Stripes, Lace Cloths, and many other New weaves, both in solid colors and flowered effects.

SPRING MILLINERY IS BEING SHOWN.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE

NEW SPRING SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

4124 CHILDREN INSPECTED.

Alamance Completes Medical School Inspection Work.

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 15.—Medical school inspection work just completed for Alamance county, the first county in the State to engage in this kind of health work, shows in the inspector's report that 4,124 school children were inspected and that 2,950, or 71 per cent., were found to have some form of defect. Dr. T. M. Jordan, who has been the medical inspector in charge, explains that this 71 per cent includes all minor defects, which may or may not later become serious, but that 1,490 children, or 36 per cent, had defects such as to prevent progress at school and hinder the child's normal and healthful growth.

Dr. Jordan's report shows further that 55 schools were visited, at all of which he held afternoon sessions in a study of the Health Catechism furnished the schools by the State Board of Health. At 51 of these schools, he gave at night lantern slide lectures to a total of 6,750 people. In making recommendations to the county officials, Dr. Jordan especially stresses the woeful lack of sanitary conditions existing at nearly all the schools, except Graham Graded School which, he says, is the only one that can be classed as a perfectly arranged sanitary school. He notes in this connection that a smaller number of defectives were found in the Graham school than in any other school in the county.

HOW TO REGAIN STRENGTH

The great factor that retards recovery after sickness is that weakened, devitalized condition, and it will interest our readers to know that out local druggist, Robert R. Bellany, has a reliable, non-secret strength creator called Vinol, which contains iron for the blood, the curative medicinal extractives of fresh cod livers and the nourishing properties of beef peptone, all combined in a delicious native wine. For weak, run-down conditions and to regain strength after sickness, there is nothing better.

DAVID'S

ANNOUNCING THE FIRST SHOWING

—of—

STETSON HATS

—and—

MANHATTAN SHIRTS

For Spring 1916

STETSON HATS for spring are shown in new shapes that are original in style and distinctive in colorings. You will find here the hat that suits your head as well as your ideas of good dress. Price $3.50.

MANHATTAN SHIRTS are shown in a wide variety of soft and stiff cuffs. These high grade madras shirts are rich in colorings and are of various striped patterns. Price $1.50 and up.

The A. David Company

The Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes.

Health Talks

BY WILLIAM BRADY, M.D.

Reserve Power Of The Heart

GIVEN A CASE of valvular defect (caused by scar deformity following some former inflammation of the heart lining), or a case of permanent high blood pressure, or one of arterial hardening, or one of chronic Bright's disease, the important question in diagnosis and prognosis is the reserve power of the heart.

A normal heart has sufficient reserve power to withstand sudden or temporary physical strain, such as running to catch the last car home, going through an attack of typhoid fever or pneumonia, or chastising someone who misjudges one's character.

When you run for some distance you get short of wind, and then presently you get your "second wind" if you keep running and your heart is normal. This "second wind" is largely a response on the part of the reserve power of the heart. People with defective reserve power get short of breath on slight exertion and remain so until complete rest is obtainable, or even in spite of complete rest.

There are various factors which reduce reserve power in the heart. A leaking valve obviously makes greater demands upon the reserve power in order to keep sufficient blood circulating. A high blood pressure from any cause demands a more forcible heart beat to drive the blood through the arteries, and the extra work is done by drawing on the available reserve. Diseased kidneys, tobacco, alcohol, worry, irregular hours and overeating all tend to exhaust the heart's reserve. It is bad business to live on your savings.

Reserve power may be built up much as a bank balance is built up. One way is by rest in bed, for persons with heart disease. Then perhaps passive movements and brine baths. Then by graduated walks, first on the level, then upgrade for steadily increasing distances day by day.

There is nothing like walking to strengthen a heart. And nothing like running to store up reserve power.

An athlete who has trained scientifically, not in a week or two of amateur football or gymnasium training, has more reserve power than anyone else. A clean-living, healthy man has enough reserve power in his heart for any ordinary emergency. The individual with heart trouble has a reduced reserve power, and hence must beware of strains and excesses of all kinds. But by scientific treatment the reserve power of the defective heart may be so well built up that, to all practical purposes, the patient is normal.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Some Bad Guessing

One doctor I consulted told me I had weeping eczema. Another said it was itching piles. Neither examined me. I obtained no relief from either prescription. Will you kindly suggest something.

Answer—We would suggest that you protest against paying the doctor a fee if he forgets to examine you. It might be leprosy or the seven-year itch for all he can tell without an examination.

Only Cure For Rupture

Is operation the only cure for rupture in a man twenty-eight years old.

Answer—Yes, and the sooner done the better.

[Protected by The Adams Newspaper Service]

JUST RECEIVED

Car load Maxwell Cars, selling for .. .. $ 655.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Studebaker Cars .. .. 1,050.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Studebaker 4 cyl .. .. 885.00 F. O. B. Detroit
Car load Hudson, 6 cyl .. .. 1,350.00 F. O. B. Detroit

We have some good values in used cars, and anything in the accessory line. We also carry the famous Pennsylvania Tires, that are guaranteed for 6,000 miles, adjustments on easing, if any, made right here in our office. It will pay to use this tire. For fast and lasting service, 'phone 614.

Lassiter-McDuffie Co., Inc.

114 NORTH SECOND ST.

EXTRA SPECIAL!

WARREN'S ANGEL FOOD BRICK CREAM.

Delivered Anywhere, at Any Time, 6 for 50c; 3 for 25c.

TELEPHONE 248.

ELVINGTON and MINTZ
Dependable Druggists

COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!

LARGE STOCKS, PROMPT DELIVERY
"LET US SERVE YOU"

W. B. THORPE & CO

'PHONE 789.

WILL SELECT SITE FOR FLOATING HATCHERY

Commissioner Gibbs will Confer With Local Men.

State Fisheries Commissioner Will Seek Advice as to Proper Location For Steamer Fish Hawk—May Erect Other Hatcheries.

State Fisheries Commissioner H. L. Gibbs arrived in Wilmington yesterday for the purpose of conferring with local fishermen and E. H. Freeman, of the Fisheries Commission Board, of this city, as to the best location for the floating fish hatchery in the Cape Fear river. This conference will be held this afternoon. Two possible locations for the steamer Fish Hawk, on which the hatchery is located are under consideration, one 14 miles up the river from Wilmington and the other 18 miles up the river.

Through the efforts of Commissioner Gibbs, seconded at Washington by the urging of Senator F. M. Simmions and Congressman H. L. Godwin, U. S. Commissioner of Fisheries H. M. Smith has promised not only to send the Fish Hawk, but in addition, if sufficient eggs cannot be secured by the Fish Hawk, to erect temporary hatcheries for supplying fish in the waters of Eastern North Carolina, including the Neuse and Trent rivers. Commissioner Gibbs states that there is no stream in the State that needs the shad hatcheries more than Cape Fear, as there has been a greater proportionate decrease in that stream within the last few years than in any other. He states that in case sufficient small shad cannot be furnished by the Fish Hawk, temporary hatcheries will be erected on shore at different points.

In telling how the Fish Hawk was secured for the Cape Fear river, Commissioner Gibbs said last night: "Knowing that she was the best floating hatchery for this work I made application to Secretary of Commerce William C. Redfield, and requested Senator Simmons and Representative Godwin to use their influence to get the application acted upon favorably. The Fish Hawk had been assigned to the Chesapeake, and was to have remained in those waters until October, but through our efforts has been assigned to the Cape Fear river and will arrive here the second week in March for a stay of four to six weeks.

"An investigation conducted by the State Commission shows that there has been a greater decrease in the number of shad taken from the Cape Fear river in proportion to the number which were formerly taken by fishermen, than in any other stream in the State. We now have the assurance of the Federal bureau that other fish hatcheries will be established in the State. We already have one at Edenton. Temporary hatcheries will probably be established in other streams and if this is not done, small shad will be taken from the Edenton hatchery and supplied to other streams."

Purse Netters Prosecuted

Commissioner Gibbs has been very busy for the past few days securing evidence against violaters of the purse net law. During the last week in Carteret county through his efforts no less than 42 men were bound over to Superior Court on charges of having violated the law against the use of the purse net.

This morning Commissioner Gibbs expects to go to Southport in order to arrange for the appointment of an additional inspector for the district which comprises New Hanover, Brunswick and Pender counties. Heretofore one man has looked after this work, but it has increased to such an extent that it has been decided to appoint an additional inspector.

TARBORO MAN PASSES AWAY.

Mr. T. W. Thrash, a Prominent Business Man, Died Yesterday.

News has been received in the city of the death of Mr. T. W. Thrash, a prominent business man, of Tarboro, N. C., which occurred yesterday. Mr. Thrash was well known to many people of Wilmington, as well as throughout the State, who will learn of his death with genuine sorrow. He is survived by his wife and his aged parents, who reside at Brevard, N. C. The funeral services will be conducted today at Tarboro.

Mrs. Thrash is particularly well known in Wilmington, having been for some time an officer in the State organization of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. Mrs. W. M. Cressy, of this city, will leave this morning to be with Mrs. Thrash and to attend the funeral.

NEGRO GETS ONE YEAR ON COUNTY ROADS

Randolph Sanders, Colored, Pleads Guilty to Larceny Charge.

At yesterday's session of the Recorder's court, the chief sufferer was Randolph Sanders, colored, who was given a term of one year on the county roads on the charge of the larceny of certain silks from J. H. Rehder & Company last October. The defendant entered a plea of guilty to the charge.

The cases against James N. Reese charged with having assaulted his wife, Mary Reese, by beating her over the head; and Lula Williams, colored, charged with vagrancy, were continued until tomorrow morning.

FRANCES WILLARD MEMORIAL.

Special Service Sunday Evening at St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.

Next Sunday being both "Temperance Sunday" and the anniversary of Frances Willard, members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union have arranged for a special service on Sunday evening at the usual hour in the nature of a Frances Willard memorial service. Dr. McClure, the pastor, will deliver an address on Frances Willard and the choir will render special music appropriate to the service. Members of the W. C. T. U., are expected to attend in a body and the general public will, of course, receive a most cordial welcome.

Fine Holstein Cows.

That local interest in fine cattle is on the ascendancy in New Hanover is attested by the fact that on yesterday there arrived in Wilmington from New York State the first of several car loads of fine Holstein cows that are being brought to this county by Mr. W. H. McEachern, of the New Way market. The cows have been taken to the New Way farm, on the Masonboro road, and will later be distributed to the several dairies around Wilmington and among individual owners here and in adjoining counties.

CITY COUNCIL HEARS PLAN FOR DEVELOPMENT

Of Manufacturing Suburb Near Wilmington

Proposition Looking to City for Help is Referred to Committee and City Attorney for Investigation and Report.

To make Wilmington a city of pay rolls was the appealing purport of a hearing given by City Council last night at a special meeting in the City Hall to a committee representing a hundred or more citizens, who have endorsed a proposition of Mr. Hugh MacRae to underwrite a plan for building a manufacturing suburb in East Wilmington, particulars of which have been gone into at a series of meetings in the last few months.

After having heard a comprehensive statement of the plans for making Wilmington a manufacturing city by developing a constructive undertaking for attracting industries, Mayor Moore and every member of Council present very earnestly endorsed the plan as outlined. Formal action was deferred until a Councilmanic committee can go over the details with City Attorney Ruark as to the legal questions involved in the city's participation in the underwriting features of the proposition.

Mayor Moore presided with Councilmen Hall, Bunting, Merritt and McCaig in attendance. Councilmen Jones and Bradshaw were absent.

Representing the citizens who recently met and approved the "get factories" proposition were Messrs. Hugh MacRae, M. W. Jacobi, J. M. Solky, George H. Hutaff and J. S. Williams.

When the meeting had been called to order, Mr. MacRae exhibited a map of the property which it is proposed to develop as a manufacturing suburb and by statement and data laid the whole matter before the meeting in a way that gained for the plan the hearty approval of the councilman and all others in attendance.

Mr. MacRae declared that as far as Wilmington is concerned, the new plan for making this a city of pay rolls involved a new principle. First of all it is a constructive co-operative scheme, in which the city, the county and the business men constitute the co-operative forces behind it. The carrying out of the plan means the taking of idle property off the unearned increment list and converting it into a potential asset for the greater development of Wilmington along a line absolutely necessary to give the city the benefit of a constantly increasing pay roll advantage.

The property in question is a 500-acre tract in East Wilmington, something like a mile or a mile and a half from the city limits. The property was recently purchased by the Tidewater Power Co., at a farm valuation of $57,000. Mr. MacRae stated that he was satisfied that it would not be long before the property would have an increased valuation of $150,000, but the Tidewater Power Company considered that it would be worth much more to Wilmington as a manufacturing site developed along the lines detailed by the speaker.

The proposition is to underwrite it for manufacturing sites to be donated, at least half of it, to concerns which may desire to locate industries on the property. The manufacturing fund is to be $150,000, one-fourth of which is to be underwritten by the Tidewater Power Company, the remainder to be underwritten by the city, the county and the business men of Wilmington. The whole plan, Mr. MacRae explained, had been presented to more than 100 leading business men of Wilmington and practically everyone of them heartily endorsed it.

For its part also, Mr. MacRae stated that the Tidewater Power Company would extend the city car line to the property which embraces a tract lying between the Princess street road and extending along and bounded on one side by the navigable waters of Smith's creek. The Atlantic Coast Line also runs for about a mile through the property, so that the factory town to be developed would have the advantage of railroad and water connections with the railroad and water distribution system of the city. One of the advantages of the locality is that it is outside the city limits and would be subject only to the low county tax rate prevailing in the country. Industries located there would, therefore, have the advantage of free sites, railroad transportation, barge service on a stream susceptible of greater improvement for steam vessels, a low taxing rate, beautiful surroundings and street car service to all parts of Wilmington.

The development fund, including the land purchase, is to be placed in the hands of a self-perpetuating board of trustees consisting at present of Messrs. Samuel Bear, Roger Moore, John E. Murchison, J. Allan Taylor, J. V. Grainger, M. F. H. Gouverneur, I. W. Solomon, John H. Rehder, J. G. L. Gieschen, W. A. McGirt, Hugh MacRae, W. D. McCaig, C. E. Taylor, G. Herbert Smith and M. J. Corbett. With a trusteeship in the hands of 15 citizens who have the confidence of the entire community, it was pointed out, the scheme would be wholly a co-operative one, taking in the entire community—men, women and children—who will have a direct and indirect interest in it. Its great advantage lies in the fact that it will be strictly a community co-operative undertaking without profit to the underwriters or any persons except in the general benefit that all will get from the pay roll that is to result. The sinking fund to liquidate the underwriting and to develop the property is to come from the sale of building lots for factory owners, operatives and other residential purposes and also from the general increased property values that will accompany industrial development.

In brief this is Mr. MacRae's explanation of the plan and in a general way he emphasized the advantage of pay rolls to everybody and to every interest in Wilmington. The city, he declared, had waited long enough for industries to locate here, and it was time to do something to bring them here.

City Attorney Ruark referred tentatively to the legal feature of the underwriting, as far as the city is concerned, and it was agreed that he should further advise with City Council as to the complete aspect of the matter. It was the consensus of opinion, however, that barring some possible technicalities, the following act of the General Assembly of 1911, might enable the city to participate:

"An Act to promote the welfare and prosperity of the city of Wilmington.

"The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

"Section 1. That the City Council of the city of Wilmington, be and they

(Continued On Page Six).

BOARD OF HEALTH TO CONSIDER MEAT MATTER

At Special Meeting to be Held Thursday Afternoon.

Dr. R. B. Slocum Elected to Fill Vacancy Caused by Resignation of Dr. C. P. Bolles—Dr. Nesbitt's Report.

The election of Dr. R. B. Slocum to fill the vacancy on the board caused by the resignation of Dr. C. P. Bolles, the calling of a special meeting on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock to consider the question of regulating the sale of fresh meats in the city of Wilmington and the authorizing of Dr. Nesbitt to take up with City Council and the Board of County Commissioners the matter of small deficits in the budget of the Health Department for the current year, were the principal features of the monthly meeting of the Board of Health last night.

The resignation of Dr. Bolles was accepted with sincere regret by the board. Dr. Cranmer and Prof. Catlett both stated that they had endeavored to get Dr. Bolles to reconsider his resignation, but without success. Chairman McGirt and both members of the board present at the meeting expressed regret that he had found it necessary to take such a step.

Chairman McGirt thought that since Mayor Moore, who was attending a special meeting of City Council, was absent, it would be better to wait until a later meeting to elect a successor to Dr. Bolles. After some discussion, Prof. Catlett moved that the successor be elected last night and this was seconded by Dr. Cranmer.

Dr. Cranmer then moved that Dr. R. B. Slocum be elected as a member of the board, and this was seconded by Dr. Cranmer. Chairman McGirt put the question and he was duly elected.

Dr. Slocum came to Wilmington nine years ago from Johns Hopkins Hospital, as superintendent of the James Walker Memorial Hospital, serving very acceptably in this position for two years. Since leaving the hospital he has been engaged in private practice. He is regarded as a splendid physician and has manifested much interest in public health work.

Dr. Nesbitt recommended in his monthly report that Federal inspection of fresh meats seemed to offer the best solution for the meat question. He had considered the matter very carefully, he stated, and could see no other way out of it.

Mr. John W. Batson and Mr. Burton, representing the Wilmington Meat Dealers' association, and Mr. Greene Fenley, of the Sans Souci abattoir, were present at the meeting and addressed the board. They were of the opinion that the need was urgent that something be done.

Prof. Catlett, while believing that there should be some steps taken, thought that nothing should be done that would jeopardize the interests of the small farmer. Mr. Batson declared that the hucksters did business without paying license, and also did not have to abide by sanitary regulations.

After considerable discussion, Dr. Cranmer moved that Chairman McGirt appoint a time for a special meeting, when all the interests could be represented. Thursday afternoon was decided upon as the best time and the hour was set for 3 o'clock. All the different interests are to be represented at the meeting, and the question gone into in detail.

Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, county health officer, in his monthly report, called attention to certain deficits in parts of the budgets of the Health Department, and he was authorized to take up these matters with the Board of County Commissioners and City Council.

Dr. Nesbitt's Report.

Dr. Chas. T. Nesbitt, county health officer, submitted a report as follows:

"I beg to call your attention to the existing overdraft on the budget account for the current fiscal year.

"It will be remembered by the board that in composing the estimates for the expense of the Board of Health, an especial effort was made at economy. Every item of the budget was reduced to its lowest possible point consistent with effective work. The financial condition of the city and county led us to make this kind of estimate and we have consistently tried to confine the expenditures of the Board of Health to the limits prescribed. The items of the budget that are overdrawn are medicines for the indigent, maintenance of conveyance, and the contingent fund.

"The most important and most largely overdrawn item is that of medicines for the indigent. Conditions that we could not possibly foresee are responsible for this overdraft. The enormous increase in the cost of staple drugs, together with an increase in the amount of service rendered, have increased our average expenditures for medicines alone 38 1-3 per cent over the same period for last year. The expenditures for typhoid vaccine, smallpox vaccine, diphtheria anti-toxin, and the other biological preventive and curative agents are also charged to this part of the budget account. It will be remembered that in the latter part of November and early December we had to deal with impending epidemic of diphtheria. This required the use of a very large amount of diphtheria anti-toxin which was used for both cure and immunization. In addition to this, several cases of tetanus appeared. The Board of Health was called upon to furnish anti-titanic serum in large quantities for the treatment of two cases that were indigent. Both cases recovered but about 75,000 units of anti-tetanic serum were used at a cost of about $65. During the present school session in conjunction with the medical inspection of school children we have been vaccinating all who do not show a scar of successful vaccination. To date about 600 vaccinations have been performed. These vaccine points were purchased at special rates and the expense of this work to date has been $42. We are now securing our vaccine from the State Laboratory of Hygiene free of cost but it is only within the past month that this has been possible. The total expense for biologicals during the present fiscal year has been $284.74. The increased cost of medicines and increased service together with this added expense for biologicals which was so much greater than we anticipated have occasioned an overdraft in this part of the budget to date of $253.

"The overdraft in the provision for maintenance of conveyance was caused by the necessity for completely over-

(Continued on Page Ten.)

INSPECTORS PROBE CHARGES

That Engineer Bryant Jones Worked on Steamer A. P. Hurt in Excess of 13 Hours in one Watch

Engineer Bryant Jones, of the steamer A. P. Hurt, charged with having acted as engineer on that vessel in excess of 13 hours in one watch on its first trip from Wilmington to Fayetteville December 14 and 15, 1915, was given a hearing yesterday afternoon in the Federal Court room in the postoffice building before local Steamboat Inspectors Fred B. Rice and J. K. Cotton, who reserved their decision in the case.

Capt. S. M. King, of the steamer A. P. Hurt, who represented the defendant at the hearing asked that the case be dismissed on the ground that charges were not of a specific nature, and further on the ground that the jurisdiction of the board of inspectors did not begin until after the steamer was given its commission at 5 o'clock in the afternoon of the 14th of December. This motion for dismissal was denied.

Several witnesses were sworn and examined, among whom was Mr. W. H. Ward, who swore that he saw Mr. Jones acting as engineer of the steamer on December 14, just before it sailed. This witness testified, however, that he was not at the dock when the vessel returned.

Capt. William Register, pilot of the A. P. Hurt, testified in answer to questions that he saw Mr. Jones acting as engineer, December 14; and that when he, the witness, came off duty at 3 a. m. the next day Mr. Jones was acting as engineer; and that at 9 a. m. he agai nsaw Mr. Jones about the engine room.

While the board declined to grant the request made by Captain King that the case against the engineer be dismissed on the ground mentioned above, a member of the board intimated that they might be taken as extenuating circumstances. No decision will be rendered until after the members of the inspection board return to Charleston.

BRIGADE LYCEUM NUMBER

Dunbar Male Quartette and Bell Ringers Thursday Night

Thousands of communities throughout musical America attest the universal satisfaction which the Dunbar male quartette and bell ringers have given during their long life on the platform.

It is a score of years since this great organization was founded, and immediately established for itself a secure place in the affections of music lovers. During that time the personnel has necessarily changed, but there has been no letting down, it is said, in the quality of talent making up the company, nor of the splendid ideal which was before the founders. The ideal is to be a minister of joy and gladness, not to one class of folks, but to everybody who loves unusual music of the finest type, and hearty and wholesome laughter when produced by men called to this high purpose, and fitted to it by talent, training and character.

If lyceum courses were a rim on the moon, the Dunbar male quartette is one of the organizations which has traveled far enough, in filling engagements throughout American to have made two trips to that place to fill engagements. So popular has this company been since its organization that it has traveled up and down and across this country until the line of travel, if spun out in a straight line, would reach to the moon, back to the earth, and back to the moon for a return engagement. This is quite a record of travel, and it goes without saying that only a company which pleases the people ever accumulates a record like that.

The Dunbar company will be here Thursday night, giving their entertainment on the Boys' Brigade Lyceum Course, in the armory auditorium beginning at 8:30 o'clock. Reserved seats will be on sale at the store of Munson & Co., all day Thursday, from 8 a. m. till 6 p. m.

FRIENDS APPEAL TO HOGUE.

Seeking to Get Him to Reconsider His Resignation.

The following from yesterday's Baltimore Sun will be read with interest locally:

"Several warm admirers of the Rev. Richard Wallace Hogue in the congregation of Ascension Protestant Episcopal church were busy yesterday arousing his friends and supporters to what they considered the necessity of persuading him to reconsider his resignation from the rectorate of that church.

"It is understood that Mr. Hogue deprecated stirring up any excitement, as he had decided it was to the best interest of harmony in the church for him to resign. He declined personally to make any statement yesterday further than what he said from the pulpit Sunday morning. The vestrymen also were rather silent, except Dr. J. Williams Lord, who is with Mr. Hogue.

"It is probable that the congregational meeting tonight at the church will be large and some believe it will be overwhelmingly in favor of urging Mr. Hogue to reconsider his resignation. The vestry at its meeting tomorrow night will probably follow the action of the congregation, but the majority on the board has been with Mr. Hogue ever since the opposition first arose about two years ago."

GIRLS--DO YOU KNOW WHY YOUR HAIR IS UGLY?

Abigail Moore, the noted beauty authority, says, "The hair is a register of the physical condition. Cleanliness and massage, as well as careful combing and brushing are most important.

Many women do not realize the necessity of keeping the hair and scalp absolutely clean in order to look their best at all times. And yet, with only a few minutes of tonic massage, the hair may be brought to a beautiful, thick, lustrous luxuriance, and that at very little cost.

Just try these few simple directions today: Into the palm of the hand pour a little Parisian Sage, a rigidly guaranteed, inexpensive and most beneficial preparation to be had at any drug store; thoroughly wet the hair near the scalp with it and then rub vigorously until a soft tingling sensation comes stealing over the head. Do this regularly for a few days and occasionally wet your brush with the tonic and gently brush out the hair—you will surely be surprised and delighted with the results.

The genuine Parisian Sage is obtainable from R. R. Bellamy, who always sells it with an absolute guarantee of perfect satisfaction to the user or the money paid will be returned.

HOW MONEY HELPS TO MAKE THE MAN

OFFICERS:

H. C. McQUEEN . . . . . Comptroller
F. W. DICK . . . . . President
M. J. CORBETT . . . . Vice-President
J. HOLMES DAVIS . . . . Cashier
J. H. GERDES . . Assistant Cashier

Money in the Bank is More Than Money—it is Character. The man with a Bank Account is seldom out of work. His thrift is recognized. It makes him a good workman. If a man is to be selected for promotion, the man with a Bank Account is apt to be chosen. He is looked upon as a reliable man. He is a good citizen. This BANK Solicits the Accounts of Wage-Earners, Farmers, Merchants, Ladies and Children, and All Others who wish to become thrifty. It does not matter how small your first deposit may be, it will be none the less appreciated. Bring your money down today and start an account with

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were filed for record yesterday: Southeastern Railty Company to Robert Geyer and wife, for $100 and other consideration, lot on west side of Fourteenth street, 99 feet south of Dock, 33 by 80 feet in size; Southeastern Realty Company to Thos. H. Wright, for $100 and other considerations, lot on east side of Fourteenth street, 132 feet south of Dock, 33 bq 150 feet in size; Calvin Gummer and wife, to J. A. Carter, for $10 and other considerations, lot at Mercer Place.

To Move to Virginia.

Mr. B. C. Moore will move his North Fourth street drug store to Hopewell, Va., within the next eight weeks, according to an announcement made yesterday by the manager of the store, Mr. Waldo Moore. Former Councilman Moore is conducting a hotel at Hopewell and finds conditions there such that he thinks it advisable to move his Wilmington business there too. Mr. Waldo Moore will probably continue to manage the store after it is moved to Hopewell.

Will Continue to Live Here.

Councilman W. J. Bradshaw stated yesterday that the rumor that he is to leave Wilmington and go to Charlotte is unfounded, and that he expects to stay here. The rumor grew out of a business proposition which Mr. Bradshow received to move to Charlotte, but which he declined. Mr. C. H. Batson has purchased Mr. Bradshaw's interest in his furniture business here, and is now sole owner of the establishment, which he will operate under his own name.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the Office of Sheriff of New Hanover County, subject to the will of the public, at the Primary to be held in June.

Respectfully,

JOSEPH H. WATTERS.

fe13-su,w,su

The Need For THRIFT

DO you know that in the United States 66 out of every 100 people that die leave no estate whatever? Do you know that out of the remaining 34 only 9 leave estates larger than $5,000, and that the average of the balance of 25 is a little less than $1,300? Do you know that at the age of sixty-five, 97 out of every 100 in America are partly or wholly dependent upon relatives, friends or the public for their daily bread, for their clothing, and a roof under which to sleep? We all know that the one safeguard against pauperism by the countries of Europe has been thrift. France, Germany, Belgium, Holland and Switzerland have been the leaders in thrift. Do you realize that according to recent Government statistics, 98 per cent. of the American people are living from day to day on their wages, and that a loss of employment would mean pauperism for all but 2 per cent. of us?

Let us help YOU to save, and to belong to the successful minority.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

Oldest and Largest North Carolina Savings Bank.



Belk-Williams Co.

DEPARTMENT STORE

210-212 South Front Street

Ready-to-Wear News:

Just here from the Leading Makers of the Country. Our Buyers are on the "Ground Floor" n New York, and we are Showing today a beautiful new line of

Corduroy Skirts, in the latest cuts, colors and styles, at very interesting Prices.

Navys, Copens, Greens, Browns, Rose and Whites $3.48

New Shepherd Checks, separate skirts, very nobby and serviceable $1.50, $2.50

One lot of Ladies' Skirts, made of "Men's Wear Serge" in Blacks and Blues, Tailor Fashioned; well made, very nobby for "Street Wear." Our Special $4.95

Same as above material; Men's Wear Serges, in "Extra Sizes," for ladies rather stout; Special $4.95

"ONE SPECIAL NEW THING."

This lot of Skirts made for Little Women and Large Girls, with leather belt and leather trimmed pockets; newest thing out; Special Price $3.50

"NEW COAT SUITS."

In all the New Shades and Cloths, are ready for your inspection. We especially invite you to come at once and see. We are glad to have you see them. Silks, Taffetas, Gaberdines, Serges, Etc.

Prices $9.95, $19.95, $24.95, to $35.00



New line Silk Dresses, in a variety of patterns and styles, from $17.50 to $35.00

"A $2.00 LINGERIE SPECIAL."

This Special consists of Gowns and Petticoats. Real $2.00 Garments, on four counters, second floor, and they go... ... ...$1.48

Big Line Sport Coats White and Fancies, $5.95, $6.50

Belk-Williams Co.

DEPARTMENT STORE

210-212 NORTH FRONT STREET

Big Line Silk Petticoats $2.50, $3.50

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Mrs. I. K. Pinner and two children have gone to Keith's, N. C., for a visit of several days to relatives.

• • •

Mrs. J. N. Bryant left for Kinston, where she will spend several days with her mother, Mrs. Joseph Strickland.

• • •

Capt. W. A. Sanders has returned to Newbern, to which place he was called on account of the illness of his mother.

• • •

Miss Eliza Murphy left for Ivanhoe where she will attend the funeral of her infant nephew, the son of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Murphy.

• • •

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Matthew's Lutheran church will hold its regular monthly meeting this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

• • •

The ladies of St. Mary's Circle will give a domino dance at the Knights of Columbus hall Thursday evening, March 2, at 8 o'clock.

• • •

Mrs. J. H. Stone and daughter, Miss Jolia Worth Stone, have returned from Southport, after spending several days with relatives in that city.

• • •

The regular monthly meeting of the Red Cross Society will be held tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock at the Y. M. C. A. A large attendance is desired.

• • •

Mrs. H. E. Pleasants, who underwent an operation for appendicitis at the James Walker Memorial Hospital this week, is getting along splendidly, her friends will be glad to learn.

• • •

The regular monthly meeting of the Music Department of the North Carolina Sorosis will be held at 11 o'clock this morning at the residence of Mrs. W. A. French, No. 107 South Fourth street.

• • •

Chief Engineer E. W. Davis, who was recently transferred from the coast guard cutter Bear, stationed in waters adjacent to California, to the Seminole, is registered with his family at the Hotel Wilmington.

• • •

A "Silver Tea" will be given this afternoon from 3:30 to 6:30 o'clock at the residence of Mrs. Victor E. Zoeller, No. 519 Market street, for the benefit of the organ fund of the St. Paul's Lutheran church. All members of the church and others interested are invited to attend.

• • •

Inadvertently the name of Miss Elizabeth Warren, who sang a delightful solo at the entertainment given Monday night at the Hotel Wilmington under the auspices of St. Ann's Guild of St. John's Episcopal church, was omitted from the list of those who gave selections.

• • •

The Junior Epworth League of the Fifth Avenue Methodist church will give a valentine party at the home of Mrs. W. H. Schaeffer, No. 421 South Fifth street, this afternoon at 3 o'clock. Each visitor will be presented with a Valentine, and ice cream will be for sale. All children of the city are invited to attend.

• • •

Washington, Feb. 15. — President and Mrs. Wilson were guests of honor tonight at a dinner given by Secretary and Mrs. Daniels. Other guests included Governor Stuart, of Virginia; Real Admiral Benson, Senator Blair Lee, of Maryland; Representative Small, of North Carolina, and Henry M. Pindell, of Peoria, Ill.

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Magnolia, N. C., Feb. 15.—Miss Powers, teacher of the seventh grade of Magnolia school, gave her pupils a Valentine fete last night, to which the pupils of the eighth and ninth grades were invited. Cakes, fruits and other refreshments were served, after which the young people enjoyed playing various games. The entertainment lasted from 8 until 11 o'clock and was very much enjoyed by the young people.

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Tickets for Dr. Milton's lecture at St. James' Parish house on Thursday evening at 8 o'clock are selling rapidly. His subject will be "Mother Goose: The Wisdom of Nonsense." Melodies from "Mother Goose" will be rendered by well known soloists in the city. Those who have heard Dr. Milton do not need to be told that they may expect a most interesting and instructive lecture.

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MISS LILLIAN PEARL AUGER AND MR. IRA SHORT TO WED

Bolton, N. C., Feb. 15.—At a most enjoyable party given by Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Auger at their home Monday afternoon announcement was made of the engagement of their daughter, Lillian Pearl, to Mr. Ira Short, of Pittsburgh, Penn. The wedding will take place in the early spring.

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GENRRAL RECEPTION GIVEN AT GRACE CHURCH

There will be a general church reception at Grace Church tomorrow evening from 8:15 to 10 o'clock.

The reception will be held in the Sunday school room, and the entire membership of the church, from 13 years up, are invited to attend. There will be music and delicious refreshments will be served.

• • •

A delightful Valentine party was given last evening by Mrs. W. J. Farrar at her home, No. 1313 South Third street which was attended by a large number of friends. Mrs. Farrar was assisted in receiving the guests by Mrs. J. R. Chadwick. The hours were whiled away with game and several vocal numbers were sung by different ones, with Mrs. Farrar and Miss Williams as accompanists after which Miss Lucile Walton gave several pleasing instrumental solos. The guests were then shown into the dining room, where delicious refreshments were served. Those present extended their thanks to the hostess for such a plasant evening.

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NOVELTY SHOWER IN HONOR OF MRS. HERBERT CRAWFORD

Chadbourn, N. C., Feb. 15.—The high school faculty gave a delightful entertainment Monday evening at the Wilkes Hotel in honor of Mrs. Herbert Raymond Crawford, who was formerly Miss Mary Francis Mayo, of the school faculty and only recently married. Many friends of the bride were in attendance and many and rare were the gifts that go far in attesting the popularity of the bride. Beautiful pieces of artistic hand-work and other lovely gifts for actual use were indicative of the high esteem in which the bride is held. A delicious salad course with coffee and mints was served.

Dainty envelopes were handed each guest, announcing the marriage of Miss Ina Ramsey Mellette to Mr. David C. Devane, Jr., on May 3, 1916.

Out of town guests were Mrs. J. J. Anderson and Mrs. C. G. Van Landingham, of Wilmington.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. R. C. Platt has left for New York, where he will spend several days purchasing goods for his Market street store.

—Mr. J. H. Mitchell has returned from Louisburg, to which place he was called a few days ago on account of the illness of his mother, Mrs. W. S. Mitchell.

—Mr. Frank Piazzo, who, for the past year has been head baker at the Royal Bakery, left yesterday for Philadelphia, accompanied by his wife and small child.

Rev. W. V. McRae, pastor of Trinity Methodist church, has returned from McFarlan, N. C., where he was called last week on account of the death of his mother.

—Friends of General Jas. I. Metts, who has been confined to his home for several days on account of illness, will be glad to learn that he is sufficiently improved to be out on the streets again.

—North Carolina arrivals yesterday at the Hotel Wilmington included the following: R. F. Williams, Roseboro; Mrs. J. R. Hinson, Jacksonville, N. C.; J. A. Baldwin, Charlotte; F. H. Townsend, Lumberton; W. C. Brady, Rowland; T. T. Murphy, Burgaw.

—Among the North Carolina arrivals at the Orton yesterday and last night were the following: L. M. Oliver, Marietta; F. T. Wooten, Chadbourn; J. J. Wilkes and W. M. Gallant, Charlotte; C. H. Polly, Hallsboro; J. B. Schulken, Whiteville; Dr. J. S. Lane, Rocky Mount; G. J. Mitchell, Charlotte; H. T. Fisher, Fayetteville; H. L. Gibbs, Hertford; E. J. Hill, Warsaw; R. E. Buck, Charlotte; Loran Kerr, Cheraw; Geo. S. Boyd, Charlotte; S. O. Bolton, Charlotte.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Members of the local fire department were called out at 1:40 o'clock yesterday afternoon to extinguish a small blaze in a house at No. 1403 Rankin street, owned by Hon. John D. Bellamy and occupied by John King, colored. The fire was caused by heat from the chimney, and was put out without difficulty. The damage done was slight.

—Approximately one mile of sewerage mains have been laid at Carolina Place, according to a statement made yesterday by Superintendent W. E. Merritt, of the water and sewerage systems. Residents will be able to make connections within a few days. Every house in Carolina Place except a few in an outlying section will have the opportunity to make connections with the new mains.

—Wilmington has a new business establishment, the Bargain Furniture Store, No. 416 North Front street. The new concern is owned by Messrs. F. P. Reeve and J. C. Lewis, who have had considerable experience in the furniture business. The store occupied by them formerly housed the Southern Hat Company, conducted by Mr. Abe Schultz, who has returned to Kinston.

—The putting into effect yesterday of the near side stop for street cars, may cause the City Council to amend the present ordinance governing street car stops which requires passengers to enter and leave cars on the far side of street crossings. City officials are of the opinion that the near side stop conduces more to the safety and convenience of passengers, and for that reason predict that the ordinance will probably be changed to conform to the new practice of stopping cars on the near side.

ANOTHER JITNEY LINE.

Company Chartered by Secretary of State—To Operate in Wilmington.

Wilmington, as announced some time ago, is to have another Jitney line, which is to be operated by interests closely allied with the Tidewater Power Company. The Secretary of State has granted a charter to the Cross Town Transit Company, with an authorized capital of $50,000, of which $2,500 has been subscribed. The incorporators are Messrs. M. F. H. Gouverneur, A. B. Skelding and C. Van Leuven.

Two big Hudson machines have already been ordered, and will be put in operation within a short time. The routes have not yet been selected, it was stated last night. Due announcements will be made.

Report of District Nurse.

The report of the district nurse, employed by the King's Daughters, for month of January shows that she made 295 visits, spent $3.75, supplied medicine to three patients, supplied milk to one, supplied two with clothing and sent six to the hospital. Nineteen new patients were taken under care. Two of the patients died and six were discharged. Donations were received as follows: Mrs. Lyman Delano, clothing for children; Mrs. Stephenson Brown, clothing for infants; Mrs. Everard Meade, Jr., old linen; Mrs. Lewis Hall, clothing for infant; Miss Elsa Munds, disinfectants; Mrs. T. E. Sprunt, two pair of crutches.

"Oh, Well,"

you will sometimes hear a customer say: "It's Brown's; and if a thing isn't right it will be made right."

A. D. Brown

American Lady Corsets.

MERCURY TAKES BIG TUMBLE

All Weather Records For Past Four Years Were Broken Yesterday Morning—Warmer Today.

All low temperature records for the past four years in Wilmington and vicinity were broken yesterday morning when the mercury descended, according to the official report of the Weather Bureau, to a minimum of 15 degrees.

The lowest on record prior to that date this winter was 22 degrees on the morning of the 17th of January, but four years ago—January 16th, 1912—even yesterday's record was broken with the remarkably low level of 12 degrees. But yesterday morning was quite a revelation in meteorological conditions for this part of the moral vineyard and 17 degrees below freezing was indeed some cold. Ice formed freely to a thickness in some cases of more than an inch and a half and a strong wind in the early morning hours made the weather chilly—oh, yes, very chilly.

The lowest temperature occurred just before day and early risers knew before the announcement of the Weather Bureau records that a record had been made. Even as late as 8 o'clock yesterday morning the reading was 18 degrees. But as the day wore on, the slowly rising temperature promised by the weather bureau came on apace and a maximum of 37 had been reached during the day. Towards nightfall, it was, of course, some colder and the reading at 8 p. m., was 35 degrees. The mean for the day was 26 degrees.

While it was very cold in Wilmington other sections of the State were having more Arctic weather, notably Raleigh which experienced a temperature of only 9 degrees, while Fayetteville, even nearer Wilmington recorded a temperature as low as 11 degrees.

CITY COUNCIL HEARS PLAN FOR DEVELOPMENT

(Continued From Page Five).

are hereby authorized and empowered to set aside, appropriate and expend each year a sum or sums of money not to exceed in the aggregate ten thousand dollars in any one year, under such rules and regulations as the said council shall establish from time to time and as occasion may require, for the purpose of advertising, exploiting, benefiting or increasing the industries, enterprises, business interests or welfare of the said city of Wilmington or the county of New Hanover, or locating or endeavoring to locate industries, enterprises and business interests in, near or adjoining the said city or within said county.

"Sec. 2. That said sums of money may be set aside, appropriated and expended at and during such times as the said council may deem best and advantageous: Provided, however, that such appropriations and expenditures shall not exceed the sum of ten thousand dollars in any one year.

"Sec. 3. That this act shall be in full force and effect from and after June 1st, one thousand nine hundred and eleven.

"Ratified this the 8th day of March, 1911."

Messrs. M. W. Jacobi, Mayor Moore and Councilmen Merritt, McCaig, Hall and Bunting made remarks concerning the plan and purport of the scheme, and the assurance was given that when the legal status of the matter is agreed upon City Council will do everything in its power to promote what all agreed would be sure to prove of the most inconceivable benefit to Wilmington.

PLAINTIFF IS NON-SUITED.

Superior Court Adjourns and Judge Peebles Leaves for Home.

At yesterday's session of Superior Court, Judge R. B. Peebles non-suited the plaintiffs in the case of A. W. Pate and others against George H. Currie and others, in which suit was brought for the possession of a tract of about 300 acres of land near Sugar Loaf, on the ground that the deed under which they claimed title called for the first drain below Sugar Loaf, and the plaintiffs were therefore bound by the description in the deed. The plaintiffs contended that it was the second cut or slash which was called for in the deed, the land between the two cuts being the tract over which the suit was instituted. The plaintiff gave notice of appeal to the Supreme Court.

After hearing several motions in other cases, court was adjourned late in the afternoon and Judge Peebles will leave for his home this morning.

RIVER IMPROVEMENT WORK WILL NOT BE CURTAILED.

If Committee's Recommendations Are Voted, Work Will Go On.

If the proposed recommendations of the Congressional committee contained in the annual River and Harbor Appropriation bill goes through, the improvement work on the Cape Fear river above and below Wilmington will not be curtailed, according to information received yesterday from the United States engineer's office here.

The items for this district include a proposed appropriation of $83,000 for the Cape Fear river above Wilmington to secure a navigable depth of eight feet to Fayetteville; and $135,000 for the river below Wilmington.

VOLLEY BALL MATCH AT Y. M. C. A.

Game Between Association Men to be Played Tonight.

The first of a series of games of volley ball between teams representing the different floors at the Y. M. C. A. will be played tonight at 8:30 o'clock in the association gymnasium between Fourth and Fifth floors. Other games will be arranged between the Second and Third floors. The public is invited to attend the games.

The line-up for tonight is as follows: Fourth Floor—C. G. Malpass, C. C. Vincent, D. H. Howes, Jr., Fred Strickland, F. J. Seeders and W. F. Benton. Fifth Floor—W. A. Marshall, captain; B. C. Brown, L. F. Duval, Thos. Payne and J. W. Taylor.

Trustees Are Elected.

At a meeting of the members of the Rising Star Tabernacle last night the following colored men were elected trustees: J. L. Cowan, E. W. Jackson, William Gore, Henry James and Ben Dudley.

BANQUET LARGELY ATTENDED

Miss Helen Thomas Delivers Principal Address at Successful Spread Held Last Night at Y. W. C. A.

A most successful banquet was held last night in the gymnasium of the Young Women's Christian Association, which was attended by 114 members of the local association and their guests. Miss Helen Thomas, of New York, educational secretary of the National Board of the Y. W. C. A., was the guest of honor and delivered an interesting address detailing the wonderful progress which the association has made during the past 50 years.

The gymnasium was beautifully and appropriately decorated in the jubilee colors of yellow and blue, and at each guest's plate was placed an individual favor and a programme of the exercises for the evening. A great basket filled with ferns and jonquils added to the attractiveness of the other decorations. Inspiring music was furnished by the West-Whitlock orchestra during the entire evening.

Miss Thomas told of conditions 50 years ago, and referred to the fact that at that time there were no Young Women's Christian Associations at all. The speaker gave the date of the founding of the first association as March 3, 1866.

Continuing, Miss Thomas declared that great progress had been made in all lines of association work during the past 50 years, and also declared that the association had been instrumental in promoting vocational education for women. In conclusion, the speaker referred to the fact that half of the 343,000 members of the association are residents of countries which are at war, and she referred with pride to the courageous and brave manner in which these members were meeting the trials incident to war.

The following toasts were given by other speakers: Mrs. Robert Ruark, "The Association Heart," Miss Mary Miranda, "Our Y. W. C. A. Home"; Miss Duralde Borden, "The Board Members"; Miss Maude Foy, "The Blue Ridge Conference"; Mrs. Walter P. Sprunt, "The Four Y. W. C. A. Secretaries"; Miss Elizabeth LeGwin, "The Physical Department", and Miss Ada Starkweather field secretary for the Southern Atlantic States, made a brief address on the subject of "What Membership Means."

ODD FELLOWS CELEBRATE.

Cape Fear Lodge Has Supper in Their Hall—Large Attendance.

Cape Fear Lodge of Odd Fellows held a social meeting in their hall last evening, which was largely attended. The hall was attractively decorated for the occasion. A splendid supper that was greatly enjoyed was served by the ladies of Letitia Rebekah Lodge, No. 3.

The exercises were opened with prayer by Dr. S. Mendelsohn. Former Mayor Joseph D. Smith was toastmaster and among those who made addresses were Messrs. M. W. Jacobi, Wm. L. Smith, D. J. Fergus, L. L. Bacon, W. H. Sadon, L. W. Moore and Mrs. Mabel Harrison.

Many Arrests by Police.

The police were kept busy last night serving warrants and making arrests for vagrancy. The police blotter showed the following arrests, all colored: Wilden Graham, larceny; Willie Mack, assault with deadly weapon; David McKoy, assault with deadly weapon; William Johnson, vagrancy; Josephine Lee and Stella Green, aiding and abetting in an assault; Nelson Jenkins and Louis in an assault; Nelson Jenkins and Louise Graham, vagrancy; John Williams and Nettie Moore, one of the grosser offenses.

Sworn In as Attorneys.

Messrs. D. W. Burruss and Rush F. Vass, who received their license last week to practice law, were duly sworn in as members of the bar by Judge Peebles in Superior Court yesterday. Judge Peebles reminded the young men that the path of a lawyer is not always a bed of roses, and that snags are likely to bob up along the way, but wished for them the greatest success.

MR. J. A. THAMES SELECTED AS DEBATER FOR DAVIDSON

Mr. W. C. Cumming Withdraws From Finals—Junior Contest Feb. 25-26.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Davidson, N. C., Feb. 15.—In the debating contest Saturday Mr. J. A. Thames, of Wilmington, won out in the finals as a representative in the annual debate between Davidson and Erskine. Mr. Thames is a member of the sophomore class and his ability as a speaker is readily seen from his selection as a representative in this important contest. Mr. W. C. Cumming, also of Wilmington, won in the preliminaries, but was compelled to withdraw from the finals. Two teams were selected, one to represent the college at Agnes Scott in the debate with Emory and the other at Winthrop against Erskine.

The annual junior oratorical contest will be held February 25-26. At that time the juniors will play the seniors in the last game of the class football this season.

Seventeen Davidson students attended the Volunteer Conference at Greensboro last week. Two of these, W. C. Worth and L. C. Brand, made the round trip of 160 miles on their bicycles. They left here early Friday morning and arrived at Greensboro at five o'clock in the afternoon.

A NOVEL INTRODUCTION.

Dr. Howard Co. Makes a Special Price.

The Dr. Howard Company have entered into an arrangement with J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. by which a special introductory offer will be made of 25 cents on the 50 cent size of their celebrated specific for the cure of constipation and dyspepsia.

Headaches, coated tongue, dizziness, gas on the stomach, specks before the eyes, constipation and all forms of malaria and liver trouble are soon cured by this scientific medicine.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. have been able to secure only a limited supply, so everyone who wishes to be cured of dyspepsia or constipation should call upon them at once, or send them 25 cents by mail, and get 50 doses of the best medicine ever made, on this special half-price introductory offer, with their personal guarantee to refund the money if the specific does not cure.

BUY IN WILMINGTON

YOU HAVE AN EYE FOR BUSINESS
WE HAVE A BUSINESS FOR EYES

WILMINGTON OPTICAL CO.

JULES W. MALONEY, OPTOMETRIST. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

A Fine Aid For Mother-to-be

We are all greatly indebted to those who tell their experiences. And among the many things which we read about and are of immediate importance to the expectant mother, is a splendid external remedy called "Mother's Friend." This is applied over the muscles of the stomach. It is deeply penetrating in its influence. Mothers everywhere tell of its soothing effect, how it allays pains incident to stretching of cords, ligaments and muscles. They tell of restful comfort, of calm, peaceful nights, in absence of those distresses peculiar to the period of expectancy, relief from morning sickness, no more of that apprehension with which so many young women's minds become burdened. It is a splendid help. Get a bottle of "Mother's Friend" from your nearest druggist. Ask your husband to get it for you. Then write to Bradfield Regulator Co., 708 Lamar Bldg., Atlanta, Ga., for a very handsome and instructive book. It is filled with suggestive ideas of great help to all women interested in the subject of maternity. And best of all are some letters from mothers that are real inspirations. Write today.



We can go back half a century for letters from women who used "Mother's Friend." And it was this sort of recommendation that extended its use until today it is sold in almost every drug store in the United States. It is considered a standard remedy and one of the most efficient helps known. Directions for using are very easily complied with and it may be used at any time whenever needed.

From Weak and Lame To Well and Strong

Try them. Foley Kidney Pills will do for other men and women—quickly—what they have done for Mrs. Strayngo.

"Last year, I got almost down with my back," writes Mrs. E. T. Strayngo of Gainesville, Ga., R. No. 3, "I suffered from inflammation of the bladder, and whenever I stopped doctoring I grew worse. I tried Foley Kidney Pills, and after taking them awhile my bladder action became regular and the stinging sensation disappeared. I am now stronger in my back than I've been for several years, and since getting well, I've stayed well and had no return of the trouble."

Start in now to use Foley Kidney Pills. You will feel an improvement from the very first doses, showing how quickly they act on kidneys and bladder. They stop irregular urinary action, ease pain in back and sides, limber up stiff joints and aching muscles. They put the kidneys and bladder in sound, healthy condition. Try them.

R. R. Bellamy & Co.

NUXATED IRON

$100.00 FORFEIT

increases strength of delicate, nervous, run down people 200 per cent in ten days in many instances. $100 forfeit if it fails as per full explanation in large article soon to appear in this paper. Ask your doctor or druggist about it.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co. always carry it in stock.

MEAT CAUSE OF KIDNEY TROUBLE

Take a Glass of Salts if Your Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers—Meat Forms Uric Acid.

If you must have your meat every day, eat it, but flush your kidneys with salts occasionally, says a noted authority who tells us that meat forms uric acid which almost paralyzes the kidneys in their efforts to expel it from the blood. They become sluggish and weaken, then you suffer with a dull misery in the kidney region, sharp pains in the back, or sick headache, dizziness, your stomach sours, tongue is coated and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine gets cloudy, full of sediment, the channels often get sore and irritated, obliging you to seek relief two or three times during the night.

To neutralize these irritating acids, to cleanse the kidneys and flush off the body's urinous waste get four ounces of Jad Salts from any pharmacy here; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salts is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to flush and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize the acids in urine, so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness.

Jad Salts is inexpensive; cannot injure, and makes a delightful effervescent lithia-water drink.

UP-TO-DATENESS—UP TO THE MINUTE.

That's the POINT: We are right there with the goods. Why go any farther? We save you time and trouble. Just 'phone 136 and we will do the rest.

Quick service from Hilton to Sunset Park and from the Water Front to Delgado.

The OLD and the NEW are always fresh with us, because we keep our stock on the move.

PYXIS Toilet Cream.
Haseloin Cream.
Croxone, Kidney and Bladder remedy.
Parmint, for Catarrh.
Barbo Compound, for the Hair.
May-a-Tone, for the skin.
Varlex Compound. SARGOL.
Marcolized Wax and Sazolite.
Canthrox, Kardene, Sulfo Solution, Delatone, Beta Quinol, Eggel and a multitude of other articles too numerous to mention.

Just ask US We have it.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co.

The ORIGINAL "Quality" Drug-store and "PRESCRIPTION SPECIALISTS.

Larabee's Best Flour

Is richer and stronger than soft wheat flour; makes more and better biscuits, rolls or bread.

FOR BISCUITS—Add more water or milk and work dough soft. Using Less Flour. A sack of Larabee's Best Flour Will Last Longer Than Same Amount of Soft Wheat Flour.

LARABEE'S BEST FLOUR has about twenty-five per cent. more gluten than soft wheat flour, and the absorption is greater.

Biscuits, rolls or bread made from Larabee's Best Flour have a RICH, NUTTY FLAVOR not found in soft wheat flour.

LARABEE'S BEST FLOUR ground from selected Kansas hard wheat, milled by a special slow process which retains the natural wheat flavor. Ask your grocer for it.

It is Not Bleached or Artificially Whitened.

F. E. HASHAGEN & CO.
DISTRIBUTORS FOR WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE DOLLAR AMERICANA

The big, round American Dollar is becoming the unit of value the world over.

Pounds, shillings and pence, marks and francs have had their day, and now the Dollar rules Supreme.

He is worthy of respect and honor, and we beg you to consider carefully before disposing of him.

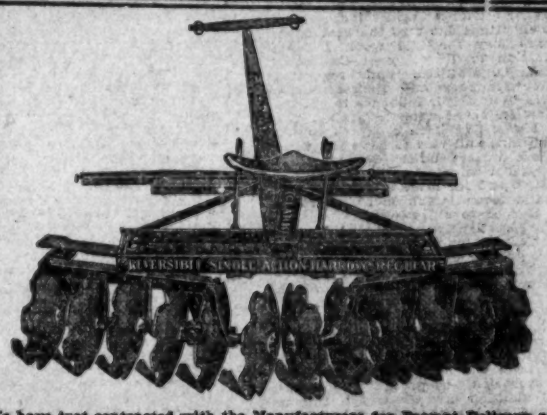
Think what he means; think of his power, his value and the good he can do.

Don't throw him away; don't spend him foolishly, but get his worth whenever you pass him along. Every Dollar, every Dime, every Nickel deposited in this bank brings its owner full value and lays the foundation for future prosperity, happiness and comfort.

Open an account today. Take care of that Dollar, and he will take care of you.

HOME SAVINGS BANK

PAY 4 PER CENT COMPOUND INTEREST.



We have just contracted with the Manufacturers for Prompt Delivery of a Carload of the Celebrated Clark's Cutaway Harrows, of all styles and sizes. We can safely say after forty years' experience in handling Agricultural Implements that these Harrows are absolutely the Best Goods on the Market Today. No Farmer Can Afford to be Without One.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.

DISTRIBUTING AGENTS FOR EASTERN CAROLINA.

Make Home Comfortable

Head Off The Cold Spells With a Vortex Heater



A Hatful Of Cheapest Coal Costs One Cent

Lasts Over Night in

THE ORIGINAL

Vortex Hot Blast

Guarantee to save you $16.00 to $25.00 in fuel every year. Guaranteed to stay tight always. Burns Hard Coal, Soft Coal, Wood or Coke without change of any fixture. A size for every use on hand here.

Come and see them, or write for Catalogue and Prices.

N. JACOBI HARDWARE CO.

10 and 12 South Front Street

NORTHAM'S

CALL, AND LET US SHOW YOU OUR $1.00 BOSTON PEN-OIL SHARPENER.

Northam's Book and Stationery Store

101 Princess St. 'Phone 651.

Quickest, Cheapest, Best

Deliveries. Prices. Workmanship.

Stacks, Tanks, Iron, Steel.

Iron, Brass and Aluminum Castings.

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS

Church and Surry Streets. Phone 213.

THEATRICAL

It's another great bargain-fest for Grand patrons today. And all for the small five cents admission, too! The headliner is a single reeler, too. So it must be big. It is! It's no more nor less than a great Keystone comedy, starring both Charlie Chaplin and Mabel Normand—two of the greatest favorites the world has ever known, playing together in a rousing Keystone scream. "Mabel's Strange Predicament" is the title, and it's a veritable scream from beginning to end. Don't miss this great combination—Charlie and Mabel, both in a single comedy. It's a feature worth going miles to see, even if there was nothing else on today's bill.

"The Silent Trail" is a great two-act American drama, a tale of love and revenge in the deep woods of the North, with Nan Christy and Ashton Dearhold, two newcomers, but good ones, to the Mutual fold. It's a story full of thrills, and besides, shows some of the most beautiful scenery seen in any photoplay in a long time.

"Sammy's Dough-Ful Romance" is a great Sammy Burns comedy—you know how they've been making you yell with



CHARLIE CHAPLIN
With Mabel Normand, in "Mabel's Strange Predicament," at the Grand Today.

laughter every week. Well, this one is one of the biggest yet, and is absolutely a knockout from beginning to end.

And there's still another one—"Grace's Gorgeous Gowns," a Falstaff scream in a full reel of laughs. Three reels of great comedy and a great two reel drama—all for five cents! Going some!

Mme. Petrova at Royal.

Supported by Guy Coombs and a splendid cast, the Metro Quality Pictures today present at the Royal, that emotional actress, Mme. Petrova, in a five-act film production entitled "My Madonna," picturized from the poem of the same name by Robert W. Service, who also wrote "The Song of the Wage Slave," "The Shooting of Dan McGrew" and other great poems which have been picturized.

In "My Madonna," Mme. Petrova, the exquisite leading star, who created the leading role in the wonderful stage production, "Panthea," is afforded her very greatest opportunity to display her wonderful dramatic talents being adriotly adapted to her wonderful ability. It is a gripping and masterly adaptation of Robert W. Service's famous poem of "The Upper Yukon." Guy Coombs, the popular leading man and formerly Kalem's greatest star, makes his debut in Metro pictures, playing opposite Mme. Petrova. A superb supporting cast includes Evelyn Dumo, Albert Howson, James O'Neil, and others.

"The Inner Soul"—Bijou.

Psychologists have always found the social butterfly a source of profound study. The type of woman found principally in the larger cities, who lives chiefly for the joys she can get out of life, and who is unwilling to make any sacrifice that will entail her personal liberty is a strange character that fascinates us all. There is something bordering on the mysterious about her that we fail to fully comprehend. The Laemmle two-reel drama, "The Inner Soul," at the Bijou today, has for the central character a woman who believes there is nothing in life but the beautiful things she can wear and the pleasure she can have in being constantly entertained. When real love comes to her she undergoes a transformation which makes one of the most stirring screen dramas of the day, starring Constance Johnson, Jack Livingston and Ray Hanford.

"Nan-Good-For Nothing" is a pleasing single-reel comedy, featuring Edna Flugrath and some English players of merit. There is considerable novelty in the cast and manner of development.

Max Asher and Gail Henry do some ludicrous stunts in the big Joker scream, "Mrs. Green's Mistake," the latest success by these two great comedy stars.

All-Star Revival Bohemian Girl.

When the Bohemian Girl all-star revival comes to the Academy of Music, matinee and night next Saturday, we will have an opportunity of hearing the world's favorite comic opera with the greatest aggregation of stars ever heard before in one company in this country.

Of the "Bohemian Girl" little need be said, its praises have been sung in every civilized country on earth and its famous numbers, such as "Then You'll Remember Me," "I Dreamt That I Dwelt in Marble Halls," "The Heart Bowed Down," and "Bliss Forever Past," as well as its beautiful chorus numbers are known wherever music exists. In spite of the fact that for years good, bad and indifferent companies have hacked away at this beautiful opera, its popularity has increased year after year, and it stands today acknowledged the world's greatest comic opera.

With such a vehicle is it any wonder that the all-star revival with such artists as Joseph F. Sheehan as Thaddeus; Mirth Carmen as Arline; Elaine De Sellem as the Gypsy Queen; Arthur Deane as Count Arnheim; Eugene Crowel as Devilshoof; Philip Fein as Florenstein; Dave Cronberger as the Captain, and Lillian Hall as Buda, has proven the one big sensation of the musical world? Critics in every city where this all star cast has appeared agree that for all-around excellence it has never been equalled, and some even go so far as to say it excels the cast originally selected by the composer himself for the initial performance.

Add to this an especially selected charus which has played together in over 400 performances and you have a combination such as is seldom seen on tour in these days.

It is therefore gratifying to know that not for years has any attraction on tour equalled the business done by this organization. City after city reports the same story: "Every seat in the house sold and many turned away," all of which proves that, in spite of the hue and cry of bad business, if you give the public something they want they will come to it.

Special bargain prices will prevail at the matinee which will be from 50 cents to $1; no higher. The night prices will run from 50 cents to $2. The advance ticket sale will open tomorrow morning at Plummer's.

Vallejo, Cal., Feb. 15.—The battleship Oregon, "Bull Dog of the Navy," went on the retired list today when she was turned over without formality to the naval militia of California at the Mare Island navy yard. She gained fame by a cruise around Cape Horn which ended in the battle of Santiago July 3, 1898.



ARTHUR DEANE, BARITONE,
Revival of the "Bohemian Girl," at the Academy Saturday, Matinee and Night.



MME. PETROVA
Starring in the Great Metro Feature, "My Madonna," at the Royal Today.

DUNCAN-BUTLER FIGHT IN STATE IS BREWING

Republican National Committee Place is Stake

Judge Cooke Continues Ill—Goldsboro Officers Reinstated—Inheritance Taxes Coming In—Anti-Saloon League Program.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 15.—Republican National Committeeman E. C. Duncan has definitely indicated to party leaders in the State that he will make a fight for re-election to this position, and work in the interest of his re-election is now well under way. There are no indications as yet as to who will be put in the race by the anti-Duncan forces, who are the progressives, and most particularly Marion Butler, who is already well advanced in a campaign to control the party forces in the State-wide all-party primaries in June.

The Republican State convention meets March 1 and it is in the convention that the final battle over the national committeeman will take place. Butler is known to be planning with the more progressive element of the party leaders to put in an anti-Duncan and thoroughly progressive man. Others are seeking to assure a policy that will ignore all former party leaders and line up a new force that will harmonize the factions for a united campaign against the Democrats on State issues.

Governor Craig today directed Judge T. J. Shaw to hold one week of court for Nash county beginning February 28 in the stead of Judge Cooke, who continues too feeble for judicial service. He is still in a Richmond sanitarium. Governor Craig has had no word as to his condition since the letter from physicians two weeks ago that the judge was showing improvement and would be able to resume his work on the bench before a great while.

Officers Reinstated.

Orders were issued today by Adjutant General Lawrence W. Young reinstating Z. G. Hollowell as first lieutenant, and Robert E. Stevens as second lieutenant of the Goldsboro company, Second Infantry. Both resigned some weeks ago and the resignations were accepted. They have decided to continue in the service, hence the reinstatement order.

From numbers of the counties of the State now there are coming to the State Treasury remittances of back inheritance taxes being collected as a result of the suit won by the Corporation Commission making real estate inherited from 1905 to 1911 liable in spite of adverse rulings of the attorneys general of the periods involved. Wake county has just collected and paid in $7,500 from the estate of Mrs. Florence P. Tucker and $55 from the R. B. Raney estate and some smaller amounts that round out more than $10,000 from this source just paid into the State treasury.

President John Park and Secretary Dixie Bowler, of the Raleigh chamber of commerce, are rounding out the programme for a big Raleigh and Wake county first dinner that will be served under the auspices of the chamber in connection with the campaign that is on for the re-organization of the chamber. The principal speaker will be Dr. D. W. Daniel, of Clemson College, who will speak on "Our Civic Duty." He is one of the more noted after-dinner orators in this part of the country. Hon. Josephus Daniels has been urged to attend the dinner but writes that it will be impossible for him to leave Washington at that time.

Anti-Saloon League Programme.

Rev. R. L. Davis, as superintendent of the North Carolina Anti-Saloon League, has called the board for a special session in Raleigh February 24 to definitely and finally outline the policy of the League as to additional legislation for prohibition enforcement that will be urged upon the next session of the Legislature. Superintendent Davis indicates in his letter calling the trustees together that some of the matters that the committee proposes to present for consideration are legislation that will prohibit any liquors being shipped into the State, prevent advertising liquors in any newspaper in the State and the sale of any newspaper containing an advertisement for liquors; limit the quantity of liquors any person may possess for personal use; stop the making of wines and ciders in the State; and stop the storing of liquors in clubs.

There will be a league baseball campaign waged in Raleigh Thursday when special committees will call on citizens and ask them to buy stock in the association. It will be a two-hours whirlwind campaign and the officers of the local association are confident of success. The management is still in debt from last season's business, but expects to start out with a clean sheet this season.

Raleigh's free circulating library, the Raney Memorial Library, added more than 1,000 volumes during the past year, having now 13,980 books available for circulation or library reference service. Patrons paid $216 fines the past year for infractions of rules, mostly for damages to books and keeping them out over the time limit.

—The friends in this city of Mr. T. Alex. Baxter, who was chief clerk at the Orton hotel in this city, will be interested in learning that he was recently made assistant manager of the Richmond Hotel, in Richmond, Va.

GRAND

CHARLIE CHAPLIN

And That Great Keystone Beauty,

MABEL NORMAND

Both Together in a Great Keystone Scream.

"Mabel's Strange Predicament"

Don't Miss This Greatest of All Chaplin's.

SAMMY BURNS

In Another Great "Vogue" Scream,

"Sammy's Dough-ful Romance"

GRACE'S GORGEOUS GOWNS

Another Falstaff Scream!

BIJOU

"THE INNER SOUL"

Laemmele Two-Reel Emotional Drama—The Stirring Struggle of a Social Butterfly to Retain the Love of a Real Man. Constance Johnson and Ray Hanford.

EDNA FLUGRATH

In a Pleasing Comedy-Drama Feature.

"Nan-Good-For-Nothing"

MAX ASHER

In the Latest Joker Comedy.

"Mrs Green's Mistake"

Tickets Go On Sale Tomorrow Morning at Plummer's

For The Original ALL STAR Revival of the

"BOHEMIAN GIRL"

ACADEMY OF MUSIC Sat. MATINEE AND NIGHT Feb. 19

THE WORLD'S GREATEST COMIC OPERA

—with—

Joseph F. Sheehan, Mirth Carmen, Elaine De Sellem, Arthur Deane, Rob't A. White, Philip Fein and 55 Others. The Famous Boston Opera Company Chorus and Augmented Orchestra.

The One Big Conspicuous Success of the Theatrical Season.

Prices: 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00.
Bargain Matinee Best Seats 50c to $1.00.

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5:00 "
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MME. PETROVA

In a Wonderful Adaptation, "The Spell of the Yukon," and Other Poems, by Robert W. Service.

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A Drama in Five Supreme Acts, Telling of a Woman's Sacrifice and Triumph—The Sensation of the Present Season.

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A Complete Stock. Orders Filled Promptly.

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Buy at Home

Following out the "Rotary" idea, Mr. Moore and his committee insist that the money that stays in Wilmington is the only money that really helps build the city. That being the case, patronize the

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

The Only Oil Company in the City Whose Money Remains in Wilmington.

IRON

2,000 bars Small Round; 2,000 bars Large Round; 1,000 bars Assorted Squares; 2,000 bars Thin Flats; 3,000 bars Thick Flats; 1,000 pieces Thin Sheets; 500 pieces Heavy Sheets.

We handle only the Best Grades of Refined Iron and Soft Machine Steel and Our Prices Are Right.

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Roger Moore's Sons & Co.
206 PRINCESS STREET.

BRICK, LIME, CEMENT, PLASTER, SHINGLES, LATHS, PIPE, ROOFING, FIRE BRICK, METAL LATHS, HYDRATED LIME, ETC.

All Orders Receive Our Prompt and Best Attention.

Just a Reminder

That Mr. Albert Rodeman, of Strouse & Bros., will again be at our store on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, February 17th, 18th and 19th, for his semi-annual visit to display our Spring and Summer line of attractive, fashionable, and the season's newest fabrics.

In recognition of your past patronage, we again extend to you our most cordial invitation to call at this time. Mr. Rodeman also offers you his time, attention and experience in the selection of your clothes.

Make a note of this today; likewise, suggest this to your friends, and call during his display. We assume the responsibility of having you entirely satisfied before closing each transaction.

Awaiting your order,

Yours very truly,

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

ONE-PRICE CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

Meat Crisps

A Concentrated Poultry Feed Made of Select Meat. "For the Hen that Lays the Golden Egg." Write for Prices and Circular.

Love & Woody

Wholesale Grocers.

We Have For Sale

100 Cheese, Full Cream.
500 Cases Karo Syrup.
500 Cases Argo Starch.
300 Bags Arab Feed.
1000 Kegs Cut Nails.

It will pay you to get our prices before buying. If we are not as cheap as the other man, we will not ask for the business.

D. L. Gore Co.

WHOLESALE GROCERS

Wilmington, N. C.

SUPERIOR TO COPAIBA & INJECTIONS

SANTAL MIDY CAPSULES

RELIEVES IN 24 HOURS

No increase in Price

The Holland Nurseries

EVERGREEN HEDGING

(Amoor River Privet.)

$3.00, $4.00 Per Hundred, Delivered. Fruit Trees, Roses, Shade Trees, Etc.

LET US FIGURE ON YOUR WANTS

THE HOME-CIRCLE-PAGE

EDITED BY LILIAN CRAIGEN ADAMS

The Day of True Lovers -- St. Valentine's

In rain, in wind, in sun or shine,
Will you be my valentine?

It is not a very remarkable verse this, and yet you still remember the thrill the lines gave you when they came to you on a certain fourteenth of February in the early part of the last century. They were writ, you recollect, in a tremulous and unformed hand on the back of a valentine that was all gold lace and purple pansies, and the whole was enclosed grandly in a square embossed envelope addressed in the same chirography. Of course the thing was anonymous and so you hoped and hoped that it came from Willie Smith, whom you then adored with all of the strength of your young heart.



In those optimistic days that which you hoped you believed, and so the next time that you met Willie Smith you blushed and avoided his eagle glance.

You can remember still with what withering rage you learned two days later that the valentine had really been sent you by the little girl next door. She had meant to keep her secret but being feminine she simply could not do so, and so she told you and met, instead of the gratitude which she expected, your weeping reproaches. What possible meaning could a valentine from a girl have for you? None, of course. You howled with disappointment.

It was your very first valentine, and though it did bring disappointment and disillusionment to you, it brought also a thrill that recurs with every fourteenth of February. Always you expect on that day some pleasureable excitement, some occurrence mysteriously romantic.

A visit to the shops yesterday shows you that styles in valentines have changed a little in the last decade. The present day ones are more substantial, are not quite so ethereal as were their prototypes, there are not so many hearts and darts on them, and the verses which ornament them seem not so saccharine.

Strictly up-to-date are these verses, however, as on one which shows a soldier laddie inditing a missive which says:

I send this little valentine
To say that I adore you.
There's no neutrality in mine.
I'm absolutely for you.

Which sentiment would gladden the heart of any maiden, be she English, German or Russian.

The fact that it is Leap Year has colored the valentine verse a bit. For instance one large card shows a lady on her knees before a very stiff and embarrassed looking young man who seeks to raise her to his arms. The inscription is: "This is Leap Year. Do it now."

A large card which comes elegantly enclosed in a box has attached to it a spray of mignonette. It says:

"I send this spray of mignonette
To show my heart is yours as yet."

The newest thing which the shops show, however, are the materials for making old-fashioned valentines. These come in packages which contain sheets of lace paper, red hearts, golden doves, pansies and other flowers. For twenty-five cents sufficient material may be had to make ten lovely valentines, and besides the exquisite joy of making them there is also the pure pleasure of composing the verses to suit the recipient. For Johnnie Jones a horrid verse all about fuzzy worms, for Susan Carter a particularly mushy one, and so on. No doubt these home-made ones will arrive in rather a messy not to say a gummy state, but they are certain to be none the less welcome for that.

Alas that not a single missive for the fourteenth this year proclaimed that age-old creed

"Roses are red, violets blue,
Sugar is sweet and so are you."

Evidently we have outgrown this simple method of telling our love.

In these days it must be known that all valentines are not paper ones. Thus at the florist's may be found wonderful, heart-shaped boxes which will hold a great bunch of violets, big enough to make any maiden's heart bound with pleasure.

And at the confectioner's are heart-shaped boxes into which innumerable bonbons may be packed to be sent out as Cupid's messengers. It is sad to have to relate that visiting cards are sometimes put into these boxes when they are dispatched to fair ones, but that is all wrong, an awful offense against good taste. The only real valentine is the anonymous one that causes her who receives it nearly to go wild with guessing. And the only one worth while has a verse attached. The verse is as necessary to a valentine as a tail to a comet or a kite, so put one in, gentle lover, even if it is so unfinished a confession of faith as:

Honest and true
I do love you.
Will you be mine?
Your Own Valentine.

Latest Electric Light Shades Semi-Circular

In almost all attractive homes nowadays, electric lights are covered with shades of silk. The ground glass globes afforded by the companies which sell fixtures are no longer considered sufficiently attractive for drawing-room, dining-room or library. And these silk shades are simple to make. Wire frames are ordered to fit the individual light and the silk is quilled on this and finished at top and bottom with one of the pretty fancy braids which are to be found in the shops at reasonable prices.

But in a certain very artistic tea-room a new treatment of these shades and a very attractive one was recently observed. Instead of each of the wall bracket lights having its own small shade each had one semi-circular in form, the flat side of which rested against the wall back of the light. It was just as if a large shade had been cut in two and a half used on each bulb. The shades were of rose-colored silk and had a top of the silk so that any reflection thrown against the ceiling would be rose-colored also.

Indeed this matter of covering the tops of lights is growing in favor and most of the new shades to be used on electric lights are finished at top as well as at sides, with silk.

Little Fables of the Business World

An Unwelcome Valentine

There was once a certain Young Man who "had it bad," and because he tried to "make good" straightway "got in bad." To put it Another Way, he and Dan Cupid crossed signals Somehow and Pulled a Bone—On St. Valentine's Day, at that!

This Young Fellow was one of those chaps who seem to Start in the Business World and Move Right Along in an Upward Direction. He hadn't been Burning Up the Road, exactly, but he had Hit a Nifty Pace. His Boss happened to be one of those Rare Birds who not only Knew what an employe is Worth but also Pay him Accordingly—which may account in some measure for Our Hero's rise.

At all events he had passed the Stage where a Hall Bedroom and Low Speed on the Pocketbook were Necessary. In fact, he could occasionally Slip Into High without straining the Engine. He had a Few Simoleons salted away and was beginning to think of the time when he would be able to Go In On His Own Hook.

But, alas and alack, his Bed was not made entirely of Roseleaves. As is generally the case, he began to have Ideas. Which is to say, he felt it Up To him to Break In. Not the Smart Set, exactly, for he was too Bright a lad for that; but he did hanker after Opportunity to wear Evening Dress and to make a Rarebit without proving himself a Cheese.

He saw an Opening and, properly Vised, he managed to Horn In. Pretty soon he was Keeping an Engagement Book. Then It Got Worse.

He picked One Damsel and—well, that's where he "had it bad." It wasn't his Fault, nor yet his Misfortune, that she happened to be Way Up In G and the daughter of a Plute. But she was; which Aggravated the Case exceedingly. Oh, no. Our Hero wasn't a Fortune Hunter. In fact, it was the Other Way round. He felt himself Weighted Down with her Wealth.

He went through all the Stages of "How can I, a Poor Lad, hope to win her, an Heiress, without her thinking I'm after her Kale?" And, "Can I ever hope to support her in a Better Style than her Pater does?"

Needless to state he was always on his Best Behavior when before Her, and he dreaded the very thought of making a Fox Paw (i. e.—consult a French phrase book) He sure was Strong for the Proper Caper.

Then, along came St. Valentine's Day. She dropped a Merry Word or two about it several days beforehand; just sort of casual-like. And he listened with his Ears propped Wide.

She got off a few Remarks anent the Sweet Sentimentality of the Occasion and the Good Old Custom which had been Handed down from the courtship days of old St. Valentine himself. Not being Up on the lives of Saints he couldn't tell her that concerning that Courtship Stunt she was in the Wrong Pew. So, he Fell For it.

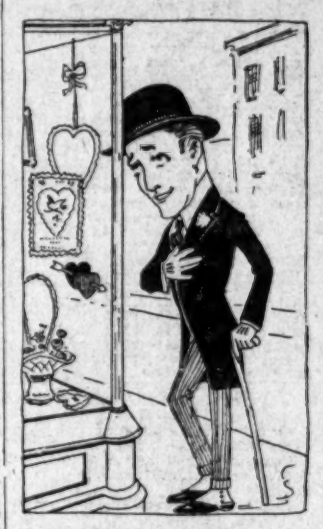
On the eve of St. Valentine's Day he stopped before a window in which were laid Out a few Bushels of Valentines. They were of Every Class and With and Without Class—and—which was More Important—in one corner was one of the Old Fashioned sort, the kind our Grandfathers gave our Grandmothers. At least, he supposed it was.

It was his Meat! That was what he'd been Looking For! Just Sentiment, Plain Slush—she would Appreciate it! So he separated himself from Four-Bits and Took It Away, box included. The Hearts on it Bled all over it; and the Verse was a Whopper, while the Cupids flitting about should have been in the Russian Ballet.

The Next Morning the Mailman left it at Her door.

And that evening he called.

"Oh, you must see my gorgeous Valentines," She cooed. "Such beauties! Look—seven Five-Pound Boxes of candy, and ten Two-pounders; four



She would Appreciate it!

Bunches of Violets and three dozen American Beauties; two books of Poetry and nine of the Best Sellers! Oh—oh, yes—I almost Forgot. Will you please look at this—this Atrocity! Some one must be Kidding me! Disgusting, isn't it? With those Awful Hearts and that Silly, Mushy verse! Really, I think it must have been meant for the cook! Now, who do you suppose could have sent it?"

Moral:—By next season Valentines will probably have Six Cylinders, Self-Starters and be cast en bloc.

SEASONABLE JOTTINGS

The smartest blouse of the moment is made of white silk in strictly tailored style, is buttoned straight up the front with pearl buttons, and has a high collar with hang-over tabs. The silk used for these is either a heavy pussy-willow taffeta or silk jersey. Both launder very well.

But—cold or tepid water and a white soap must be used for them or they will turn yellow. Also the laundress must be a careful one.

At least they are becoming and an acceptable change from the lingerie blouse which was so lately omnipresent.

And some have tucks and box-plaits as front trimming but in the most attractive ones the fronts are slightly gathered to a yoke.

Filmy materials are on sale everywhere—voiles in delicate shades and with delicate decorations, and sprigged muslins like our grandmothers used to wear. But, here's a warning for prospective purchasers—test the colors in those fabrics well before buying; give them the water test and the sun test, for you see we are receiving few if any dyes from abroad and the American dyes, alas, while their tints are quite as lovely as anything Germany can send us, are not always reliable. Not to put too fine a point on it they often fade outrageously.

This fact may drive us eventually to a white summer.

The woman who is going south is taking with her a bathing suit of jersey silk.

Straw hats are no longer merely a promise, they are now, even as the snow flies, an accepted fact. And there seems to be only two sorts—the tall, stick-up turban, and the broad and becoming sailor shape.

Leghorn is liked for the sport hat, curious as that may sound, while for the turban coarse straws—yeddas in a wide variety, Japs in a wonderful range of color, barn-yard braids, and many variations of the chrysanthemum, soutache and shoe lace effect are popular.

The newest umbrella has a pigskin handle, and a strap by which it can be carried over the wrist when it is not in use.

There is a revival of the separate belt and new ones are very gay in combinations of color.

The Townbreds and their Country Place

by Edward Riddle Padgett

An Experiment in Economy

City or country, a man has no business to meddle in the management of the household. Mr. Townbred knows it now—but he did not the other week. Also, he is at present of the opinion that a few cents overcharge on groceries is not a matter of moment. And thereby, of course, hangs a tale.

In several respects the Townbreds were most favorably situated at Five Oaks; and one of the greatest, perhaps, was the matter of supplies. They obtained them almost as easily—despite the roads and weather—as though they lived in the city.

Every morning a delivery wagon from the big grocery store in Vienna, the nearest village, came to the house, the boy taking Mrs. Townbred's order for groceries, meats, kitchen sundries and even small quantities of feed for the stock. Then, sometime during the afternoon, he would return with the desired articles.

This was most convenient. But—it was expensive, for the grocer, being quite human, charged a trifle more for his goods because of the really excellent delivery service he gave his customers.

Maybe it was simply because Mr. Townbred happened to be in a bad humor; or maybe he was cold and tired from his long ride home in the trolley; but in all probability it was because he happened to see the month's grocery bill lying face up on the living room table. At all events, whatever the cause, he took occasion one evening the other week to find fault with the way Mrs. Townbred was purchasing her household supplies.

The bill was outrageous! Why, it was easily three dollars more a month than their grocery bill had averaged when they lived in the city!

Mrs. Townbred admitted it; but she explained the grocer's convenient system of delivery which, she said, was well worth the additional charge considering the fact that, otherwise, every time she wanted something from the store John would have to "hook up" and drive to Vienna for it. Moreover, a good portion of those three extra dollars had gone for emergency orders of bran for the cow and "middlins" for the pigs.

But Mr. Townbred wasn't in the least impressed. "Then that's all the more reason you should find some other way of purchasing—"

"The only other way is to buy them in town," Mrs. Townbred interrupted. "Staples are cheaper there, I admit."

Mr. Townbred paused for thought. "Why not try it, then?" he asked. "Is the freight very much on small parcels?"

"Ten cents on each parcel," she hastened to explain. "So that's out of the question. But"—and a sly little twinkle came into her eyes—"lots of people around us make nearly all of their purchases in the city and—and carry them out on the car with them. Of course you wouldn't even consider such a—"

"I wouldn't, wouldn't I!" There was righteous indignation in Mr. Townbred's tone. "Well, I'd like to know where you got such an idea as that! I may not be a regular farmer my dear, but in times like these I'm willing to do anything within reason to keep down expenses. I haven't the false pride that prevents a city man from carrying a bundle—you bet I haven't! After this, you just tell me each morning what you want and I'll buy the things in town and bring them out with me in the evening.

And so it was settled.

When the delivery wagon came the next morning Mrs. Townbred told the boy that she had no order—and, further, that she didn't think it would pay him to come thereafter more than once a week.

And Mr. Townbred, that morning, had tucked away in his pocket a memorandum which read: "2 1-2 lbs. pork chops; ten pounds of sugar; 1 lb. of coffee; 2 salt mackerel." She deemed it wise to "break him in" gradually, and so refrained from jotting down a half-dozen other things she might have added.

That evening the car was within two stations of Five Oaks when Mr. Townbred (the reading of his evening paper completed) suddenly remembered that he ought to have some bundles with him, to-wit: pork chops, sugar, coffee and mackerel.

He had forgot to buy 'em!

For dinner that evening the Townbreds had mashed potatoes, canned corn, tomato baked in compote—but no pork chops; tea, which Mr. Townbred always detested, and—without sugar! And for breakfast the next morning he had to content himself with two eggs and—on a cold morning, mind you—a glass of milk in lieu of his fragrant, steaming cup of Java!

And yet, manlike, he couldn't refrain from laying some of the blame upon his wife when his fearful oversight came to light that evening.

"How did I know you were entirely out of those things!" he demanded. "And wasn't it quite natural that, the first time, I should forget? Besides, you oughtn't to let things get down that way. The thing to do is to buy in larger quantities, instead of a little bit every day. It saves money and it's a whole lot less trouble. Now"—he seized a pencil and pad from the living room table—"come in the pantry, Frieda, and we'll go over everything. You tell me what's needed, I'll jot it down and have the order filled the first thing tomorrow."

Mrs. Townbred took him at his word, and a tour of the pantry shelves was made. The result was a list which, Mr. Townbred later declared, was "as long as your arm." In which statement, however, it is to be feared, he exaggerated.

Could Mrs. Townbred have seen him the next afternoon trying to get aboard the car for Five Oaks she would have—well, she might have taken pity upon him and, again, she might have sat right down on the curb and laughed herself sick.

Literally, he was loaded down with bundles. From each hand dangled a huge bundle made up of many little bundles. They manifested an amazing inclination to get between his knees or on top of them. And under each arm was a smaller package. They effectively prevented his raising his arms—unless, of course, he was willing to let them slip to the pavement.

Moreover, there were at least a few million other men and women, similarly armed, all eager and crowding to get on the car at the same moment. There were only a certain number of seats in the car, you see, and those unfortunate enough to arrive too late had the pleasant prospect of standing in the aisle—and holding their bundles—until some poor, bundle-ridden commuter reached his station and surrendered his seat.



All eager and crowding to get on the car at the same moment.

Always, always during the "rush hours" there was a mad scramble for seats. And always the scramblers were mad. On this occasion Mr. Townbred was quite the maddest of the lot!

When finally he did squeeze through the crush, the only seat left was half of one of the "side ones"—into which he fell with a sigh of relief, brazenly indifferent to the fact that the packages which had been jamming him in the back all the while were held by a fat, tired-looking woman who wouldn't hesitate one minute to take a seat offered by a gentleman. But Mr. Townbred decided right then and there that, from that viewpoint, at least, he wasn't a gentleman.

He piled his bundles on the floor between his legs. And they reached to just the right height to interfere with his reading his evening paper. Moreover, when she saw he wasn't going to be a gentleman, the fat lady seemed to take a malicious delight in walking all over his packages at every lurch of the car.

Arrived there, he gathered his impedimenta and trudged wearily across the muddy road that led from the station to his house.

He entered by the kitchen door, slammed the whole lot of them down in the middle of the floor and stalked majestically through to the living room, where Mrs. Townbred was reading.

"Did you bring everything?" she asked sweetly.

Mr. Townbred glared. There was murder, arson and mayhem in his eye. "All of them? All of them! What do you think I am—a moving van? I should say not! I've enough for two more trips at the office."

"We'll see what you've brought, dear, and then I'll tell you what to bring out with you tomorrow and what to leave until the next day. Some of the things, you know, are needed right away and—"

"You'll have everyone of them tomorrow!" snapped Mr. Townbred.

Mrs. Townbred looked up in surprise. "Surely, Ruthvin, surely you don't think you can manage them all on the single—"

"They are coming by freight. I'll have them sent from the office the very first thing in the morning!"

Mrs. Townbred started to speak.

"And I don't care what it costs, either!" declared Mr. Townbred, savagely. "I always did pity a man who was boob enough to carry bundles just to save a few pennies—and if you think I'm going to break my back lugging out stuff every evening you are very much mistaken!"

The next day the delivery boy from the grocery store got an order—and was urged to come every day thereafter without fail!

(Copyright, 1916, by Edward Riddle Padgett).



Mrs Townbred took him at his word.

THE YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER SAYS



THAT a pretty table may be arranged for a luncheon or dinner on ST. VALENTINE'S DAY with very little trouble, at very little expense, and in an hour or two. All that is needed is plenty of red hearts and these, already cut, may be found at the stationery counter in most of the shops. For a centerpiece obtain a heart-shaped box or basket and fill with red roses and asparagus fern. Sprinkle red hearts lavishly over the white tablecloth, use them as place cards, and ornament white candleshades with them. Or the shades may be made of four hearts of good size.

A pretty course for the valentine feast would be a salad of tomato hearts. For this use the juice and strained pulp of fresh or canned tomatoes. Season highly with salt, pepper, onion juice, bay-leaf and a soupcon of cloves. Heat to the boiling point, strain and then add a half-package of gelatine to each two cupfuls of juice and pulp and heat again. Mould individual heart-shaped patty pans and chill. Serve on hearts of lettuce and pass with these celery mayonnaise, that is a mayonnaise to which has been added tender chopped celery. Hearts cut from pimentos may be used to decorate other dishes.

THE YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER says THAT she hears a great deal about the healthfulness of substituting whole wheat and graham bread for that made of ground wheat flour, but that few people seem to realize the advantages and deliciousness of corn meal products. The reason, she thinks, may be because few cookbooks have really good rules for these delicacies. When her northern cookbook proffers a recipe for a corn-meal dish she says it invariably begins: "Take three cups of flour and one cup of corn-meal"—as if that were a corn-meal dish at all. Corn pone as made in the South, where certainly it reaches the highest point of excellence, has little if any flour added to it, and is inexpensive, healthful and delicious. The meal should be water-ground but fine, and she prefers the yellow sort. Here is a rule for "spoon" cornbread that cannot be surpassed.

"Spoon" bread: 1 cup corn-meal, 2 cups boiling water, 1 teaspoon salt, 1 teaspoon sugar, 2 cups milk, 1 teaspoon baking powder, 2 eggs, 1 tablespoon butter. Scald the meal with the boiling water, add salt, sugar, milk, baking powder and beaten eggs. Last the butter, melted. Bake until set like custard.

For Southern corn pone take two cupfuls of yellow corn-meal, one cupful flour, two cupfuls milk, two teaspoons baking powder, one tablespoon each of lard and butter, melted, and two well beaten eggs. Mix thoroughly, spread thinly on a buttered baking pan, and bake in a moderate oven.

Bureau Silver No Longer Smart

The woman who with much pains and at no little expense has collected a great array of silver for her bureau is now quite justified in sitting down and weeping a bit, for bureau silver is "out." No longer do enormous hand mirrors in repousse patterns, no longer does a galaxy of shining brushes adorn the dressing tables of the socially elect. Their places have been taken by implements of tortoise shell or by implements of ivory.

Exquisitely simple are these pieces, and they have an advantage in that they are much easier to keep clean than are the silver ones. Of artistic designs they are, their only ornament consisting of the initials of the owner done in silver, platinum or gold on their backs.

Of course nothing is gained in economy by this fad for who can conceive of anything more luxurious than real tortoise shell articles with a platinum initial. And these have another drawback since "shell" is very fragile, breaks easily and is difficult to mend. The same is true of genuine ivory. To meet these exigencies the ever ingenious manufacturers have made imitations of both materials. The imitation tortoise shell is quite successful; the imitation ivory a little less so but well enough regarded simply as a celluloid material. The articles made of the latter fabric often have initials etched into the backs of them in some bright color such as blue or pink.

However, here's a warning even for those who can afford genuine tortoise shell. Do not use the comb which comes with the set. It is for ornament alone for even one whisk of it through the hair is apt to take many teeth from it. Two combs therefore usually come with a set, one for ornament the other for use.

The woman who has collected a large and imposing amount of silver is sure to mourn but the news of the change will be good news to those of us at least who have no silver and who can afford the imitation ivory.

ORIGIN OF ST. VALENTINE'S DAY.

About this time of the year—month of February—Birds choose their Mates and probably thence Came the Custom of the young Men and Maidens choosing Valentines or special loving friends on that Day—From Bailey's Dictionary (1731.)

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

COTTON PRICES DECLINE

Local Liquidation and Southern Selling Factors—Market Little More Active.

New York, Feb. 15.—The cotton market was a little more active today with prices declining under local liquidation and Southern selling. May contracts sold off to 12.00 or about 28 points under the high level reached on the rally of last week and closed at 12.01 with the general list closing steady at a net loss of from 12 to 15 points.

The market opened steady at a decline of 3 to 4 points in response to rather disappointing Liverpool cables. There was considerable covering around the initial prices and the market held steady right after the call, but soon turned easier, owing to increased weakness in Liverpool and continued scattering liquidation through Wall street, and wire houses. Rallies of 2 or 3 points occurred late in the morning, but the market later became easier under rather more general selling. Prices reached the low level of the day in the late trading. March sold at 11.78, July at 12.18 and October 12.32 or 14 to 15 points under last night's closing figures, and the market close dat practically the low point of the day. The market seemed to be influenced in the late trading by apprehensions of labor troubles in New England mill circles. Reports of a break in the Mississippi levee north of Et. Joseph(La., seemed to create little apprehension as to the effect on new crop prospects.

Closed steady:

	Open	High	Low	Close
March	11.88	11.89	11.78	11.79
May	12.12	12.12	12.00	12.01
July	12.29	12.30	12.18	12.18
October	12.33	12.32	12.22	12.22
December	12.44	12.44	12.33	12.35

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 11.95, sales 350 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans — Middling, 11.56; receipts, 8,284; sales, 1,300; stock, 433,661.

Galveston—Middling, 12.05; receipts, 16,010; exports, 14,297; sales, 979; stock, 310,093.

Mobile — Middling, 11.50; receipts, 465; stock, 20,126.

Savannah—Receipts, 3,206; saels, 1,343; stock, 182,194.

Charleston—Middling, 11¾; receipts, 492; stock, 86,946.

Wilmington—Receipts, 52; stock, 50,883.

Norfolk—Middling, 11.75; receipts, 2,568; sales, 209; stock, 131,419.

Baltimore—Stock, 2,709.

Boston — Middling, 12.00; receipts, 601; exports, 1,526; stock, 12,000.

Philadelphia — Middling, 12.20; receipts, 84; stock, 2,969.

New York—Middling, 11.95; receipts, 1,255; sales, 350; stock, 384,142.

MinorPorts—Stock, 62,173.

Total today—Receipts, 33,017; exports, 16,123; stock, 1,629,295.

Total for week—Receipts, 78,558; exports, 55,209.

Total for season—Receipts, 5,237,531; exports, 317,863.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 11.90; receipts, 6,520; shipments, 5,457; sales, 7,694; 196,479.

Memphis — Middling, 11.88; receipts, 3,517; shipments, 4,971; sales, 1,600; stock, 286,736.

Augusta — Middling, 11.63; receipts, 532; shipments, 2,100; sales, 931; stock, 172,436.

St. Louis — Middling, 12¼; receipts, 5,241; shipments, 5,241; stock, 17,542.

Cincinnati — Receipts, 1,463; shipments, 1,131; stock, 16,172.

Little Rock—Middling, 12½; receipts, 559; stock, 36,509.

Dallas—Middling, 11.55.

Montgomery—Middling, 11.50; sales, 174.

Total today—Receipts, 17,832; shipments, 19,900; stock, 725,874.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Feb. 15. — Cotton; Spot, easier; good middling, 8.32; middling, 8.05; low middling, 7.69; sales, 8,000; for speculation and export, 3,000; receipts, 21,000.

Futures, easy. February, 7.78; February-March, 7.74; March-April, 7.73; April-May, 7.70½; May-June, 7.69; June-July, 7.66½; July-August, 7.64½; August-September, 7.55; September, October, 7.43; October-November, 7.37; November-December, 7.32; December-January, 7.28; January-February, 7.24.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, Feb. 15. — Print cloths were firmer and more active today. Several of the large dress goods lines of staple character were withdrawn, mills being sold ahead till July and August. Men's wear continued feverish. Burlap markets hardened further on reports that shippers were unable to obtain additional vessels at Calcutta for April, May and June shipments.

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, Feb. 15. — Beeves—No trading.

Calves—Steady. Veals, 9.00@13.00; culls, 7.00@8.50; barn yard calves, 5.75@6.75; yearlings, 5.50@6.00.

Sheep and Lambs—No trading.

Hogs—No trading.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Market Stood at a Decline Throughout, But Held a Steady Tone.

New Orleans, Feb. 15.—Cotton stood at the decline practically throughout the session of the local market today, but held a steady tone. The close at a net loss of 16 to 17 points was at the lowest level of the day. The March option was two points over yesterday's close on the opening call but this was the only show of strength of the day. Liquidation by tired holders furnished more offerings than the ring could readily absorb. Short selling increased as the day wore on and was at its height in the afternoon, immediately after spots were quoted six points lower.

The news of a break in the Louisiana line of levees was a steadying influence, because of its effect on an important cotton growing section, but it gave the market no real buying power. The small export movement caused considerable bearish comment; foreign clearances for the day were only 16,12 bales and for the week thus far 55,209.

Market closed steady. Closing bid: [illegible] 11.48; May 11.77; July 12.02; October 12.01; December 12.15.

Cotton steady, six points off; [illegible] on the spot 700 bales; to arrive [illegible]; middling 11.56.

WHEAT SOMEWHAT HIGHER

Gossip as to Export Business of Last Few Days Exerts Bullish Influence.

Chicago, Feb. 15. — Gossip that export business of the last few days had been materially greater than the estimates would indicate had a bullish influence today on wheat. The outcome was a firm colse, ⅞@1c. to 1¼@1¼c. net higher, with May at 1.28¼ and oats ½@⅝ to ⅝c. Provisions finished unchanged to 12½ lower.

Grain and provisions closed:

Wheat—May, 1.28 ; July, 1.21⅞.

Corn—May, 1.28¼; July, 1.21⅞.

Corn—May, 78⅝; July, 77⅞.

Oats—May, 48⅝; July, 46¼.

Pork—May, 20.60; July, 20.65.

Lard—May, 10.20; July, 10.37.

Ribs—May, 11.40; July, 11.55.

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.26½@1.29½; No. 3, red, 1.25½@1.27; No. 2, hard, 1.28¼@1.28¾; No. 3, hard, 1.24¾@1.25¾.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, nominal; No. 4, yellow, 71@72½; No. 4, white, 71½@73½.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 3,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.) 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, Feb. 15, 1916.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Nominal.

ROSIN—Nominal.

TAR—$2.15-9c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE — $3.75, $3.75, $2.75.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 41c.; rosin, nominal; tar, nominal; crude, nominal.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine .. ..(—)

Rosin ... ...(—)

Tar 163

Crude Turpentine .. ..(—)

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 1 cask; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 227 casks; rosin, (—) barrels; tar, 227 barrels; crude turpentine, 54 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nominal. Quotations, same day last year, 8c.

Receipts—56 bales; same day last year, 591 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 149,598 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 156,616 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 15.

Atlantic Coast Line—38 bales cotton; 4 barrels tar.

Seaboard Air Line—18 bales cotton.

Str. Thelma—68 barrels tar.

Annie B.—19 barrels tar.

River—72 barrels tar.

Total—56 bales cotton; 163 barrels tar.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Feb. 14.)

SWEET POTATOES—Yams, 55c. to 60c. per bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—$1.00.

CORN—$1.75 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c; good demand.

PORK—Small, 8@10c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 17c to 20c.; first class, 27c.

HIDES—Green salt, 12@13c; dry flint, 17@20c per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 18c.; sides and shoulders, 14c. to 15c. per pound, good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 45c to 50c; spring, 20c to 35c head. Geese 55c to 60c per head. Ducks, 35c to 50c owing to quality. Turkeys, 18c per lb., alive.; 20c to 22c dressed.

EGGS—18c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co)

Wilmington, Feb. 14.—North Carolina Peanuts—New crop, market firm. Fancy hand-picked, 54c.; No. 1, machine picked, 77c. per bushel

Virginia Peanuts—New crop, steady. Jumbos, 66c.; fancy hand-picked, 55c.; No. 1, machine-picked, 50c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—New crop firm; No. 1, small, machine-picked, $1.00, Jumbos, 90c. per bushel.

Receipts—Light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., Feb. 14. — Spanish: Farmers' stock—Market firm.

First quality, $1.10 per bu. asked; green and dirty, 60c. to 75c. per bu.

Virginias, Farmers' stock — Market, quiet.

Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; shelling stock, 2½ to 2¾c. lb.

COTTON SEED OIL MARKET.

New York, Feb. 15. — Cotton seed oil was steadier early on the strong crude situation, but eased off slightly, with the lower ruling in lard and cotton, and slow trade demand. Final prices were one point higher for May and 2 to 3 points lower for other deliveries. Sales, 14,500 barrels. Closed firm. Spot, 4.40 bid; Feb., 9.40@9.55; March, 9.45@9.47; April, 9.38@9.40; May, 9.36@9.36; June, 9.35@9.37; July, 9.34@9.35; August, 9.32@9.35; September, 9.29@9.30. Total sales, 1,500.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 15. — Hogs—Weak. Bulk, 7.95@8.20; light, 7.60@8.20; mixed, 7.90@8.25; heavy, 7.85@8.30; rough, 7.85@8.00; pigs, 6.25@7.40.

Cattle—Steady. Native beef cattle 6.50@9.65; stockers and feeders, 5.50@7.25; cows and heifers, 3.15@8.20; calves, 8.00@10.75.

Sheep—Weak. Wethers, 7.75@8.25; ewes, 5.50@8.15; lambs, 9.00@11.50.

SHARP RALLY IN STOCKS

Professional Pressure Again Exerted With Varying Degrees of Success. Leading Shares Irregular.

New York, Feb. 15.—Professional pressure was again exerted with varying degrees of success in today's market, leading shares manifesting further irregularity when not heavy or weak. Among the few exceptions to this tendency were Crucible Steel, which made an extreme rise of 5 1-2 to 82 7-8, and some of the other active war issues, as well as International Nickel, Sugars, United Fruit and Oils.

Weakness was most marked in Mercantile Marine preferred, that stock recording a maximum loss of 5 3-4 at 65 1-2 on dealings that far exceeded any other stock in the list. Marines decline was accompanied by unconfirmed reports that the company's earning power is likely to undergo serious curtailment by act of the British parliament. Coppers forfeited much of the recent rise, recessions ranging from one to almost two points, with nominal support on the decline.

United States Steel and leading rails were lower by fractions to a full point, but trading in leading transportation shares was light at all times. Among the specialties of the more inactive tobaccos, People's Gas, Willys Overland and Mackay were 1 to 3 points below yesterday's close.

The entire list strengthened in the final hour, a sharp rally in Marine lifting the balance of the active list to best prices of the session. Short covering also was helpful in effecting a general price readjustment. Total sales of stocks amounted to 585,000 shares.

New financing of the day included the purchase of $18,500,000 Argentine government notes by a syndicate of bankers and virtual completion of negotiations for another commercial loan to Russia. Rates of exchange were without material change.

Bonds made further slight recessions on moderate trading. Total sales, par value, aggregated $3,040,000. Panama registered 2s declined 1-4 and registered 3s and coupon 3s, advanced 1-2 and 3-4 respectively on call.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	30½
American Beet Sugar	70½
American Can	62
American Car and Foundry	70½
American Cotton Oil	B. 53½
American Locomotive	66
American Smelting	102
American Sugar	113
American Tel. and Tel	127⅝
American Tobacco	194½
Anaconda Copper	89⅞
Atchison	103¾
Atlantic Coast Line	B. 111½
Baldwin Locomotive	111⅝
Baltimore and Ohio	87⅝
Bethlehem Steel	469½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	85⅝
Canadian Pacific	172⅛
Central Leather	53
Chesapeake and Ohio	62⅛
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	95
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	19¾
Consolidated Gas	134¼
Continental Can	79½
Crucible Steel	82⅝
Erie	37½
General Electric	170½
Great Northern, pfd	121½
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	46⅛
Illinois Central	103⅝
Interborough Consol. Corp.	16⅝
Kansas City Southern	27
Lehigh Valley	78⅛
Louisville and Nashville	B. 124⅛
Liggett and Meyers	260
Lorillard Co	B. 194¾
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	14⅛
Missouri Pacific	5¼
Mexican Petroleum	119¼
National Lead	70⅛
New York Central	106
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	69
Norfolk and Western	117½
Northern Pacific	113⅜
Pennsylvania	57¼
Reading	78⅝
Rep. Iron and Steel	53⅜
Seaboard Air Line	17¼
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	37½
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	59
Studebaker Corp	152⅝
Southern Pacific	99¾
Southern Railway	21
Southern Railway, pfd	59
Tennessee Copper	57
Texas Co	212½
Texas and Pacific	7⅛
Union Pacific	134
United States Rubber	51¾
United States Steel	83⅝
United States Steel, pfd	117¼
Utah Copper	84⅛
Virginia-Caro. Chem	47⅝
Va. Iron, Coal and Coke	B. 55
Wabash, Pfd., "B" Ctfs	27⅝
Western Union	89
Westinghouse Electric	67⅝
United Fruit	148

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, Feb. 15. — Sugar — Raw, firm. Centrifugal, 4.89; molasses sugar, 4.12; refined, firm.

Coffee—Spot, firm. Rio, No. 7, 9 ; Santos, No. 4, 10.

Butter—Firm.

Cheese—Steady.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, Feb. 15. — Mercantile paper, 3@3¼; sterling, sixty-day bills, 4.78¾; demand, 4.75⅞; cables, 4.76⅝. Bar silver, 56½. Mexican dollars, 43. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, easy. Time loans, steady. Sixty and ninety days, 2½@2¾. Six months, 2¾@3. Call money, steady. Ruling rate, 1¾.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 15.—Turpentine, quiet, 53; sales, 56; receipts, 29; shipments, 395; stock, 11,096.

Cattle—Steady. Native beef cattle, 6.50@9.65; stockers and feeders, 5.50@7.25; cows and heifers, 3.15@8.20; calves, 8.00@10.75.

Sheep—Weak. Wethers, 7.75@8.25; ewes, 5.50@8.15; lambs, 9.00@11.50.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 15. — Turpentine, quiet, 53; sales, 56; receipts, 29; shipments, 395; stock, 11,096.

Rosin—Steady. Sales, 407; receipts, 1,640; shipments, 1,270; stock, 55,287. Quote: A, B, C, D, E, F, 5.15@5.25; G, 5.25@5.75; H, 5.35; I, 5.40; K, 5.85; M, 6.20; N, 6.75; W G, 7.20; W W, 7.50.

THE WEATHER

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

February 16, 1916.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours enging at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 16 degrees; at 8 P. M., 35 degrees; maximum, 37 degrees; Minimum, 15 degrees; mean, 26 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00 inch; rainfall for the month, to date, 1.94 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday, 9.5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday, fair.

The Port Calendar, February 16, 1916.

Sun rises .. ..6:56 A. M.

Sun sets ... ...5:57 P. M.

Day's length . . . . .11 hrs. 1 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	8:04	8:22	2:55	3:34
Southport	6:06	6:17	12:29	11:53
Masonboro Inl	5:55	6:06	12:09	11:33

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

February 16, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 7 p.m.
Abilene	clear	68	32	.0
Asheville	clear	44	14	.0
Atlanta	clear	48	26	.0
Augusta	clear	48	24	.0
Baltimore	cldy	30	—	.0
Birmingh	clear	50	22	.0
Boston	clear	28	4	.0
Charleston	clear	42	22	.0
Charlotte	clear	42	14	.0
Chicago	clear	34	20	.0
Galveston	clear	56	48	.0
Jacksonv.	clear	48	28	.0
Memphis	clear	46	28	.0
Mobile	clear	52	30	.0
Montgom'y	clear	52	26	.0
New Orl	clear	52	36	.0
New York	cldy	28	2	.0
Oklahoma	clear	54	30	.0
Palestine	clear	64	36	.0
Pittsburg	clear	30	6	.0
Raleigh	clear	36	10	.0
Savannah	clear	46	24	.0
Shreveport	clear	60	32	.0
St. Louis	pt cldy	44	22	.0
Washing'n	clear	30	6	.0

MOTION PICTURE MEN TO MEET NEXT IN DURHAM.

Many Cities Invite State League—Resolutions Adopted.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 15.—Every city of consequence in North Carolina except Wilmington presented invitations from their chambers of commerce or commercial bodies for the annual convention of the North Carolina Picture Exhibitors' League to be held in their city next summer, at the morning session of the League here today. Durham was selected for the summer annual meeting, which will be held in July, this hustling city having announced a purse of $250 already in sight toward entertaining the convention.

Final session of the convention was held this morning at Guilford hotel, during which resolutions were adopted and committees named.

The fraternal and social organizations of the city have thrown open their doors to the exhibitors during their stay in the city, which has been one of the most pleasant in the history of the league.

PROBABLE WRECK AVERTED.

Bad Joint in Coast Line Track Discovered in Time and Repaired.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Magnolia, N. C., Feb. 15.—Mr. C. C. Hollingsworth, who lives about two miles from here, discovered a bad joint in a rail about a mile north of here while on his way home from this place yesterday evening about 6 o'clock, which very probably would have caused the wrecking of Atlantic Coast Line train No. 42 if Mr. Holingsworth had not come back to town and notified Section Master Ezzell, who went and repaired the bad joint. Train No. 42 has had several narrow escapes from wrecking between here and Mt. Olive in the last year, the engineer having discovered crossties piled across the track just in time to bring his train to a stop before striking them in two or more instances.

Coughs and Colds are Dangerous!

One out of every three people die of Lung Diseases—all started with a Cough.

At First Sign of Cough take Dr. King's New Discovery.

Few of us realize the danger of Coughs and Colds. We consider them common and harmless ailments. However statistics tell us *every third person* dies of a lung ailment.

Dangerous Bronchial and Lung diseases often follow a neglected cold. As your body struggles against cold germs, no better aid can be had than Dr. King's New Discovery. Its merit has been tested by old and young. In use over 45 years. Get a bottle to-day. Avoid the risk of serious Lung ailments. All druggists.

CHICHESTER S PILLS



THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

BRAY BROTHERS
STOCKS & BONDS
GREENSBORO, N. C.

WE OFFER

$1,000 North Carolina 4 per cent. Bond, registered or coupon to suit purchaser
$5,000 FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. REAL ESTATE COUPON BONDS, denominations $500.00; Interest payable Semi-Annually.
10 shares Greensboro Loan & Trust Company, Greensboro, N. C.
10 shares ARCTIC ICE & COAL CO., 7 per cent. pfd. stock, no taxes and the best investment we are offering.
10 shares of Jennings Cotton Mills, Lumberton, N. C.
10 shares Bank of Maxton, Maxton, N. C.
10 shares Citizens' National Bank, Raleigh, N. C.
PRICES AND INFORMATION ON APPLICATION. WRITE US A LINE.

SEND YOUR ORDERS TO US. WE DO IT NOW. WIRE, 'PHONE OR WRITE US FOR WHAT YOU WANT.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Cherokee, Fri., February 11
Steamship Chippewa, Fri., February 18

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Cherokee, Mon., February 14
Steamship Chippewa, Mon., February 21

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Chippewa, Sat., February 12
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., February 19

Steamship Chippewa Does Not Carry Passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.

General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

LOW ROUND TRIP FARES
—VIA—
Southern Railway
Premier Carrier of the South.

$26.75—Goldsboro, N. C., to New Orleans, La., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 26th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted on either going or return trip, or both.

$23.35—Goldsboro, N. C., to Mobile, Ala., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2nd-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted.

$23.85—Goldsboro, N. C., to Pensacola, Fla., and return, account Mardi Gras Celebration, March 2nd-7th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 28th to March 6th, inclusive, with final limit March 17th. Stop-overs permitted.

$22.85—Goldsboro, N. C., to Tampa, Fla., and return, account Gasparilla Carnival, Feb. 6th-12th, 1916. Tickets on sale Feb. 3rd to 5th, inclusive, final limit Feb. 21st. Stop-overs permitted.

Low round trip fares from all other points, on same basis.

For further information, Pullman reservations, etc., call on any Southern Railway Agent, or O. F. York, T. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

ja19-tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

NEW ORLEANS, LA $26.75
On sale February 28th to March 6th. Limited returning Midnight, March 17th Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop-over

MOBILE, ALA $23.35
On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

PENSACOLA, FLA. $23.35
On sale February 28th to March 6th, inc. Limited returning Midnight, March 7th. Limit extended to April 3rd by payment $1.00. Tickets good for stop over.

For further information, call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Weekly Sailings Between
BALTIMORE, WILMINGTON, GEORGETOWN and CHARLESTON, S. C.

Sailings form Baltimore every Friday afternoon, 3 o'clock.

Lowest through rates to and from Interior, Eastern and Western points furnished upon application.

Through bills lading issued.

J. LAMBLE DOTEN, Agent.
Office and Piers, foot Grace street 'Phone 482.

Heavy and Fancy Goods at Wholesale.

SPECIALTIES:

Molasses, Syrup, Rice, Candies, Coffees, Spices, Extracts, Drugs, Teas and Nails.

Call in and See Us, or Write or Wire for Prices.

A. B. Croom, Jr. Company
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective Dec. 27, 1915. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES.	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS.
No. 30. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 31. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 81. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia, and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied, undisturbed, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 58. 11:59 P.M. Daily.
No. 64 5:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington Parlor Car, Wilmington to Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman service.	No. 49. 6:05 P.M. Daily.
No. 64. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Long Haul between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 59. 8:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:35 P.M. Daily.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 82. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. Pullman Cars between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. 12:50 P.M. Daily.
No. 78. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. and Sat only.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs., Sat. only.
No. 42. 6:45 P. M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. 9:50 A.M. Daily.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 168.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent. WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect November 15, 1915.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS

EASTBOUND: Leave Front and for Winter Park	Leave Front and for Wrightsville	Leave... Front and for Beach	WESTBOUND: Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave Beach for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:36 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	8:01 A. M.	7:50 A. M.	7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31 A. M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	10:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b1:00 P. M.	b2:06 P. M.	b1:55 P. M.	b1:45 P. M.
a1:10 P. M.	a1:10 P. M.	ae1:10 P. M.	a3:01 P. M.	a1:50 P. M.	af1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	a2:36 P. M.	a2:25 P. M.	.....
c d2:35 P.M.	.....	.....	c d3:06 P.M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	e6:40 P. M.	7:31 P. M.	7:20 P. M.	f7:15 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
1:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	.....	11:56 P.M.	11:46 P. M.	.....

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess Streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.
Leave Beach every half hour from 3:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily except Sundays.
b—Sundays only.
c—Superseded by half hour cars Sund y afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning, leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Does not go beyond Station No. 3.
f—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily Except Sunday)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 8:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 8:30 to 8:30 P. M.

THROUGH SLEEPING CARS RUNNING EVERY DAY TO ATLANTA.

Lv. Wilmington .. ..3:45 P. M.
Ar. Atlanta .. ..6:10 A.M.

Connects in Union Depot with the "Dixie Flyer," leaving 8:15 A. M. for Chicago and St. Louis, via Chattanooga and Nashville, and with the "Southland" leaving 7:15 A. M., for Cincinnati, Chicago, Cleveland, Louisville and Indianapolis, via Knoxville.

TO WASHINGTON AND NORFOLK:

Lv. Wilmington .. ..6:45 P. M.
Ar. Norfolk.. .. ..7:35 A. M.
Ar. Washington .. ..7:00 A. M.
Ar. New York .. ..1:40 P. M.

Broiler-Buffet service to Washington. Dining Cars thence to New York.

PARLOR CARS
Wilmington to Norfolk.

Lv. Wilmington .. ..7:40 A. M.
Ar. Norfolk .. ..5:10 P. M.

'PHONE 160.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
The Standard Railroad of the South.

ATLANTA, GA., —via— SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Shortest and Most Direct Route.

Leave Wilmington .. ..4:00 P. M.
Arrive Atlanta .. ..7:00 A. M.

Making connection for Birmingham, Memphis, Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago.

For further information call 'phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel.

JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY
The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective January 2nd, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—4:00 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Train for Charlotte and

WOULD DRIVE CHILDREN UNDER 16 FROM MILLS

Which Would Result in Great Suffering to Parents.

Result of Keating Child Labor Bill Described by Capt. Smythe, of South Carolina, Before Committee of Senate.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Captain Ellyson Smythe, president of the South Carolina Textile Manufacturers' Association, today told the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce, considering the House child labor bill, that passage of the measure would mean the driving from the mills of all children under 16 years. There was no way of rearranging hours, he declared, by which these children would be allowed to work eight hours, and great suffering would result to parents from the loss of their labor.

For this reason, he said, and because of an unwillingness for Federal regulation of their State affairs, the cotton manufacturers were opposing the measure.

Captain Smythe is president of several cotton mills, including one at Pelzer, S. C. The children greatly prefer the mills to schools, he said, and in the absence of a compulsory education law the company has induced the children to attend its schools by payment of a premium of ten cents per child per month for perfect attendance record.

He said in his mill there were 81 boys and 58 girls from 14 to 16 years and 69 boys and 49 girls from 12 to 14 years. They work 11 hours a day, four days a week, 10 hours one day and six hours Saturday, 60 hours a week.

The average daily wage paid the 2,000 employees of the mill was stated as $1.31. He estimated the children's average wage at $1 a day.

Lighter Than Farm Work

Scott Roberts, treasurer of the Adelaid Mills, of Anniston, Ala., testified at the afternoon session that children and women were attracted to the cotton mills because the labor there was lighter than on the farms and that the report of government investigators had so shown. He said it was not true that any appreciable percentage of children were placed in the mills "because of worthless daddies," as Representative Howard, of Georgia, had stated in the House.

He urged that in legislating children from 14 to 16 out of cotton mills, Congress would be legislating them out of their chosen life work at the very time when they could best learn the calling.

Mr. Roberts said liability insurance for cotton mill workers was lower than in any other occupation.

J. E. M. Davis, superintendent of a mill company at Newberry, S. C., said he had gone into the mills himself at 15 and had sent his boy to work there at 12, adding that he thought "one's literary education should go along with the education of doing things."

Mr. Davis added that the mills drew upon the tenant farmers for their labor supply and that the proposed legislation would make it harder for a farmer to come into town and make a livelihood for his family. He expressed doubt as to whether the mills could operate with an eight-hour day for children.

Mr. Roberts surprised members of the committee by stating that there had not only been no deaths of persons between the ages of 5 and 21 years in his factory in the last 10 years but no deaths of persons between those ages in the village in which his factory is located.

DR. RANKIN URGES HEALTH REFORM IN CAPITAL CITY

Outlines Plans and Enlists Co-operation of Chamber of Commerce.

(Special Star Telegram).

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 15.—In an address before the Raleigh chamber of commerce tonight, Dr. W. S. Rankin, secretary of the State Board of Health, suggested a general re-arrangement of health conditions in Raleigh and outlined a re-organization of the health department that he believes would put the city on a standard health basis without increasing the expense of the health department more than $3,000 from the present cost of $31,000 per year.

He insisted that Raleigh's death rate on the basis of 23,000 population is 21 to the thousand. He proposes a health board who should appoint a health officer who should in turn name the city physician.

He would provide a sanitary policeman for each city ward and an additional one for service at large with particular attention to the city's milk supply. The chamber pledged effort to attain the reforms recommended.

VESSELS IN DISTRESS AS RESULT OF TWO DAYS' GALE

Coast Guard Cutter Onondago Puts Out From Norfolk.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 15.—Following the gale of Sunday and Monday, several reports of vessels in distress were received here today and the coast guard cutter Onondago has gone to sea to render assistance, perhaps to two craft.

The barge Harry F. Hooper was so badly battered by the storm that she became waterlogged gve miles north of Diamond Shoals and was abandoned. The crew was picked up by the Clyde steamer Mohawk. The Onondaga has gone to hunt for the Hooper as she is reported a serious menace to Navigation.

The coast guard station at Hog Island, Va., today asked assistance for the schooner N. H. Burrow, which was in distress si xmiles off shore. An unknown steamer reported in distress off Poyner's, N. C., signalled that she did not need assistance.

TWO PAINFULLY INJURED

Raleigh Man and Lady Thrown From Automobile—In Hospital.

(Special Star Telegram).

Raleigh, N. C., Fam. 15.—Miss Anna Williard and Ernest Thompson were painfully injured this afternoon by being thrown from their automobile at Walnut Creek bridge, this city. They were taken to Rex Hospital for treatment. Jesse Galligher, owner, was driving the car. Neither he nor two other occupants were injured. A break in the steering gear caused the accident.

TILLMAN FIGHTING FOR ARMOR PLATE FACTORY

Would Have the Government Seize Private Mills in War.

Introduces Bill for This Purpose After Addressing Senate in Behalf of Government Owned Factory. Insolence Resented.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Senator Tillman, chairman of the Senate Naval committee, today introduced a bill which would authorize the government in time of war or threatened war to seize and operate, for such a period as might be necessary, all privately owned plants manufacturing munitions and armor plate.

Owners of such plants would be given recourse to the court of claims for reimbursement of losses incurred and the government would be required to settle annually, until possession of the factories was restored, all claims allowed by the court.

The measure was introduced after Senator Tillman had addressed the Senate urging prompt passage of his bill to provide $11,000,000 for a government armor plate factory. This bill was favorably reported by the Naval committee in face of notice from armor manufacturers that its passage would be followed by an increase of $200 a ton on plate furnished the government for warships.

"The threat of those who are making armor which was voiced by the senator from Pennsylvania, Mr. Penrose, to the committee in executive session shows the temper of these men at this time," declared Senator Tillman in his address, "and makes it vital for Congress to teach them a lesson. The best answer to the threat is the passage of the bill for a government armor factory."

Shocked by Their Insolence.

Senator Tillman declared that he "had been shocked by the insolence of the threat of the armor plate manufacturers" and asserted that the longer Congress delays in building a government plant "the more money the government will lose, and the longer we will be in getting the new ships already authorized and those to be authorized by this Congress."

"I have no doubt," continued the senator, "that the naval programme, when agreed on by the two houses, will approximate the number of ships asked for by President Wilson, and the sooner the government is free from any possible danger of a hold-up such as has been threatened, the better for it and the country, too."

The senator concluded by saying that, in spite of the technical and scientific nature of the manufacture of armor plate, there was no doubt a government plant could be built and put into operating order within two years.

MAY END CASE OF LUSITANIA TODAY

(Continued From Page One.)

sing. Officials and diplomats said tonight that if the communication as submitted tomorrow by Count von Bernstorff contained the statement that Germany recognizes liability for the sinking of the Lusitania, probably the last cause of contention had been removed that the adminstration would well proclaim having achieved recognition of all the high principles for which it has contended.

Reply Forwarded Monday.

Berlin, Feb. 15 (via London, Feb. 16) —Germany's reply to the American government's latest representations regarding the sinking of the steamer Lusitania was forwarded to Washington yesterday.

The reply accepts one of the two changes suggested by Secretary of State Lansing but proposes a new wording for the other.

"MY LAST BALL PLAYER"—MACK.

Veteran Manager Confirms Report of Sale of Baker.

Philadelphia, Feb. 15. — "I have sold my last ball player," declared Connie Mack, veteran manager of the Philadelphia American League team, here tonight, in confirming the announcement from New York that J. Franklin Baker, the home-run hitter and hero of several world's champion contests, has been sold to the New York Americans. Baker, who was here tonight, also confirmed the announcement and stated that he signed a three-year contract with the New York team here today. Neither he nor Mack would disclose the amount of the salary, nor the purchase.

PREPARING TO HOLD COUNTY COMMENCEMENTS THIS YEAR.

At Least Half a Dozen Counties Up in Kinston Section.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Feb. 15.—At least half a dozen counties of this section are preparing to hold county school commencements in April and May. Beaufort, Craven and Carteret will hold joint exercises in those months. In Newbern, Washington and Beaufort there will be thousands of children gathered for the respective programs. Lenoir county is not expected to have a joint commencement, but a rally of all the schools in October or November. Several of the counties south of here will hold exercises of all their schools combined. Noted educators will make the principal speeches at each event.

FUNERAL OF MRS. KENAN.

Attended by Large Number of Friends. Mrs. Flagler Attends.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 15.—The funeral of Mrs. Sallie Dortch Kenan, widow of the late Col. Thomas S. Kenan, was held from Christ Episcopal church this afternoon. It was attended by a great company of people, deeply grieved by the untimely end of this much loved woman. Mrs. Henry M. Flagler, niece of Mrs. Kenan, was among those here for the funeral.

Forli, Italy, via Paris, Feb. 15.—Austrian aeroplanes flew over Rimini at dawn this morning, dropping several bombs. They soon fled northwestward, however, before the fire o fthe anti-aircraft batteries. The material damage was slight. Two civilians were wounded.

Washington, Feb. 15.—George T. Marye, American ambassador to Russia, is understood to be in poor health as a result of hard work and probably will retire. His secretary, Ray Baker, saw Secretary Lansing today.

AUSTRIAN AIR ATTACKS UPON MILAN AND SCHIO

Described by Austro- Hungarian Army Headquarters.

Railroad Station and Factories of Milan Bombarded—Factory in Schio Successfully Bombarded, Says the Report.

Berlin, Feb. 15.—(By wireless to Sayville)—The recent Austrian air attacks upon Milan and Schio are described in today's statement by Austro-Hungarian army headquarters, issued in Vienna and received here. The statement says:

"Italian artillery shelled Austro-Hungarian positions on both sides of Sisera and the Seedach valley. In addition, at midnight, they started a fire against the front between the Fella valley and Vlesch mountain.

"The Italians repeated their attacks against our new position in the Rombon district near Flitcah, being repulsed with heavy losses.

"Eleven Austro-Hungarian aeroplanes bombarded the railroad station and factories of Milan. Thick clouds of smoke were observed. Unhindered by artillery fire and the enemy's aeroplanes, Austro-Hungarian observers directed the bombing. In air combats, the Austro-Hungarians kept the upper hand.

"Several aeroplanes bombarded with visible success a factory in Schio. All the aeroplanes returned safely."

Report is Denied.

Denial was made today by the Overseas News Agency of the recently published report that a German man-of-war had been sunk in the Cattegat.

BOARD OF HEALTH TO CONSIDER MEAT MATTER

(Continued From Page Five)

hauling the two motorcycles which have been in use nearly two years. This expense amounted to $92. There has also been an increase in the price of gasoline and greases. There has been a great deal of difficulty in doing the rural work through being unable to reach many parts of the county on a motorcycle, the rural officers losing a great deal of time through being compelled to walk long distances in order to make inspections. After thorough deliberation the board purchased a horse and buggy which the city had for sale and the upkeep of this animal and conveyance has added to this item of the budget from $18 to $20 each month since November 1. The overdraft in this item so far is $149.

"In the item of contingent fund we endeavored in making the estimates to secure a saving of $300, cutting last year's estimate of $600 to $300 in this year's estimate. The purchase price of the horse and buggy was charged to this account, this expenditure not being anticipated when the estimates were made. The expenses of the attendance by the Health Officer at the meeting of the American Public Health Association in Rochester which were $98.50, were charged to this item of the budget also. The expense of auditing the accounts twice during the present fiscal year was $62, and in addition to this the purchase of a second-hand typewriter at $25 was authorized last July. These items have produced an overdraft in this part of the budget to date of $290.

"These expenditures coming in the first eight months of the year are stated without reference to the possible savings that may be made in some items of the budget during the remainder of the year and without reference to savings that have been made in other items of the budget during the past eight months. The actual overdraft for the first eight months of the year is $613.45. Of this amount $178.24 is overdrawn in the item of maintenance of incinerator on account of the purchase of a large amount of fuel during July, August and September. This deficit will be nearly made up in all probability during the remainder of the year as there will be no more fuel to purchase. We have on hand a sufficient supply for the remainder of this year. There are further savings possible in the item of disinfectants and uniforms. We cannot make an absolutely accurate estimate at this time of the overdraft which will appear at the end of the fiscal year. I would suggest that the Board of Health make provision through an arrangement with the city and county to obtain sufficient funds as needed to meet the possible deficiencies in the bank balance.

"During the past four years we have been making a steady effort to eliminate the shallow surface pumps in the city. The present excellent condition of the city water and its general distribution throughout the city will enable the Board of Health to take radical steps by regulation or resolution to prohibit the existence of these dangerous sources of water supply within the city limits. Water from these pumps undoubtedly produces much disease through intestinal infection and through its unwholesomeness. The typhoid incidence last year was closely identified with these pumps. I would recommend a serious consideration of this matter by the board.

"Since the board authorized the expenditure of $50 for the purchase of borax to be used in anti-fly work, I have found that in common with all other chemicals the price of borax has increased very materially. So much so that it is doubtful if the expenditure of this sum will produce a result that can be noticed.

"I would recommend that the board seriously consider requiring inspection under the Federal regulations of all meats sold in the local markets. It is impossible with our inspection force to enforce the regulations that now exist, and the necessity for inspection of meat animals while living and immediately before slaughter is very grave. The enforcement of the Federal regulations will be of ultimate great benefit to the producers of meat, it will greatly improve the quality of the meat animals raised in this section, and it will protect the citizens of the county from the possibility of eating diseased meat and meat infected in insanitary slaughtering and handling. The enforcement of this regulation will also make possible much needed reforms in our market conditions and will be of great service to the City Council in adjusting its difficulties in the enforcement of its license ordinances."

Dr. Thames' Report.

All county institutions are kept as sanitary as circumstances will permit, Dr. John Thames, assistant county health officer, reported. No cases of acute disease have occurred among either the inmates or prisoners but we have had an unusual number of chronic cases, he states. There have also been a number of injuries from accidents, all of which were treated in the stockade. He finds that the general sanitary conditions of the rural schools have improved and expresses gratification that the children are manifesting so much interest in carrying out the regulations governing school sanitation.

Mr. George F. Catlett, director of the laboratory, reported that the filtration plant was operated during January with the production of a much improved water at a considerable reduction in cost over the former method of treatment. High turbidity and fairly high color made it difficult to treat. An additional basin is much needed, he states. New filter gauges are being installed.

The cost for treatment of the water at last year's rate would have been $733.67 and at this year's rate $399.62, making a difference of $334.04. It really cost $91.07 in addition to this last year, Mr. Catlett states, as there was an additional water consumption with even less service.

Miss Pinner, the public health nurse, visited 113 homes and 59 schools. There were 289 children excluded from school on account of illness and 274 referred to the health officer and 15 to physicians. Eleven infants are under care.

Mr. E. Piner, chief of the sanitary police, reported that 13,925 inspections were made, 1,748 closets condemned and ordered cleaned, the number as reported cleaned by Mr. Holton being 1,857, and 50 complaints received.

Mr. Otto Genaust, plumbing inspector, reported 81 fixtures installed, 71 houses connected to sewer, 60 laterals laid, 49 permits granted, 54 inspections made and no condemnations.

Mr. H. R. Aiken, food inspector, reported that 94 food and soft drink establisiments were graded and in addition 227 inspections of places, where food and soft drinks are sold were inspected. Several condemnations were made during the month including one lot of dressed poultry, several quarters of cold storage meats and one keg of salt fish.

Milk Scores for Month.

The report for January of Dr. T. B. Carroll, city meat and milk inspector, is as follows:

"I made 33 inspections of dairies and dairy farms. The sanitary conditions, health of cattle and attendants were good. The bacterial counts and butter fat tests of our milk supply are as follows:

	Pct. Fat	Bacteria Per cc
A. O. McEachern (Echo)	3.7	2,000
A. Ahrens	4.0	8,000
L. L. Newell	4.1	9,000
Darden & Merritt	4.2	12,000
D. F. Klein Sons	3.9	13,000
O. Martindale	3.9	14,000
P. Wildeboer	3.9	20,000
C. Rogers	4.0	25,000
Cape Fear Dairy	4.2	30,000
W. A. Spencer	3.9	40,000
Mrs. M. Newkirk	4.1	45,000
W. M. Collins	3.9	45,000
T. D. Piner (one sample)	4.3	50,000
Holland Dairy	3.9	60,000
Barlow Bros.	3.9	78,000
Frost Ice Cream Co.	4.4	105,000
H. L. Kidd	4.3	115,000
H. C. Blake	3.9	210,000
E. C. Craft	4.4	260,000
H. A. Decover	4.1	310,000
A. G. Warren	4.6	550,000
J. A. Orrell	4.1	700,000
E. Kerr	4.0	1,500,000

"I made 1,417 post examinations of fresh slaughtered meats as follows: 103 cattle; 44 calves; 1,252 hogs; 15 sheep; 2 goats, and one deer, with the following condemnations: 8 cattle, 6 calves, 15 hogs and 12 sheep."

UNIVERSITY SENT UP 16 MEN AND JUST 16 PASSED.

Only Three Certified Students Have Failed in Seven Years.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Chapel Hill, N. C., Feb. 15.—Only three students bearing certificates from the University Law School have failed to pass the Supreme Court examination since February, 1909. Only one has failed since the August examination of that year. That is to say, out of approximately 280 students, bearing certificates from the dean of the University law school, who have taken the 13 examinations given by the Supreme Court beginning February, 1910, only one man has failed to get his license.

The certificate required by the Supreme Court and referred to above is a bare statement by the dean of the Law School that the applicant has read law under his instruction for two years, and upon examination by said instructor has been found competent and proficient in said course.

Sixteen University students bearing such certificates took the examination given by Justice W. A. Hoke on February 7; and 16 passed. Out of the 69 applicants for licenses, the prize offered by Chief Justice Walter Clark for the best examination paper was won by a University student, Ernest G. Mick, of Whiteville, N. C. Mr. Mick's closest competitor was also a student from the University, Richard H. Shuford, of Hickory N. C. Mr. Shuford won the prize offered annually by Judge Clark to the University student adjudged by Dean L. P. McGehee as being best prepared to take the Supreme Court examination.

COLUMBUS REPUBLICANS MEET NAME CONVENTION DELEGATES

I. B. Tucker, Probable Candidate for Congress, Makes an Address.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Whiteville, N. C., Feb. 15.—At a convention of both wings of the Republican party held in the court house here yesterday, 12 delegates were elected and empowered to name alternates to the State convention to meet in Raleigh March 1st. Power was also voted the executive committee of the party in this county to appoint delegates to the senatorial, judicial and congressional conventions, the former probably to meet at Clarkton and the two latter at Wrightsville Beach. Neither has been officially called.

The outstanding feature of the convention was the address made by Chairman Irvin B. Tucker, declaring the prospects were never brighter for a great reconciliation of the party and a victory at the November elections. He proclaimed the new State-wide primary law a decided advantage for the Republican party because it would eliminate "bossism" at the polls and create a new era where every man might vote according to his own dictates. He also declared that the primary motive in the conventions of the Republicans and Bull Moosers being called to meet in Chicago on the same day was to effect a "get-together" spirit among the divisions and that the party would be more united than ever following the choice of presidential candidates for the November elections.

He criticised freely the Democratic adminstration, from White House to township constable, but from an analysis of his remarks it is taken that the principal fight of the Republicans in this section of the State will be made for congressional honors in the Sixth district. It has been frequently rumored that Mr. Tucker would be a candidate of his party for Sixth district representative, and, while no definite announcement has come from him to this effect, it is considered here highly probable that he will be in the race. Mr. Tucker is a strong leader of the Republican party and was supervisor of census for this district in 1910.

CALOMEL WHEN BILIOUS? NO! STOP! MAKES YOU SICK AND SALIVATES

"Dodson's Liver Tone" Is Harmless To Clean Your Sluggish Liver and Bowels.

Ugh! Calomel makes you sick. It's horrible! Take a dose of the dangerous drug tonight and tomorrow you may lose a day's work.

Calomel is mercury or quicksilver which causes necrosis of the bones. Calomel, when it comes into contact with sour bile crashes into it, breaking it up. This is when you feel that awful nausea and cramping. If you are sluggish and "all knocked out," if your liver is torpid and bowels constipated or you have headache, dizziness, coated tongue, if breath is bad or stomach sour, just try a spoonful of harmless Dodson's Liver Tone tonight on my guarantee.

Here's my guarantee—Go to any drug store and get a 50 cent bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone. Take a spoonful and if it doesn't straighten you right up and make you feel fine and vigorous I want you to go back to the store and get your money. Dodson's Liver Tone is destroying the sale of calomel because it is real liver medicine; entirely vegetable, therefore it can not salivate or make you sick.

I guarantee that one spoonful of Dodson's Liver Tone will put your sluggish liver to work and clean your bowels of that sour bile and constipated waste which is clogging your system and making you feel miserable. I guarantee that a bottle of Dodson's Liver Tone will keep your entire family feeling fine for months. Give it to your children. It is harmless; doesn't gripe and they like its pleasant taste.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE AMENDMENT LAID ASIDE UNTIL DECEMBER.

Effort to Treat Prohibition Amendment Likewise is Defeated.

Washington, Feb. 15.—With the support of suffrage sympathizers who thought the time inopportune for a vote in the House on the pending suffrage constitutional amendment, a motion to postpone a report on the measure until the next session of Congress was adopted 9 to 7 today by the Judiciary committee. At the same time the committee rejected on a tie vote a similar motion to postpone until next session a report on the prohibition amendment.

Suffragists immediately launched a fight for re-consideration of the action. At least three if not four members favorable to their cause were absent when the vote was taken, they said.

The suffrage vote came after a heated conflict between various factions that have been supporting the proposals.

At the outset of the meeting today Representative Gard, of Ohio, offered a resolution to postpone indefinitely consideration of both the suffrage and prohibition proposals. After much wrangling the two propositions finally were divided.

BRITISH GOVERNMENT PLACES RESTRICTIONS UPON IMPORTS

Only Under Board of Trade License Can Certain Articles be Imported.

London, Feb. 15.—A royal proclamation has been issued prohibiting the import after March 1, except under Board of Trade license, of the following:

"All materials for the manufacture of paper, including esparto grass and linen and cotton rags, paper and cardboard, including strawboard, pasteboard, mill board and wood pulp board; and manufactures of paper and cardboard; all periodical publications, exceeding 16 pages in length imported otherwise than in single copies through the post; tobacco, unmanufactured and manufactured, including cigars and cigarettes; furniture wood, hard woods, veneers, stones and slates."

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the reader, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

FOR SALE — $8,000.00 STOCK, general merchandise, old established trade. Will lease store. In new, hustling town, nine years old. Stock bought 20 per cent. under present prices. Address "Merchandise," Box 555; Zebulon, N. C. fe16-6t*

CALL NO. 72 — BATSON'S MEAT MARKET, No. 72. Very best of beef, veal, pork and lamb; country eggs. Very best pork sausage. Oysters, fresh in every day. Nice snap beans, cucumbers, tomatoes, lettuce, and spinach. 'Phone No. 72. Batson's Meat Market, 115 Market street. fe16-tf



Safe Deposit Boxes For Rent

You will find a Safe Deposit Box in our modern Steel-Lined Vault of the Greatest Convenience.

The Rent is Nominal, in Proportion to the Security Afforded.

American Bank & Trust Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

The Bank at Front and Market Streets

Prepare For Prosperity

Have your office quarters suitably arranged, properly located and efficiently systematized to handle your share of the increase in business, which is predicted to reach us in 1916 by America's greatest men.

The new Murchison Building is the hub around which Wilmington's commerce revolves. It is the best locality in which to locate. There is no excuse for not having a modern office, in a model office building, with really good janitor service, heat, light, etc., when you can get all these for forty cents a day and up. Locate in the Murchison, Wilmington's Busy Building. See Manager of Building, in room No. 501.

RUB RHEUMATIC, ACHING JOINTS AND STOP PAIN

Instant Relief With Small Trial Bottle of Old, Penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil."

Rheumatism is "pain" only.

Not one case in fifty requires internal treatment. Stop drugging! Rub soothing, penetrating "St. Jacob's Oil" right into your sore, stiff, aching joints, and relief comes instantly. "St Jacob's Oil" is a harmless rheumatism liniment which never disappoints and can not burn the skin.

Limber up! Quit complaining! Get a small trial bottle of old, honest "St. Jacob's Oil" at any drug store, and in just a moment you'll be free from rheumatic pain, soreness and stiffness. Don't suffer! Relief awaits you. "St. Jacob's Oil" is just as good for sciatica, neuralgia, lumbago, backache, sprains.

KODAK



It's the little, intimate, everyday home scenes that make up the home story we would like to keep.

The Kodak will Keep Just that Picture Story for You, and the Taking is Fun.

We carry only the Best, the Genuine Eastman Goods. There's nothing "just as good."

C. W. Yates Co.

COTTON

WE ARE PREPARED TO CONTRACT FOR FALL DELIVERY — COTTON — WITH RESPONSIBLE PARTIES, AT GOOD PRICES.

W. B. Cooper & Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOR SALE — 5 PASSENGER HUPMOBILE, in first class condition. Apply 206 Murchison National Bank Bldg. fe16-4t

HOME ISN'T A PLACE FOR WHICH you pay rent. Home means: "I own it and every improvement I make is mine for keeps." We have a new home, a new house in a beautiful location at Winoca Terrace, for sale at a low price and easy terms. Of course you want a home. Then see us. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. fe16-1t

WANTED — A REAL EXPERIENCED grocery clerk for work Saturdays only. Steady every Saturday. Wilmington man. Good references. A. Renik, corner 5th and Nixon sts. Telephone 827. fe16-1t

ONE GENTLE DRIVING HORSE FOR sale. Not afraid of anything. Apply 212 Orange street, City. fe16-1t

NEW WAY MARKET — SPECIAL EX-tra nice Grape fruit, 5 cents; pineapple, oranges, something different. Green beans, oyster plant, egg plants, Heintz' sour kraut. Franks, brussels sprouts, pork chops, fish roe, oysters, dressed chickens. 'Phones 816 and 817. New Way Market. fe16-1t

FRESH COUNTRY EGGS, 5 DOZEN $1. Fish roe, 75 cents and $1.00 dozen; mackerel, 10 cents; prunes, 3 lbs., 25 cents; 3 packages macaroni, 25 cents. 'Phone 853. C. H. Bornemann. fe16-1t*

BOYS' BRIGADE LYCEUM COURSE — Dunbar Male Quartet and Bell Ringers, Thursday, February 17th. Seats at Munson's Thursday 8 A. M. till 6 P. M. Single admission, 75 cents. fe16-2t

AUTOMOBILE RADIATORS, MUF-flers and fenders repaired; guaranteed to please as to workmanship and prices. Refrigerators and ice boxes relined. Tin and slate roofing repaired. Roof painting at reduced prices for the next thirty days. Call 'phone 431 and save money. All work guaranteed. W. B. Klander, 22 South 2nd street. fe13-tf

A FULL LINE OF SHADE TREES, roses and shrubs. Buy home grown fruit trees at The Holland Nurseries, Castle Haynes, N. C. 'Phone 5611. oc17-w,su-tf

DAFFODILS — TUESDAYS AND FRI-days, 3 dozen for 50 cents. Order ahead. 'Phone 1897-J. fe13-su,w-tf

EGGS FOR SALE—THOROUGHBRED Buff Orpington eggs for setting. Prize winners at Corn and Poultry Show—$1.50 per sitting of 15 eggs. Fertility guaranteed. H. L. Smith, Jr., Burgaw, N. C. Feb 13-Sun-We-Su-3t.

MULTIGRAPH FAC SIMILE TYPE-written letters, just like typewriting. Finest advertising in the world. Goes right to the spot. Harriss' Typewriting and Adv. Co. Direct mail advertising. ja19-w,f,sa,m-tf

FOR SALE — ONE HEAVY MULE, suitable for farm work or logging. Can be seen at Independent Ice Co., 7th and Brunswick Sts. fe16-3t

MIGHTY COMFORTABLE IS THE steam heat, artesian water and good service generally of the Carolina Apartment House. We have an apartment for fifteen dollars; one for twenty-five. Apply to J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. fe16-1t

NOTICE — NEW SAUER KRAUT, fresh Northern frankfurters, honey in the comb, 15 cents block; nice mullet roe; Eagle milk, 15 cents; Lord Calvert coffee, 30 cents. Tall can whole asparagus, 25 cents. May Bros. 24 North Front street. 'Phone 1322. fe12-tf

FOR RENT — THIRD FLOOR, OVER Woodall and Shepard's. Apply Woodall and Shepard's. ja11-tf

PHONE YOUR ORDERS FOR MAGA-zines and newspapers to 745. Gordon Bros. 17 Princess St. fe 14-tf

NEW SERIES OPENS MARCH 4, 1916, at 210 Princess street, Brooklyn Building and Loan Association. G. H. Heyer, President; Herbert McClammy, Attorney; Geo. B. Applewhite, Secretary and Treasurer. We want you as a stockholder. fe6-tf

FOR RENT — 103 SOUTH EIGHTH street; seven rooms, all latest improvements. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. de14-tf

ART PRINTING — WE ARE NOW ready to do your job printing in the best way. All new type, equipment and facilities. Satisfaction guaranteed. Harriss Typewriting and Advertising Co. Quality Printing. ja18-tf

WANTED — YOUNG MAN OR BOY with some experience in grocery store. State age. Address "Work," care Star. fe15-6t*

JUST BOUGHT, A BANKRUPT STOCK of solid gold jewelry, such as cameos, brooches, lavallieres, watch bracelets and diamonds. Can save you from forty to fifty per cent. on same at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop; No. 6 South Front street; 'Phone 642. ja11-tf

UKULELES! UKULELES! A LARGE supply of these favorite Hawaiian instruments just received. Also Ukulele methods and strings. Yopp and Woody Music Co., 217 North Front street; 'Phone 313. fe13-tf

PIANO BARGAINS — DURING THE week of February 14th we will offer all pianos at a big reduction. Liberal terms. Many styles and makes to select from. Yopp & Woody Music Co., No. 217 North Front street; 'Phone 313. fe13-tf

FOR RENT — LARGE, BRIGHT, WELL furnished room, with modern conveniences, two blocks of Post Office. 316 North Second. 'Phone 773. ja28-tf

LADIES OR GENTLEMEN — SUITS cleaned and pressed, $1.00; pressed, 25 cents. T. C. Dickinson, 416 North Fifth street; 'Phone 218. fe13-tf